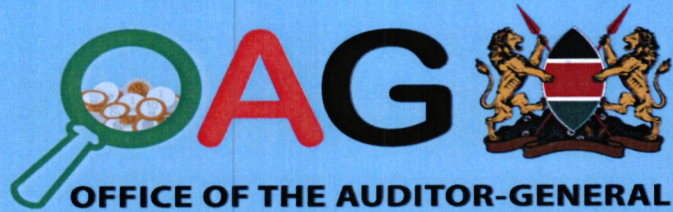


REPUBLIC OF KENYA



Enhancing Accountability

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REPORT

OF

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

TANA RIVER COUNTY INUKA FUND

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE, 2021**

OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL
NORTH EASTERN REGIONAL OFFICE
01 MAR 2023
RECEIVED
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TANA RIVER COUNTY INUKA FUND

**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2021**

**Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public
Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)**

(Black Page)

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

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Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

1. Key Entity Information and Management

a) Background information

Tana River County Inuka Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Tana River County Inuka Fund Act, 2016 on 4th July, 2016. The Fund is wholly owned by the County Government of Tana River and is domiciled in Kenya.

The fund's objective is to provide affordable and competitive credit to individuals operating micro small and medium enterprises, cooperatives and groups involved in small scale production.

The Fund's principal activity is to be a wholesale lender to individuals, groups and cooperatives including youth, women and people living with disabilities to empower in creation of employment and provide alternative source of funding.

Guiding principles of the fund are:

- i) Public participation and financial inclusiveness
- ii) Donor linkages and participation
- iii) Protection of the interest of the marginalized, persons with disability, women, and youths; and local ownership and sustainability.

b) Principal Activities

Vision of the Fund: To provide affordable and accessible credit to the business community of Tana River County.

Mission of the Fund: To create a community that is self- reliant by accessing sustainable and affordable business financing.

Geographical limitations of the Fund: The fund will be offered to only the residences of Tana River County who are engaged in business.

The principal activity of the Fund is to:

- (i) Provide affordable and competitive credit to the successful applicants.
- (ii) Provide opportunity to small scale entrepreneurs to gain commercial experience to enable them to play their part in industrial and commercial development of the county.
- (iii) Provide enterprise development services.
- (iv) Enhance the small and medium enterprises' competitiveness as they graduate into bigger vibrant enterprises.
- (v) Perform any other lawful function for the purposes of promoting enterprise and entrepreneurship development in the county.

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

c) Board of Trustees/Fund Administration Committee

Ref	Name	Position
1	Hero Said Bwanamaka	Chief Officer Trade
2	Yahya Ali Borrow	CEC Trade and Tourism
3	Awadh Barissa Shehe	Fund Administrator

d) Key Management

Ref	Name	Position
1	Awadh Barissa Shehe	Fund Administrator
2	Hero Said Bwanamaka	Chief Officer Trade
3	Elisha Buya	County Director Trade
4	Cornelius Wamukoya	Accountant

e) Registered Offices

P.O. Box 29 -70101
Trade House
Council Road
Hola, Kenya.

f) Fund Contacts

Telephone: (254) 728868143
E-mail: info@tanariver.go.ke
Website: www.tanariver.go.ke

g) Fund Bankers

1. Central Bank of Kenya
Haile Selassie Avenue
P.O. Box 60000
City Square 00200
Nairobi, Kenya
2. Kenya Commercial Bank
Hola Branch
P. O. Box 100 – 70101
Hola, Kenya.

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

h) Independent Auditors



Auditor General
Office of the Auditor General
Anniversary Towers, University Way
P.O. Box 30084
GOP 00100
Nairobi, Kenya

i) Principal Legal Adviser

The Attorney General
State Law Office
Harambee Avenue
P.O. Box 40112
City Square 00200
Nairobi, Kenya



Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

2. The Inuka Fund Board

Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. Awadh Barissa Shehe</p> 	<p>Awadh Barissa Shehe is the Fund Administrator of the Tana River County Inuka Fund. Awadh was born and raised Tana River County. He joined the fund from Tana River County Treasury where he worked as an Accountant.</p> <p>Awadh is a holder of Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from Kenyatta University.</p>
<p>2. Yahya Ali Borrow</p> 	<p>Yahya Ali Borrow is the Substantive CEC Trade and Tourism Development during this period where there was no Board in place.</p> <p>Prior to joining the County, he has served in different organisation's including serving as Board member.</p>

