REPUBLIC OF KENYA



OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL Enhancing Accountability

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REPORT

OF

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

JACK MWASHIMBA SECONDARY SCHOOL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022

TAITA/TAVETA COUNTY

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OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL RECEIVED

10 JUL 2023

P. O. Box 30084 - 00100, HEADQUARTERS

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JACK MWASHIMBA SECONDARY SCHOOL PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30th June 2022

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

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I. KEY SCHOOL INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT

(a) Background information

The school is domiciled in Kenya and its operations are governed under the Basic Education Act, 2013. It is located in Taita-Taveta County, Voi Sub-County

The school was registered in 27/10/2015 under registration number 06/s/0030/148 and is currently categorized as a Sub County public school established, owned or operated by the Government.

The school is a day/boarding school and had 112 students as at *30th June 2022*. It has 1 stream and 9 teachers of which 1 teacher is employed by the School Board of Management.

(b) School Board of Management - Board Members

The School Board of Management established under Section 55 of the Basic Education Act, 2013; is composed of the following members:

Ref:	Name of Board Member	Designation	Date of appointment
1	Rev. Dr. Reuben Ngume	Chairman	18th June 2019
2	Gregory Wambua Nguma	Secretary - Principal	18th June 2019
3	Chrispus Mbashu	Vice chairperson	18th June 2019
4	Julia Saru	Member	18th June 2019
5	Dr. Vicent Masawi	Member	18th June 2019
6	Sharlet Mshai	Member	18th June 2019
7	Irene Kinyingo	Rep Sponsor	18th June 2019
8	Simione Mwambui	Rep Sponsor	18th June 2019
9	Vivian Malemba	Member	18th June 2019
10	Hunderson Njuku	Member – Rep CEB	18th June 2019
11	Renson "Lumbo	Member Rep Teachers	18th June 2019
12	Arnest Mwanyangwa	3 Members - Sponsor	18th June 2019
13	Aggry Shangala	Member - Community	18th June 2019
14	Elias Mwajama	MemberSpecial Needs	18th June 2019
15	Andrew Wakesho	Rep Students	18th June 2022

(JACK MWASHIMBA SECONDARY SCHOOL) PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOL Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30th June 2022

KEY SCHOOL INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The function of the School Board of Management include:

- Promote the best interests of the School and ensure its development.
- Promote quality education for all pupils in accordance with the standards set under the Basic Education Act, 2013
- Ensure and assure the provision of proper and adequate facilities for the School
- Manage the School's affairs in accordance with the rules and regulations governing occupational safety and health.
- Advise the County Education Board on the staffing needs of the School.
- Determine cases of pupils discipline and make reports to the CEB
- Prepare comprehensive termly report on all areas of its mandate and submit the report to CEB
- Administer and manage the resources of the School
- Receive, collect and account for any funds accruing to the institution in accordance with Article 226 (1) (a) of the Constitution of Kenya, Section 81 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Fourth Schedule para 21 and 23 of the Basic Education Act, 2013.

(c) **C**ommittees of the Board

Provide the names of the various committees of the Board established by the Board and the names of the committee members:

Ref:	Name of Committee	Names of Members	Designation	Number of meetings attended during the year
		Rev. Dr. Reuben Ngume	Chairperson	1 out of 2
		Gregory W. Nguma	Secretary	1 out of 2
1	Executive Committee	Arnest Mwanyangwa	P.A Chairperson	0 out of 2
		Irene Kinyingo	Member	1 out of 2
		Hunderson Njuku	Member	1 out of 2
		Rev. Dr. Reuben NgumeChairpersonGregory W. NgumaSecretaryArnest MwanyangwaP.A ChairpersonIrene KinyingoMemberHunderson NjukuMemberZakayo BenardChairpersonPatience MwembaSecretaryRev. Dr. Reuben NgumeMemberRenson LumboMemberSimione MwambuiChairpersonIrene KinyingoSecretaryRev. Dr. Reuben NgumeMemberRenson LumboMemberIrene KinyingoSecretaryAggry ShangalaMember		
		Zakayo Benard	Chairperson	. 2 out of 2
	Academic Committee	Patience Mwemba	Secretary	2 out of 2
2		Rev. Dr. Reuben Ngume	Member	2 out of 2
		Renson Lumbo	Member	2 out of 2
		Simione Mwambui	Chairperson	2 out of 2
2	Development Committee	Irene Kinyingo	Secretary	2 out of 2
3	Development Committee	Aggry Shangala	Member	2 out of 2
		Elias Mwajama	Member	1 out of 2
		Renson Lumbo	Chirperson	1 out of 1
	Discipline and welfare Committee	Gregory Wambua Nguma	Member	1 out of 1
4		Chrispus Mbashu	Member	1 out of 1
		Sharlet Mshai	Member	0 out of 0

