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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Our Ref: AG/CONF/21/53/37 VOL. I

7th April 2020

Mr. Michael R. Sialai EBS
Clerk of the National Assembly
Parliament Buildings
NAIROBI

ODLSP/Dlants

RE: THE PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION, CONTROL AND SUPPRESSION OF COVID-

Reference is made to the above-captioned subject matter.

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The Cabinet Secretary to the Ministry of Health published the above-named rules in the Kenya Gazette on 3rd April 2020. Section 11 of the Statutory Instruments Act, 2013 provides in part as follows:

- (1) Every Cabinet Secretary responsible for a regulation-making authority shall within seven (7) sitting days after the publication of a statutory instrument, ensure that a copy of the statutory instrument is transmitted to the responsible Clerk for tabling before the relevant House of Parliament.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) and pursuant to the legislative powers conferred on the National Assembly under Article 109 of the Constitution, all regulation-making authorities shall submit copies of all statutory instruments for tabling before the National Assembly.

In line with the foregoing provisions, we enclose herewith a copy of the aforesaid rules as published by the Cabinet Secretary to the Ministry of Health, for your further necessary

Kennedy Ogeto CBS SOLICITOR GENERAL

07 APR 2020

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Copy to:

Hon. P. Kihara Kariuki EGH **ATTORNEY GENERAL**

Hon. Mutahi Kagwe EGH Cabinet Secretary Ministry of Health Afya House NAIROBI

Ms. Susan Mochache CBS Principal Secretary Ministry of Health NAIROBI

649

Kenya Gazette Supplement No. 39

3rd April, 2020

(Legislative Supplement No. 26)

LEGAL NOTICE No. 46

THE PUBLIC HEALTH ACT

(Cap. 242)

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION, CONTROL AND SUPPRESSION OF COVID-19) RULES, 2020

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

Regulation

- 1-Citation
- 2—Responsibility for notification
- 3-Medical officer of health and medical practitioner to notify
- 4—Powers for the control of COVID-19
- 5-Power of search
- 6-Power of medical officer of health or public health officer to disinfect premises
- 7-Power of medical officer of health or public health officer to direct the use of building
- 8-Removal and disposal of bodies
- 9-Reception by health facilities
- 10-Escaping from isolation and quarantine
- 11—Carriers of disease
- 12—Infected area
- 13—Designation of Facilities
- 14—General powers
- 15—Penalty

14 APR 2020

THE PUBLIC HEALTH ACT

(Cap. 242)

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION, CONTROL AND SUPPRESSION OF COVID-19) REGULATIONS, 2020

14 APR 2020

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred by section 36 (m) of the Public Health Act, the Cabinet Secretary for Health makes the following Rules—

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION, CONTROL AND SUPPRESSION OF COVID-19) REGULATIONS, 2020

- 1. These Rules may be cited as the Public Health (Prevention, Citation. Control and Suppression of COVID-19) Rules, 2020.
- 2. Every owner, person in charge of, or occupier of premises, Responsibility for and every employer and head of a household, who suspects that any person who is residing on his or her premises or who is in his or her employment, is suffering from COVID-19, shall notify a medical officer, public health officer, a medical practitioner and or the nearest administrator or take that person to a medical officer, medical practitioner or health facility for treatment.

3. (1) Every medical officer of health, public health officer or Medical officer of medical practitioner who attends to, or who is called in to visit a health and medical practitioner to notify. patient, shall immediately, on becoming aware or suspecting that the patient is suffering from COVID-19, transfer the patient to the nearest health facility.

- (2) Every medical officer of health, public health officer or medical practitioner who becomes aware, by post-mortem examination or otherwise, that any person has died of COVID-19, shall immediately inform the head of the household, or the occupier of the premises, or any person who has been in attendance on or contact with the deceased person, of the infectious nature of COVID-19 and of the precautions to be taken to prevent its transmission to other persons.
- 4. Where any case of COVID-19 is transferred to a health Powers for the facility, the medical officer of health or public health officer shall 19. immediately visit and inspect the premises where that person resides and may-

- (a) order all persons who have attended to or been in contact with the person to remain on the premises where the person was at the time of infection; or
- (b) cause those persons to be removed to a health facility or other suitable place provided for the reception of persons suffering from COVID-19 or for quarantine.
- 5. (1) A medical officer of health, public health officer or a Power of search. health inspector, or other person acting on the written instructions of a medical officer of health, may enter any premises in order to search for

any case of COVID-19, or to inquire whether there is or has been on the premises, any case of COVID-19.