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

3. Management Team

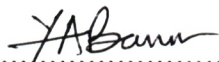
Name	Details of qualifications and experience
<p>1. Awadh Barissa Shehe</p> 	<p>Awadh Barissa Shehe is the Fund Administrator of the Tana River County Inuka Fund. Awadh was born and raised Tana River County. He joined the fund from Tana River County Treasury where he worked as an Accountant.</p> <p>Awadh is a holder of Bachelor of Commerce (Accounting) from Kenyatta University.</p>
<p>2. Cornelius Ongweko Wamukoya</p> 	<p>CPA Cornelius Wamukoya acted as an Accountant of the fund for this period.</p> <p>Wamukoya is a holder of bachelor's degree in Business Administration (Accounting) from Maseno University and also Certified Public Accountant.</p> <p>He has a wide experience in Accountancy from defunct local authority (Tana River County Council) and current the Principal Accountant in the Tana River County Treasury.</p>

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

4. Fund Chairperson's Report

During this financial period, the board is not in place but in the process of forming it. In the bank account of Tana River County Main Account, there is an initial amount of Kes. 51,546,392.

All the activities of the funds have not started awaiting the formation of the Board and the Sub County Management Committees as required by the Tana River County Inuka Fund (Amendment) Act 2020.



.....

Name: Yahya Ali

CEC Member – Trade and Tourism Development

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

5. Report of The Fund Administrator

All the activities of the funds have not started awaiting the formation of the Board and the Sub County Management Committees as required by the Tana River County Inuka Fund (Amendment) Act 2020.

During this financial period, the board is not in place but in the process of forming it. In the bank account of Tana River County Main Account, there is an initial amount of Kes. 51,546,392. The expenditure of Kes. 11,016 is comprised of bank charges from cheques books that have been ordered.

We therefore look forward to begin the activities immediately the required fund structures are in place.



.....
Name: Awadh Barissa Shehe

Tana River County Inuka Fund Administrator

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

6. Statement of Performance Against the County Fund's Predetermined Objectives

Introduction

Section 164 (2) (f) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting officer when preparing financial statements of each County Government Entity Government entities in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the county government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

During the financial year, the Tana River County Inuka Fund is not yet formed. Therefore, there were no activities in place.

7. Corporate Governance Statement

During the financial year, the Tana River County Inuka Fund is not yet formed. Therefore, there were no activities in place.

8. Management Discussion and Analysis

During the financial year, the Tana River County Inuka Fund is not yet formed. Therefore, there were no activities in place.

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

9. Report of The Trustees

The Trustees submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 which show the state of the Fund affairs.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Fund is to:

- (i) Provide affordable and competitive credit to the successful applicants.
- (ii) Provide opportunity to small scale entrepreneurs to gain commercial experience to enable them to play their part in industrial and commercial development of the county.
- (iii) Provide enterprise development services.
- (iv) Enhance the small and medium enterprises' competitiveness as they graduate into bigger vibrant enterprises.
- (vi) Perform any other lawful function for the purposes of promoting enterprise and entrepreneurship development in the county.

Results

There are no activities that have started during the period.

Trustees

There is no board in place during the period.

Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Fund in accordance with Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015.

By Order of the Board



.....
CEC Member – Trade and Tourism Development

Date: 24th February, 2023

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

10. Statement of Management's Responsibilities

Section 167 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Administrator of a County Public Fund established by Tana River County Inuka Fund Act, 2016 shall prepare financial statements for the Fund in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Fund's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund for and as at the end of the financial year ended on June 30, 2021. This responsibility includes: (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period; (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Fund; (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud; (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Fund; (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and (vi) making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Administrator of the County Public Fund accepts responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act, 2012 and Tana River County Inuka Fund Act, 2016. The Administrator of the Fund is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2021, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date. The Administrator further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