(JACK MWASHIMBA SECONDARY SCHOOL) PUBLIC SECONDARY SCHOOL Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30th June 2022

	Tender opening committee	Stephen Mwakisaghu	Chairperson	1 out of 1
5		Eunice Mugori	Secretary	l out of l
		Sarah Malowe	Member	1 out of 1
		Zakayo Benard	Chairperson	1 out of 1
	Tender Evaluation committee	Joy Mwaluma	Secretary	1 out of 1
		Stephen Mwakisaghu	Member	1 out of 1

(d) School operation Management

For the financial year ended 30^{th} June 2022 the School day-to-day management was under the following persons:

Ref:	Designation	Name	TSC Number
1	Principal	Gregory Wambua Nguma	315763
2	Deputy Principal	Renson Lumbo Mwasho	305380
3	School Bursar	Abdul Ndau Mwakio	24518115

KEY SCHOOL INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(e) Schools contacts

Post Office Box:	217-80300,Voi
Telephone:	0710172134
E-mail:	jackmwashimbaschool@yahoo.com

(f) School Bankers

The following school operated four bank accounts in the following banks: (Ensure all accounts including CDF accounts are included)

1.	Name of Bank: Branch: Account Number:	Jack Mwashimba Secondary School(Operation Account) Equity Bank-Voi Branck 0790263622984
2.	Name of Bank: Branch: Account Number:	Jack Mwashimba Secondary School(Tuition Account) Equity Bank-Voi Branck 0790263623032
3.	Name of Bank: Branch: Account Number:	Jack Mwashimba Secondary School(School Fund Account) Equity Bank-Voi Branck 0790260622753

Name of Bank: Branch: Account Number: Jack Mwashimba Secondary School(Infrastructure Account) Equity Bank-Voi Branck 0790279731772

(g) Independent Auditors

Office of the Auditor General Anniversary Towers, University Way P.O. Box 30084 GPO 00100 Nairobi, Kenya

II. SUMMARY REPORT OF PERFORMANCE OF THE SCHOOL

The following is a summary report of the performance of the school against the set performance evaluation criteria:

a) Financial performance:

Under this section, the following information should be given:

- Surplus/ deficit for the year and a comparison of the same for the last three years

Year	Surplus/deficit
2021/2022	(267,496)
2020/2021	1,114,801
2019/2020	182,315

The surplus reflected in the school financial statement reflects a negative drop. This is due to inflation of prices of commodities experienced in the country during the period.

- Capitation grants from the Ministry of Education for the last three years

Year	Capitation			
Icui	Tuition	Operation	Total	
2021/2022	369,179	1,602,995	1,972,174	
2020/2021	211,702	950,175	1,161,877	
2019/2020	355,780	1,775,291	2,131,071	

Funds from the government through the ministry of education in form of capitation have reduced significantly. This is as a results of both low enrolment of the school and also reduction of the amount of funds disbursed to the schools by the government. The government is currently holding some capitation to facilitate purchase of textbooks and co-curricular activities which the amounts are deducted from source.

Ratio of capitation grant per student over the last three years

Year	Enrolment	Amount	Capitation per student
2021/2022	112	1,972,174	18,093
2020/2021	100	1,161,877	11,618
2019/2020	110	2,131,071	19,373

The amount of capitation received per student has reduced significantly from slightly above 19,000 per student to slightly above 11,000. This has been caused by reduction of the amount of funds disbursed to the schools by the government

- *A three-year overview of growth of other income(s) earned by the school.*

The school has no any other source of income other than funds disbursed to the school by the government in form of capitation and those collected by the school from the parents to facilitate school lunch programme.