- (2) Where any public health officer or health inspector or other person discovers any case of COVID-19, he or she shall report the discovery to a medical officer.
- 6. Where a building, premises or conveyance has signs of Power of medical contamination with COVID-19 or where a medical officer of health of public health officer has information of contamination of a building, premises or to disinfect premises. conveyance, the medical officer of health may decontaminate or cause the decontamination of the affected building, premises or conveyance.

7. Where a building, premises or conveyance has signs of Power of medical contamination with COVID-19 or where a medical officer of health or public health officer public health officer has information of contamination of a building, to direct the use of premises or conveyance, the medical officer of health or public health building. officer may direct the manner in which that building, premises or conveyance may be used and may, in that regard, direct the evacuation of that building, premises or conveyance, or prohibit entry into that building, premises or conveyance, for such duration as may be necessary to decontaminate or cause the decontamination of that building, premises or conveyance.

8. (1) The following shall apply in relation to removal and Removal and disposal of bodies of all persons who die from COVID-19:

disposal of bodies.

- (a) The person applying for burial or cremation permit shall be regarded as the responsible person for purposes of Section 18 of Public Health Act;
- (b) The burial or cremation ceremony may only take place between 0900 hours – 1500 hours;
- (c) The attendance at the burial or crematorium shall not exceed fifteen persons without prior written consent of a medical officer of health;
- (d) No child under the age of twelve years may enter any cemetery or crematorium unless when accompanied by an adult, or with the medical officer of health;
- (e) No person shall be allowed to carry on or solicit business, hold demonstration, or perform an activity which is not normally associated with a cemetery or crematorium;
- (f) The mode of transport used during the funeral procession at the cemetery or crematorium, must be fumigated immediately after the procession;
- (g) Every person taking part in a funeral procession at the cemetery, or attending a cremation service, must comply with instructions or directions issued by the medical officer of health or public health officer;

- (2) Any person who fails and neglects to follow directions issued by medical officer of health or public health officer, commits an
- (3) The Cabinet Secretary may designate an area as a burial site for persons whose deaths result from COVID-19.
- Any health facility that receives a person suffering or Reception by health suspected of suffering from COVID-19, shall receive and deal with facilities. that person in accordance with the directions of the medical officer of health or public health officer.

- 10. (1) Where a person who is confined in a place designated Escaping from for isolation or for quarantine for COVID-19 escapes from that place, isolation and quarantine. a medical officer shall immediately notify the police and request the police to apprehend and return the person to the designated place.
 - (2) A person commits an offence if that person—
 - (a) aids a person who is confined in a place designated for isolation or quarantine for COVID-19, in escaping or attempting to escape from the place; or
 - (b) conveys anything or causes anything to be conveyed into a place designated for isolation or quarantine for COVID-19 with the intent to facilitate the escape of any person confined in the place.
- (3) A person who commits an offence under subparagraph (1) is liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months or a fine not exceeding twenty thousand shillings.
- 11. (1) In this paragraph, "carrier" includes any person who, Carriers of disease. although he or she does not at the time present the clinical symptoms of COVID-19, has been proved, or is believed on reasonable grounds, to be harboring the infection and consequently to be liable to cause the spread of COVID-19.

- (2) Any person who is believed or suspected, on reasonable grounds, by a medical officer of health to be a carrier shall allow, on request to the medical officer of health, or to any person authorized by the medical officer of health in writing, the medical officer of health to obtain from him or her specimens of blood, excreta, discharges or other material required for examination and investigation.
- (3) Where a medical officer of health determines that a person is believed or suspected to be a carrier and that the necessary examination and investigations cannot be properly carried out at the house or place of residence of that person, the medical officer of health may direct that person to proceed or to be removed to a hospital or other suitable place for the purpose of examination and investigation and to remain or to be detained in that place for such reasonable period as may be required for that purpose.