In preparing the financial statements, the Administrator of the County Public Fund has assessed the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosed, as applicable, matters relating to the use of going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. Nothing has come to the attention of the Administrator to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the financial statements

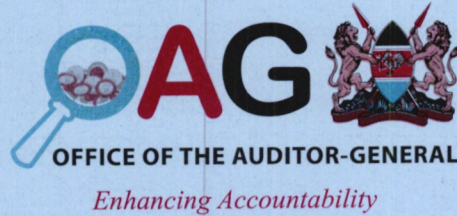
The Fund's financial statements were approved by the Board on 22ND FEB. 2023 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Administrator of the Tana River County Inuka Fund

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000
E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke
Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS
Anniversary Towers
Monrovia Street
P.O. Box 30084-00100
NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON TANA RIVER COUNTY INUKA FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tana River County Inuka Fund set out on pages 1 to 20, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2021, and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net

assets, statement of cash flows and the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tana River County Inuka Fund as at 30 June, 2021 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Tana River Inuka Fund (Amendment) Act, 2020 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Presentation and Disclosure in the Financial Statements

The passport size photograph for one of the members listed as a member of the Fund Administration Committee and Management team was not attached in the relevant sections of the financial statements. In addition, the financial statements did not include the Statement of Performance against the Fund's Predetermined Objectives, Corporate Governance Statement and the Statement on Management Discussion and Analysis.

In the circumstances, the financial statements were not compliant with the format prescribed in the Annual Financial Reporting Template for County Public Funds (Revised June, 2020) issued by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Tana River County Inuka Fund Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness

and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1. Late Submission of the Financial Statements

The financial statements for the Fund for the year ended 30 June, 2021 were submitted to the Auditor-General on 26 November, 2022. This was approximately fourteen (14) months after the end of the financial year contrary to Section 164(4)(a) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 which provides that within three months after the end of each financial year, the Accounting Officer for an entity shall submit the entity's financial statements to the Auditor-General.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the Law.

2. Failure to Utilize Appropriated Funds

The statement of financial position reflects cash and cash equivalents balance of Kshs.51,546,392 and Kshs.51,535,376 as at 01 July, 2020 and 30 June, 2021 respectively. The Fund had not utilized funds appropriated since inception. Management did not provide justification why funds were lying idle in the bank account.

In the circumstances, the effectiveness of the Fund in utilizing the resources allocated could not be confirmed.

3. Failure to Constitute an Oversight Board

Section 5(2) of the Tana River County Inuka Fund (Amendment) Act, 2020 provides for establishment of Inuka Fund Oversight Board comprising of six members. The Fund did not however establish the Oversight Board as required by law.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk Management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Fund or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

The Fund Administration Committee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk Management and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could

reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the Fund's policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Fund to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to sustain its services.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.


CPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS
AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

08 May, 2023

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

12. Statement of Financial Performance for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

	Note	2020-2021	2019-2020
		Kshs	Kshs
Revenue From Non-Exchange Transactions			
Public Contributions and Donations	1	-	-
Transfers From the County Government	2	-	51,546,392
Total Revenue		-	51,546,392
Expenses			
Use of goods and services	3	11,016	-
Total Expenses		11,016	-
Surplus/(Deficit) For The Period		(11,016)	51,546,392

(The notes set out on pages 17 to 20 form an integral part of these Financial Statements)



.....
Name: Awadh Barissa Shehe
Administrator of the Fund



.....
Name: Cornelius O. Wamukoya
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 28087

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

13. Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June 2021

	Note	2020-2021	2019-2020
		Kshs	Kshs
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	51,535,376	51,546,392
		51,535,376	51,546,392
Non-Current Assets			
Total Assets		51,535,376	51,546,392
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities		-	-
Non-Current Liabilities		-	-
Total Liabilities		-	-
Net Assets		-	-
Revolving Fund		51,535,376	51,546,392
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		51,535,376	51,546,392

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The T financial statements were approved on 22nd FEB. 2023 and signed by:



.....
Name: Awadh Barissa Shehe
Administrator of the Fund



.....
Name: Cornelius O. Wamukoya
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 28087