Year	2021/2022	2020/2021	2019/2020
Tuition	517,940	130,035	381,878
Operation	1,844,499	1,433,881	1,691,055
School fund	1,498,733	549,858	2,278,682
Infrastructure	896,173	0	0
Total	4,757,345	2,113,775	4,351,615

- A three-year overview of growth in expenditure of the school

There is a positive growth of expenditure reflected in the year 2021/2022. The growth in 2021/2022 has been due to inflation experienced in the country during the period. The school was also in full operation during period as compared to financial year 2020/2021 where school operated only for some part of the year.

Year	2021/2022		2020/2021		2020	
	Debtors	Creditors	Debtors	Creditors	Debtors	Creditors
Tuition	0	165,400.00	0	41,198	0	18,000
Operation	0	205,229	0	192,105	0	162,857
School fund	3,593,774	74,835	2,988,818	275,580	2,411,470	33,014
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3,593,774	445,464	2,988,818	508,883	2,411,470	515,871

Movement of debtors and creditors of the school over the last three years

Debtors over the last three years in school fund account have increased significantly. This is due to poor payment of school fees by the students or parents. Students who complete form four have Creditors have also reduced in the last three years to a small amount in operation account and none in both school fund and tuition account. The school has resolved to stick to its budget and also ensure it collects enough school fees to enable it pay its creditors.

Year	Cash	Bank	Total
2021/2022	335	65,764	66,098
2020/2021	2,470	3729	6,199
2019/2020	4,001	255,093	229,094

- Movement of cash and bank balances over the last three years

Total cash and bank balances per year indicated in the table above includes cash and bank balances for both tuition account, operation account and school fund accounts. The total amount of 66,098 for the FY 2021/2022 includes kshs.31,827 which was meant for infrastructure development. The money could only be utilised immediately the school gets approval from the county director of education.

Graphical presentation, ratios, tables, and pie charts should be used to show/ indicate trends.

b) Teacher Student ratio:

The school has a total of 112 students and nine teachers including one employed by the board of management. No teacher was deployed/transferred during the year. None of the teachers either retired or transferred within the year. The ratio of teacher to student is 1:12.

c) Mean score in the 2019/2020/2021 KCSE:

Year	No. of students who joined tertiary	Mean score	Comments
2021	0	2.21	There was a slight drop
2020	1	2.82	There was slight improvement
2019	0	2.63	There was slight improvement

A slight positive improvement has been registered by the school in the 2021 KCSE Exam.

d) Number of Candidates in the 2019/2020/2021 KCSE:

Tabulate the number of candidates sitting for KCSE over the last three years.

Year	No. students
2021	24
2020	22
2019	30

The school enrolled a small number of students transiting from the neighbouring primary school to join it for secondary education. This small number from primary is reflected by the number of students doing K.C.S.E.

e) Capacity of the school:

The school is a day secondary with a population of 112 students. The school can accommodate 160 students when fully to capacity. The low enrolment of the school is caused by small number of students who transit from the neighbouring surrounding primary schools to join the school. Currently the school has the following facilities;- 1 modern administration block, 4 classrooms, 1 science laboratory, 3 door toilets for girls, 3 door toilets for boys and 2 door toilets for both male and female teachers.

f) Development projects carried out by the school:

Year	Project	Source of fund	Project cost
2021/2022	3 Door Modern Pit Latrine	M.O.E Grants	Kshs.371,088

During the year 2021/2022 the school constructed a 3 door modern pit latrine. The project was fully funded by school through funds sent as improvement grants by the ministry of education.

Sign...

School Principal

PRINCIPAL ACK MWASHIMBA SEC. SCHOOL P. C. Box KITIVO - VOI Date: 7/1/12 Sign: 600-

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III. STATEMENT OF SCHOOL MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

Section 81 (1) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, each National Government School shall prepare financial statements in respect of that school. Section 81 (3) requires the financial statements so prepared to be in a form that complies with relevant accounting standards as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board of Kenya from time to time.

Schedule 4 (Section 23) of the Education Act, 2013 requires the Board of Management of a public institution of basic education to be keep all proper books and records of accounts of the income, expenditure and assets of the institution.