- (4) Every carrier shall at all times observe and give effect to all reasonable instructions given to him or her by the medical officer of health in regard to the disposal of his or her infectious materials and the cleansing of the articles used by the carrier, and any other precautions for preventing the spread of infection.
- (5) Every carrier or patient who so wishes shall, within seven days before the change, inform the the medical officer of his or her intention to change his or her place of residence or work and of his or her intended new place of residence or work.
- 12. (1) The Cabinet Secretary may, by notice in the Gazette and Infected area. in a newspaper with a wide circulation, declare any place to be an infected area, and thereupon regulate and/or prescribe such activities and conduct that may be carried out within the infected area where it is deemed necessary for preventing the spread of or for the eradication of

Any person who contravenes the directives issues under rule 12 (1) commits an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.

- (2) The Cabinet Secretary or any medical officer of health may direct any person residing in a declared infected area to undergo such medical inspection or examination as the Cabinet Secretary or medical officer of health may direct and the person so directed shall have to undergo such inspection.
- (3) A medical officer of health may keep all or any persons in a declared infected area under observation in any place selected by him or her and under such surveillance as the medical officer of health may consider necessary.
- (4) Where any person from a declared infected area is placed under observation or surveillance, the period of observation or surveillance shall be fourteen days.
- 13. (1) Subject to the conditions to be specified by the Cabinet Designation of Secretary by notice in the Gazette, the Cabinet Secretary may Facilities depending on the circumstances in an area, whether designated as an infected area or not, designate a private health facility, an educational institution, hotel or any other establishment as he may deem appropriate as a designated facility for purposes of handling and or treatment of COVID-19 patients.

- (2) A designated facility under this clause that fails to comply with the directions of the Cabinet Secretary as regards the handling and or treatment of COVID-19 cases commits an offence.
- 14. The Cabinet Secretary may, by notice in the Gazette and in General powers a newspaper with a wide circulation, put in place such measures as may from time to time become necessary to contain and curb the further spread of COVID-19.

- 15. (1) Except as otherwise provided in these Rules, any person Penalty. who contravenes the provisions of these Rules shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand shillings, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both.
- (2) If the offence, contravention or default referenced under subclause 15 herein is of a continuing nature, the person shall be liable to a further fine not exceeding one thousand shillings for each day it continues.

Dated the 3rd April, 2020.

MUTAHI KAGWE, Cabinet Secretary for Health.

14 APR 2020





REPUBLIC OF KENYA THE NATIONAL TREASURY AND PLANNING

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THE NATIONAL TREASURY P O BOX 30007 - 00100 NAIROBI

March 30, 2020

Mr. Michael Sialai, CBS

Clerk of the National Assembly

National Assembly

Parliament Buildings

NAIROBI

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RE: LEGAL NOTICE NO. 35 OF 2020 ON THE REDUCTION OF THE VAT RATE FROM 16% TO 14%

H.E. The President, on 25th March 2020, directed the National Treasury and Planni to reduce the rate for Value Added Tax from 16% to 14% effective 1st April, 2020

In order to implement the Directive, The National Treasury and Planning issu-Value Added Tax (Amendment of the Rate of Tax) Order, 2020 via Lega' number 35 published on 26th March, 2020 in accordance with Section 6 of Added Tax Act, 2013. The Legal Notice seeks to amend Section 5 of the A the value added tax rate from 16% to 14%.

1 order to comply with the provisions of the Statutory Instruments Act, 2013, we ereby submit the Value Added Tax (Amendment of the Rate of Tax) Order, 2020 for

our necessary action.

ours

ION, (AMB.) UKUR YATANI, E.G.H

CABINET SECRETARY/THE NATIONAL TREASURY AND PLANNING

Copy to:

Hon. Gladys Boss Shollei

Chair Committee on Delegated Legislation

National Assembly

NAIROBI

Justice (Rtd.) P. Kihara Kariuki, E.G.H

Attorney General

State Law Office

NAIROBI

Mr. Kennedy Ogeto, EBS

Solicitor General

"tate Law Office

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