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

14. Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30th June 2021

	Revolving Fund	Revaluation Reserve	Accumulated surplus	Total
		Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Balance As At 1 July 2019	51,546,392	-	-	51,546,392
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	-	-	-	-
Funds Received During the Year	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Gain	-	-	-	-
Balance As At 30 June 2020	51,546,392	-	-	51,546,392
Balance As At 1 July 2020	51,546,392	-	-	51,546,392
Surplus/(Deficit) For the Period	(11,016)	-	-	(11,016)
Funds Received During the Year	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Gain	-	-	-	-
Balance As At 30 June 2021	51,535,376	-	-	51,535,376



.....
Name: Awadh Barissa Shehe
Administrator of the Fund



.....
Name: Cornelius O. Wamukoya
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 28087

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

15. Statement of Cash Flows for The Year Ended 30th June 2021

	Note	2020-2021	2019-2020
		Kshs	Kshs
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts			
Public Contributions and Donations	1	-	-
Transfers from the County Government	2	-	51,546,392
Total receipts		-	51,546,392
Payments			
Use of Goods and Services	3	(11,016)	-
Net cash flows from operating activities		(11,016)	51,546,392
Cash flows from investing activities			
Net cash flows used in investing activities		-	-
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net cash flows used in financing activities		-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash Equivalents		(11,016)	51,546,392
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July 2021	4	51,546,392	-
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2022	4	51,535,376	51,546,392



.....
Name: Awadh Barissa Shehe
Administrator of the Fund



.....
Name: Cornelius O. Wamukoya
Fund Accountant
ICPAK Member Number: 28087

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

16. Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts for The Period

	Original budget	Adjustments	Final budget	Actual on comparable basis	Performance difference	% Utilisation
	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
Revenue						
Public Contributions And Donations	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Transfers From County Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Interest Income	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Other Income	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Total Income	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Expenses						
Employee Costs	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Use of Goods and Services	-	-	-	11,016	-	0%
Finance Costs	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Total Expenditure	-	-	-	11,016	-	0%
Surplus For The Period	-	-	-	11,016	-	-

Tana River County Inuka Fund
Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2021

17. Notes to the Financial Statements

1. General Information

Tana River County Inuka Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from Tana River County Inuka Fund Act. The Tana River County Inuka Fund is wholly owned by the Tana River County Government and is domiciled in Kenya. The Tana River County Inuka Fund's principal activity is to provide affordable loans to the youth and women and People living with Disability.

2. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The Fund's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The financial statements are presented in Kenya shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the Fund. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, unless stated otherwise. The cash flow statement is prepared using the direct method. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis.

3. Adoption of new and revised standards

(i) Relevant new standards and amendments to published standards effective for the year ended 30 June 2022

IPSASB deferred the application date of standards from 1st January 2022 owing to COVID 19. This was done to provide entities with time to effectively apply the standards. The deferral was set for 1st January 2023.

(ii) New and amended standards and interpretations in issue but not yet effective in the year ended 30 June 2022

Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 41: Financial Instruments	Applicable: 1st January 2023: The objective of IPSAS 41 is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an Entity's future cash flows.

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Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<p>IPSAS 41 provides users of financial statements with more useful information than IPSAS 29, by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applying a single classification and measurement model for financial assets that considers the characteristics of the asset’s cash flows and the objective for which the asset is held; • Applying a single forward-looking expected credit loss model that is applicable to all financial instruments subject to impairment testing; and • Applying an improved hedge accounting model that broadens the hedging arrangements in scope of the guidance. The model develops a strong link between an Entity’s risk management strategies and the accounting treatment for instruments held as part of the risk management strategy.
<p>IPSAS 42: Social Benefits</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2023</p> <p>The objective of this Standard is to improve the relevance, faithful representativeness and comparability of the information that a reporting Entity provides in its financial statements about social benefits. The information provided should help users of the financial statements and general-purpose financial reports assess:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The nature of such social benefits provided by the Entity; (b) The key features of the operation of those social benefit schemes; and (c) The impact of such social benefits provided on the Entity’s financial performance, financial position and cash flows.
<p>Amendments to Other IPSAS resulting from IPSAS 41, Financial Instruments</p>	<p>Applicable: 1st January 2023:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Amendments to IPSAS 5, to update the guidance related to the components of borrowing costs which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.