The Board of Management of *Jack Mwashimba Secondary School* accepts responsibility for the school's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Cash Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS).

The Board of Management is of the opinion that the school's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the school's transactions during the financial year ended 30th June, 2022, and of the school's financial position as at that date.

Name:	Rev. Dr. Reuben Ngume
Designation:	Chairman, School Board of Management

Sign: Date: 30th September 2022

Name: Designation: Gregory Wambua Nguma School Principal& Secretary to Board of Management

Sign: Date: 30th September 2022

Name: Designation: Abdul Ndanu Mwakio Bursar/ Finance Officer

Sign: Date: 30th September 2022

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REPUBLIC OF KENYA

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HEADQUARTERS Anniversary Towers Monrovia Street P.O. Box 30084-00100 NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON JACK MWASHIMBA SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022 – TAITA/TAVETA COUNTY

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations, and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Jack Mwashimba Secondary School – Taita/Taveta County set out on pages 12 to 22, which comprise of the statement of assets and liabilities as at 30 June, 2022, and the statement of receipts and payments,

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 - Taita/Taveta County

statement of cash flows and statement of budgeted versus actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Jack Mwashimba Secondary School -Taita/Taveta County as at 30 June, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Basic Education Act, 2013.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Inaccuracies in the Financial Statements

Note 15 and Annex 2 to the financial statements indicate that the school did not have any stores and fixed assets balances. However, review of the School records revealed that the Schools had store ledgers with balances and a listing of assets.

In the circumstances, the accuracy and completeness of the financial statements could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Jack Mwashimba Secondary School Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

1.0 Budgetary Control and Performance

The statement of budgeted versus actual amounts reflects final receipts budget and actual on a comparable basis of Kshs.4,886,920 and Kshs.4,489,849 respectively, resulting to an underfunding of Kshs.397,071 or 8% of the budget. Similarly, the School spent Kshs.4,064,657 against an approved budget of Kshs.4,886,920 resulting to an underperformance of Kshs.822,263 or 17% of the budget.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

The underperformance affected the planned activities and may have impacted negatively on service delivery to the students.

2.0 Under Receipts of School Capitation

Review of capitation receipts revealed that the school received less capitation for both tuition and operations activities as indicated below:

Component	Capitation Received (Kshs.)	Average no. of Students	Actual Capitation per Student (Kshs.)	Expected Capitation per Student (Kshs.)	Under Capitation per Student (Kshs.)	Total Under Capitation Not Received (Kshs.)
Tuition	332,969	112	2,959	4,644	(1,685)	(188,765)
Operation	1,460,399	112	13,082	15,400	(2,318)	(259,594)
Total	1,793,368		16,041	20,044	(4,003)	(448,359)

The underfunding may have negatively affected the delivery of services to the students

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

1. Lack of an Annual Procurement Plan and a Disposal Plan

The School did not have in place an approved procurement plan for the year. In addition, goods and services received were not subjected to an Inspection and Acceptance Committee and the School did not have in place a disposal plan to enable disposal of obsolete good and services. This was contrary to the requirements of Sections 45 (3)(a), 48 (3) and 163(1) of the Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Act, 2015.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

2. Lack of a School Improvement Plan

The School did not have a School Improvement Plan. This was contrary to Section 2.2 of the Ministry of Education Operation Manual for utilization of learners Capitation Grant and Other School Funds.

In the circumstances, Management did not comply with the provisions of the Operation Manual for Utilization of Learners Capitation Grant and Other School Funds.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

3. Lack of a Disaster Management Committee and Emergency Fund

Review of the Board minutes and the School's policies revealed that there is no Disaster Management Committee in place to oversee the implementation of disaster management initiatives and ensure that the School had a contingency plan in place.

In the circumstances, Management may not properly mitigate and cushion the school in the event of an emergency situation or major disaster.

4. Variance in Student Enrolment Under National Education Management Information System (NEMIS)

Review of NEMIS records from the Ministry of Education revealed that the number of students enrolled as per class registers was one hundred and nine (109) students. However, the number of students as per the NEMIS number was seventy seven (77) students resulting to an unexplained variance of thirty two (32) students.

In the circumstances, the funding through capitation may not be based on accurate records.