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Standard	Effective date and impact:
	<p>b) Amendments to IPSAS 30, regarding illustrative examples on hedging and credit risk which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>c) Amendments to IPSAS 30, to update the guidance for accounting for financial guarantee contracts which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p> <p>Amendments to IPSAS 33, to update the guidance on classifying financial instruments on initial adoption of accrual basis IPSAS which were inadvertently omitted when IPSAS 41 was issued.</p>
Other improvements to IPSAS	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2023</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>IPSAS 22 Disclosure of Financial Information about the General Government Sector.</i> <p>Amendments to refer to the latest System of National Accounts (SNA 2008).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>IPSAS 39: Employee Benefits</i> <p>Now deletes the term composite social security benefits as it is no longer defined in IPSAS.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IPSAS 29: Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement <p>Standard no longer included in the 2021 IPSAS handbook as it is now superseded by IPSAS 41 which is applicable from 1st January 2023.</p>
IPSAS 43	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2025</i></p> <p>The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. The objective is to ensure that lessees and lessors provide relevant information in a manner that faithfully represents those transactions. This information gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that leases have on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of an Entity.</p> <p>The new standard requires entities to recognise, measure and present information on right of use assets and lease liabilities.</p>

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Standard	Effective date and impact:
IPSAS 44: Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	<p><i>Applicable 1st January 2025</i></p> <p>The Standard requires,</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and the depreciation of such assets to cease and:</p> <p>Assets that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale to be presented separately in the statement of financial position and the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance.</p>

(iii) Early adoption of standards

The Tana River County Inuka Fund did not early – adopt any new or amended standards in year 2022.

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1. Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue recognition

i. Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Transfers from other government entities

Revenues from non-exchange transactions with other government entities are measured at fair value and recognized on obtaining control of the asset (cash, goods, services and property) if the transfer is free from conditions and it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential related to the asset will flow to the Tana River County Inuka Fund and can be measured reliably.

ii. Revenue from exchange transactions

Interest income

Interest income is accrued using the effective yield method. The effective yield discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this yield to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

b) Budget information

The original budget for FY 2020-2021 was approved by the County Assembly on. Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget in accordance with specific approvals from the appropriate authorities. The additional appropriations are added to the original budget by the Tana River County Inuka Fund upon receiving the respective approvals in order to conclude the final budget. Accordingly, the Fund recorded additional appropriations of nil on the FY 2020-2021 budget following the governing body's approval.

The Tana River County Inuka Fund's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

A statement to reconcile the actual amounts on a comparable basis included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts and the actuals as per the statement of financial performance has been presented under section xxx of these financial statements.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

c) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Tana River County Inuka Fund recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

d) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognized at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in surplus or deficit in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful life of the intangible assets is assessed as either finite or indefinite.

a) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Losses arising from impairment are recognized in the surplus or deficit.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Entity has the positive intention and ability to hold it to maturity. After initial measurement, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in surplus or deficit.

Impairment of financial assets

The Entity assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a entity of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a entity of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the entity of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include the following indicators:

- The debtors or a entity of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty
- Default or delinquency in interest or principal payments
- The probability that debtors will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
- Observable data indicates a measurable decrease in estimated future cash flows (e.g. changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IPSAS 29 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through surplus or deficit or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Entity determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, plus directly attributable transaction costs.

Loans and borrowing

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b) Inventories

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method
- Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, but excluding borrowing costs

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

c) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Where the Entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of financial performance net of any reimbursement.