5. Non-Withholding of Tax Under School Infrastructure

Review of construction contracts for the girl's toilets revealed that the School did not withhold 3% taxes net of VAT to Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) on an invoice valued at Kshs.371,088 as required by the Income Tax Act. Further, the School Management did not withhold 10% retention money from the payments made to the contractor as required when making payments for works in contract management.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law and contract management practices.

6. Long Outstanding Receivables

The statement of financial assets and liabilities reflects accounts receivables balance of Kshs.3,593,774 as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. The receivables include a balance of Kshs.2,979,819 owed by students who had completed school. However, the School did not have in place a mechanism to ensure the fees arrears were recovered.

In the circumstances, the recoverability of the long outstanding student balance of Kshs.2,979,819 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matters described in the Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

. Weak Internal Controls and Non-Segregation of Duties

Examination of the School's payment systems revealed that the School did not have a full time Accounts Clerk/Bursar despite the position being in the School organogram. The accounting work is done by the Principal who was not well equipped to prepare books of accounts completely and accurately.

Further, review of a sampled payment vouchers revealed that the payment vouchers were not examined, verified and approved by different persons as required instead they were only authorized by the Principal who was the Accounting Officer and therefore no segregation of duties to ensure checks and balances.

In the circumstances, the weak internal controls and lack of segregation of duties may result to misappropriation of public funds.

2. Inadequate Controls in the Management of Inventory

Review of store records revealed that the stock take as at the end of the year was not carried out. Further, there were inconsistencies in updating the store ledgers as some items revealed that they were last updated five (5) years ago. The receipts, issues and balances had not been documented and therefore the correct stores ledger balances could not be confirmed.

In the circumstances, weak controls in the management of inventory may result to loss or misappropriation of inventories.

3. Lack of Fixed Asset Register

Review of the assets listing indicates that the School did not maintain a comprehensive fixed asset register indicating the values of the assets.

In addition, seventeen (17) acres of land was donated to the school by the community which was hived from the thirty four (34) acres of land allocated Mwakajo Primary School. However, the allotment process to transfer the seventeen (17) acres had not commenced and the title deed was still in the name of the Primary School nine (9) years since the donation.

In the circumstances, the effective control and management of assets by the School Management could not be confirmed.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

4. Under Qualification of Board of Management

Review of the Board of Management Members nomination curriculum vitae (CVs) revealed that two (2) Members had a diploma while the 11 Members had KCSE certificate. This was contrary to Regulation 6 (b) of the Basic Education Regulations, 2015 which states that the minimum qualifications of the Chairmen and Members of Boards of Management shall be in the case of a Secondary School or a middle level college, a degree from a university recognized in Kenya, and a KCSE certificate respectively.

In the circumstances, Management was in breach of the law.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the School's ability to continue to sustain its services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the School or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the School's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how the Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Arricle 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non- compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the School to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

CPA Nancy Ga AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

13 October, 2023

Report of the Auditor-General on Jack Mwashimba Secondary School for the year ended 30 June, 2022 – Taita/Taveta County

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

V.

DESCRIPTION OF VOTE HEAD	Note	2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
RECEIPTS			
Capitation grants for tuition	1	369,179	132,881
Capitation grants for operations	2	1,602,995	860,451
School Fund Income- Parents' Contributions	3	2,517,675	1,626,124
TOTAL RECEIPTS		4,489,849	2,619,456
PAYMENTS			
Payments for Tuition	4	517,940	98,060
Payments for operations	5	1,844,499	610,797
Boarding and school fund payments	6	1,498,733	746,460
Infrastructure payments	7	896,173	
TOTAL PAYMENTS		4,757,345	1,455,317
SURPLUS/DEFICIT		(267,496)	1,164,139
Tuition	DEFICT	(148,761)	
operation	DEFICT	(241,504)	
School fund	SURPLUS	1,018,942	
Infrastructure	DEFICT	(896,173)	

The school financial statements were approved on _

/ /2022 and signed by: My ane

Name: Key , kr Keinen! Chairman, BoM

yone Sign:

Name: Gregory W. Nguma School: Principal/Secretary to BoM

Sign:

Name: Abdul Maraka Bursar/Finance

Date: $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{7}{2023}$ Date: $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{7}{2023}$ Date: $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{7}{2023}$

	Note	2021 - 2022	2020 - 2021
		Kshs	Kshs
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Bank Balances	8	65,763	745,883
Cash Balances	9	335	72,355
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		66,098	818,238
Account's receivables	10	3,593,774	2,979,819
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS		3,659,872	3,798,057
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		-	
Accounts Payable	11	445,464	316,153
NET FINANCIAL SSETS		3,214,408	3,481,904
REPRESENTED BY			
Fund balance b/fwd 1st July	12	3,481,904	2,317,765
Surplus/Deficit for the year	R &P	(267,496)	1,164,139
NET FINANCIAL POSITION		3,214,408	3,481,904

VI. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The school financial statements were approved on ____

Name: Jaune Chairman, BoM

ume Sign:

/ /2022 and signed by:

07/07/2023 Date:

Name: Gregory W. Nguma School: Principal/Secretary to BoM

Name: ...Al W. MLOAGO Bursar/Finance

VII. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

	2021 - 2022	2020 - 2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Receipts from operating activities		
Capitation grants for tuition	369,179	132,881
Capitation grants for operations/Infrastructure	1,602,995	860,451
School fund income- Parents contributions/ fees	1,903,720	1,066,775
Infrastructure	-	-
Total receipts	3,875,894	2,060,107
Payments		
Payments for Tuition	517,940	98,060
Payments for operations	1,844,499	610,797
Boarding and school fund payments	1,369,422	939,190
Infrastructure	896,173	-
	4,628,034	1,648,047
Net cash flow from operating activities	(752,140)	412,060
CASHFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	
Acquisition of Assets	-	-
Proceeds from investments	-	-
Net cash flows from Investing Activities	-	-
CASHFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from borrowings/ loans	-	
Repayment of principal borrowings	-	
Net cash flows from Financing Activities	-	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	(752,140)	412,060
Cash and cash equivalent at BEGINNING of the year (Note 8 &9 previous year)	818,238	406,178
Cash and cash equivalent at END of the year (Note 8 & 9 current year)	66,098	818,238

The above presentation of cash flow statement uses the direct method of cash flow presentation which is encouraged under IPSAS. Schools' should therefore adopt the direct method of cashflow as recommended by PSASB.

VIII. STATEMENT OF BUDGETED VERSUS ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th June 2022

Receipt/Expense Item	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilisation Difference	% of Utilisation
	а	b	c=a+b	d	e=c-d	f=d/c %
Receipts						
Capitation Grant On Tuition						
Tuition	364,540	-	364,540	369,179	(4,639)	101%
Capitation Grant On Operations			-			
Other Voteheads	1,810,880	-	1,810,880	1,602,995	207,885	89%
Fees Charged On Parents						
Lunch Programme	2,711,500	-	2,711,500	2,517,675	193,825	93%
Total Income	4,886,920	-	4,886,920	4,489,849	397,071	92%
Expenditure For Tuition						
Tuition	364,540	-	364,540	517,940	(153,400)	142%
Payments For Operations						
Personal Emoluments	557,040	-	557,040	692,688	(135,648)	124%
Maintenance And Improvement	555,000	-	555,000	181,780	373,220	33%
Activity Expenses	375,200	-	375,200	350,500	24,700	93%
Other Voteheads	880,680		880,680	619,531	261,149	70%
Boarding And School Fund Payments						
Luch Programme	2,711,500	-	2,711,500	1,498,733	1,212,767	55%
Payments For Infrastructure			-	896,173	(896,173)	-100%
Total	4,886,920	-	4,886,920	4,064,657	822,263	83%

[Provide below a commentary on significant underutilization (below 90% of utilization) and any overutilization above 100%]

i. Underutilization was caused by less activities incurred due to the restriction of the Covid 19.

ii. Over utilization was caused by inflation of most product and services which are commonly consumed by the school.

iii. The Ministry of Education also reduced funding by retaining part of the capitation to purchase text books, pay for Edu Afya and also Sesame

IX. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

1. Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with and comply with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) with particular emphasis on Cash Basis Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting and applicable government legislations and regulations. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board of Kenya.