Contingent liabilities

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Contingent assets

The Entity does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Entity in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

d) Nature and purpose of reserves

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements. *Entity to state the reserves maintained and appropriate policies adopted.*

e) Changes in accounting policies and estimates

The Entity recognizes the effects of changes in accounting policy retrospectively. The effects of changes in accounting policy are applied prospectively if retrospective application is impractical.

f) Employee benefits – Retirement benefit plans

The Entity provides retirement benefits for its employees and directors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year in which they become payable.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined-contribution plans. The defined benefit funds are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on proportional basis to all participating employers. The contributions and lump sum payments reduce the post-employment benefit obligation.

g) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially accounted for at the ruling rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors or debtors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the statement of financial position reporting date by applying the exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the settlement of creditors, or from the reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period, are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

h) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalized against qualifying assets as part of property, plant and equipment. Such borrowing costs are capitalized over the period during which the asset is being acquired or constructed and borrowings have been incurred. Capitalization ceases when construction of the asset is complete. Further borrowing costs are charged to the statement of financial performance.

i) Related parties

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties and comprise the directors, the CEO and senior managers.

j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

k) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

l) Events after the reporting period

There were no material adjusting and non- adjusting events after the reporting period.

m) Ultimate and Holding Entity

The Tana River County Inuka Fund is a County Public Fund established by Tana River County Inuka Fund Act, 2016 under the Department of Trade and Tourism. Its ultimate parent is the County Government of Tana River.

n) Currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

5. Significant judgments and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Entity's financial statements in conformity with IPSAS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

State all judgements, estimates and assumptions made e.g.

a) Estimates and assumptions – The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Entity based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Entity. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. IPSAS 1.140.

b) Useful lives and residual values

The useful lives and residual values of assets are assessed using the following indicators to inform potential future use and value from disposal:

- The condition of the asset based on the assessment of experts employed by the Entity
- The nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes
- The nature of the processes in which the asset is deployed
- Availability of funding to replace the asset
- Changes in the market in relation to the asset

c) Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note xxx.

Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

(Include provisions applicable for your organisation e.g. provision for bad debts, provisions of obsolete stocks and how management estimates these provisions)

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6. Notes to The Financial Statements

1. Public contributions and donations

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Donation From Development Partners	-	-
Contributions From The Public	-	-
Total	-	-

2. Transfers from County Government

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Transfers From County Govt. –Operations	-	51,546,392
Payments By County On Behalf of The Tana River County Inuka Fund	-	-
Total	-	51,546,392

3. Use of Goods and Services

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs.	Kshs.
General Office Expenses	-	-
Loan Processing Costs	-	-
Professional Services Costs	-	-
Administration Fees	-	-
Committee Allowances	-	-
Bank Charges	11,016	-
Electricity and Water Expenses	-	-
Fuel and Oil Costs	-	-
Postage and Courier	-	-
Printing and Stationery	-	-
Security Costs	-	-
Telephone and Communication Expenses	-	-
Provision For Doubtful Debts	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	11,016	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements Continued

4. Cash and cash equivalents

Description	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Tana River County INUKA Fund Main Account	51,535,376	51,546,392
Tana River County INUKA Fund Adm. Account	-	-
Tana River County INUKA Fund Loan Account	-	-
Fixed Deposits Account	-	-
On – Call Deposits	-	-
Current Account	-	-
Total Cash And Cash Equivalents	51,535,376	51,546,392

Detailed analysis of the cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

Financial Institution	Account number	2020-2021	2019-2020
		Kshs	Kshs
a) Current Account			
KCB - Tana River County INUKA Fund Main	1272981193	51,546,392	-
KCB - Tana River County INUKA Fund Adm	1272981223	-	-
KCB - Tana River County INUKA Fund Loan	1272981088	-	-
Grand Total		51,546,392	-

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Notes to The Financial Statements (Continued)

Other Disclosures

5. Related party balances

a) Nature of related party relationships

Entities and other parties related to the Fund include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members. The fund/scheme is related to the following entities:

- a) The County Government;
- b) The Parent County Government Ministry;
- c) Key management;
- d) Board of Trustees; etc.

6. Contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Contingent Liabilities	2020-2021	2019-2020
	Kshs	Kshs
Court Case No. Against The Fund	-	-
Bank Guarantees	-	-
Total	-	-

Tana River County Inuka Fund

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18. Progress On Follow Up of Prior Year Auditor's Recommendations

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor. We have nominated focal persons to resolve the various issues as shown below with the associated time frame within which we expect the issues to be resolved.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
It's the first time fund being audited.				