This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprest, salary advances and other receivables and b) payables that include deposits and retentions and payables from operations.

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the *school* and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling (Kshs). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

2. Recognition of receipts and payments

The *school* recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs and the related cash has actually been received by the *school*. In addition, the *school* recognises all expenses when the event occurs and the related cash has actually been paid out by the *school*.

3. In-kind contributions

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the *school* in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the *school* includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as a receipt and as a payment in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at various financial institutions at the end of the financial year.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Accounts Receivable

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year are treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as expenditure when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

6. Accounts Payable

For the purposes of these financial statements, deposits and retentions held on behalf of third parties have been recognized as accounts payables. This is in recognition of the government practice of retaining a portion of contracted services and works pending fulfilment of obligations by the contractor and to hold deposits on behalf of third parties. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy adopted by National Government Ministries and agencies. Other liabilities including pending bills are disclosed in the financial statements. Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years.

7. Non-current assets

Non-current assets are expensed at the time of acquisition while disposal proceeds are recognized as receipts at the time of disposal. However, the acquisitions and disposals are reflected in the school fixed asset register a summary of which is provided as a memorandum to these financial statements.

8. Budget

The budget is developed on the same accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis, and for the same period as the financial statements. The *school's* budget was approved by the School Board of Management. A comparison of the actual performance against the comparable budget for the financial year under review has been included in the financial statements.

9. Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

10. Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2022.

1	CAPITATION GRANT FOR TUITION		
		2021-2022	2020-2021
		Kshs	Kshs
	Teaching/learning materials	369,179	132,881
	Total	369,179	132,881
2	CAPITATION GRANT FOR OPERATIONS		
\parallel	OPERATIONS	2020-2021	-
		Kshs	A STATE AND A STATE AND
	Repairs Maint. and Improvement(RMI)	-	204,000
	Other Votehead	1,602,995	
t	Total	1,602,995	860,451
3	PARENTS CONTRIBUTION/FEES - SCHOOL FUND ACCOUNT		
T		2021-2022	2020-2021
1		Kshs	Kshs
	Boarding, Equipment & Stores	2,517,675	1,626,124
	Total	2,517,675	1,626,124
4	PAYMENTS FOR TUITION		
4	PAYMENTS FOR TUITION	2021-2022	2020-2021
4		Kshs	Kshs
4	Stationery	Kshs 167,050	Kshs 36,000
4	Stationery Internal Exam	Kshs 167,050 230,855	Kshs 36,000 30,000
4	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100
4	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000
4	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials Administration Cost	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960
4	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960
	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials Administration Cost	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000
	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials Administration Cost Total	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960
	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials Administration Cost Total	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825 517,940	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960 98,060
	Stationery Internal Exam Lab Equipment Teaching/learning materials Administration Cost Total	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825 517,940 2021-2022	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960 98,060 2020-2021 Kshs
	Stationery	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825 517,940 2021-2022 Kshs	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960 98,060 2020-2021
5	Stationery	Kshs 167,050 230,855 87,210 30,000 2,825 517,940 2021-2022 Kshs 692,688	Kshs 36,000 30,000 11,100 20,000 960 98,060 2020-2021 Kshs 283,927

For	the year ended 30 th June 2022		C1 500	20,100
	L.T.T		64,500	39,400
	Admin		553,981	84,190
	TOTAL		1,844,499	610,797
6	BOARDING AND SCHOOL FUND			
	PAYMENTS			
			2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs	Kshs
	Boarding Equipment & Stores		1,114,046	340,756
	Admin. Cost		114,160	28,690
	Activity		95,000	180,300
	P/ Emoluments		175,527	196,714
	TOTAL		1,498,733	746,460
7	PAYMENTS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE		2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs	Kshs
	Admin Cost		1,385	TEMIS
			1,383	_
	Office Tables		190,000	
	Laboratory Stools		371,088	
	Toilet Construction		150,000	
	Class Construction			
	TOTAL		896,173	-
8	BANK ACCOUNTS			
	Name of Bank, Account No. & currency	Bank Account Number	2021-2022	2020-2021
		- Transie	Kshs	Kshs
	Tuition Account	0790263623032	22,127	5,488
	Operations Account	0790263622984	5,858	48,966
	School Fund Account/Boarding	0790260622753	5,951	91,429
	Infrastructural Account	0790279731772	31,827	600,000
	Total		65,763	745,883
9	CASH IN HAND			
	Description		2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs	Kshs
	School Fund account		335	72,355

Total	335	72,355
10 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
Description	2020-2021	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Fees arrears	3,593,774	2,979,819
Total	3,593,774	2,979,819
Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
hees arrears for current year	613,955	568,349
Fees arrears for the previous year	568,349	514,454
Fees arrears for prior periods (over two years)	2,411,470	1,897,016
Total	3,593,774	2,979,819
11 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Trade creditors (See ageing below and appendix 1)	445,464	316,153
Total	445,464	316,153
Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Trade creditors for current year	356,332	316,153
Trade creditors for the previous year	89,132	-
Total	445,464	316,153
12 FUND BALANCE BROUGHT FORWARD		
Description	2021-2022	2020-2021
	Kshs	Kshs
Bank balances	65,763	745,883
Cash balances	335	72,355
Receivables	3,593,774	2,979,819
Payables	(316,153)	(316,153)
Total	3,343,719	3,481,904
10181		

	-			
13	Biological assets			
15	Diological assets			
	Description	Numbers	2021-2022	2020-2021
			Kshs	Kshs
	Cattle			-
	Goats			-
	Trees			-
	Coffee or tea plantation			- 11
	Poultry			-
	Total			-
14	Borrowings			
	Description		2021-2022	2020-2021
	A		KShs	KShs
	a) Borrowings			
-	Borrowing at beginning of the year			-
	Borrowings during the year			-
	Repayments of during the year			-
	Balance at end of the year			-
15	Stock/ Inventory			
	Description		2021-2022	2020-2021
			KShs	KShs
	Stock/Inventory			
	Stock/ inventory at beginning of the year			-
	Stock/ inventory purchased during the year			-
	Stock/ inventory issued during the year			-
	Balance at end of the year			-

16	PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF AUDITOR RECOMMENDATIONS					
	The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.					
	Issue/ Observation from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved	Timeframe		
			/Not Resolved)			
	There were not audit issues at the time of					
	preparing the financial statements					

Supplier of Goods or Services		Constant of the second		24 States State
Sub-total	Balance 2021	Addition	Paid 2022	Balance 2022
Supply of goods				
1. Mvoi Ventures	11,198	30,500		41,698
2. Joe Timber Hardware	13,540			13,540
3. Jaytee Sporting Solution	34,283		(34,280)	3
4.Jetlink Educational Enterprises	16,000	45,000		61,000
5. Maza Timothy	-		8,775	8,775
6.Jemka Enterprises	38,350			38,350
7.John Mwasaru Mghoi	10,900			10,900
8.Nashion Mwashighadi	4,200			4,200
9.Multiple Seven	-	11,850		11,850
10.Dulahbin Enterprises Ltd	-	68,050		68,050
11.Kimwa Safety Solutions	-	50,000		50,000
12.Highway Services	-	10,000		10,000
12.Gregory Nguma	35,000	7,020		42,020
13. Oghil Investments Ltd	(900)	13,510		12,610
14. Eliud Supplies	-			-
Sub total	162,571	235,930	(25,505)	372,996
Supply of services	-			-
15. Personal emolment	114,582		(37,990)	76,592
16. Danson Mwamburi	39,000		(39,000)	-
Sub-total	153,582	-	(76,990)	76,592
Grand total	316,153	235,930	(102,495)	449,588

XI. ANNEX 1 - ANALYSIS OF PENDING ACCOUNTS PAYABLES

XII. ANNEX 2 - SUMMARY OF FIXED ASSET REGISTER

Asse class	Date purchased	Location	Historical cost b/f (Kshs) 1st July 2020	Additions during the year (kshs)	Disposal during the year (kshs)	Historical cost c/f (kshs) 30th June 2020
Land 1						
Land 2						
Buildings and structures						
Motor vehicles						
Office equipment, furniture and fittings						
ICT Equipment and Other ICT Assets						
Tools and apparatus						
Textbooks Other machinery and						
Equipment Heritage and cultural						
assets Intangible assets -						
software						
Total						

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