**REPUBLIC OF KENYA** 



**OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL** Enhancing Accountability



TABLED

OF

0 7 DEC 2023

Dean

21

1000

Baya, CBS, mg

leade

RLIAMEN

KENYA

RRARY

# **THE AUDITOR-GENERAL**

ON

NAMBALE-MJINI-MAYENJE WATER **PROJECT GRANT/CREDIT NUMBER** 08W/BUSIA/BUSIA/97

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023





#### PROJECT NAME: NAMBALE-MJINI-MAYENJE WATER PROJECT

#### IMPLEMENTING ENTITY: BUSIA WATER &SEWERAGE SERVICES COMPANY LIMITED

PROJECT GRANT/CREDIT NUMBER: 08W/BUSIA/BUSIA/97

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared in accordance with the Cash Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) (Leave this page blank)

#### **Table Contents**

1.	Acronyms and Glossary of Termsiv
2.	Project Information and Overall Performancev
3.	Statement of Performance against Project's Predetermined Objectivesxiii
4.	Environmental and Sustainability reportingxv
5.	Statement of Project Management responsibilities xviii
6. Proj	Report of the Independent Auditor on Financial Statements for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water ectxx
7.	Statement of Receipts and Payments for the year ended 30th June 20231
8.	Statement of Financial Assets as at 30 <sup>th</sup> June 20232
9.	Statement of Cashflow for the year ended 30 <sup>th</sup> June 2023
10.	Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts for the year ended 30 <sup>th</sup> June 20235
11.	Significant Accounting Policies7
12.	Notes to the Financial Statements14
13.	Annexes

## 1. Acronyms and Glossary of Terms

BUWASSCO	Busia Water and Sewerage Services Company Limited
WSTF	Water Sector Trust Fund
PFM	Public Finance Management.
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
NRW	Non -Revenue Water
SMART	Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Time bound
VAT	Value Added Tax
WASREB	Water Services Regulatory Board.

#### 2. **Project Information and Overall Performance**

#### 1.1 Name and registered office

#### Name

The project official name is Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project

#### Objective

Provision of clean and safe water to the target urban poor population.

#### Address

The project headquarters offices are in Busia Town, Busia County, Kenya.

The address of its registered office is: P.O. Box 392-50400 Dept. Of Water, Irrigation, Environment & Nat.Resource compound Equity Bank-Posta-Forest Road Busia, Kenya.

**Contacts:** The following are the project contacts P.O. Box: 392-50400 Telephone: (254) 796523854 E-mail: info@buwasco.co.ke Website: www.buwasco.co.ke

#### Project information and overall performance (continued)

#### 1.2 **Project Information**

Project Start Date:	The project start date is 6 <sup>th</sup> April ,2022
Project End Date:	The project end date is 30 <sup>th</sup> September,2023
Project Manager:	The project manager is Mr Stephen Onyango
Project Sponsor:	The project sponsor is Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF)

#### 1.3 **Project Overview**

Line Ministry/State Department of the project Project number	The project is under the supervision of the Ministry OF Water, Irrigation Environment and Natural Resources. 08W/BUSIA/BUSIA/97
Strategic goals of the project	<ol> <li>The strategic goals of the project are as follows:         <ol> <li>Provision of clean and safe water to the target urban poor population.</li> <li>Improve metering ratio.</li> <li>Reduction of non-revenue water (NRW).</li> <li>Cost reduction strategy i.e., ensuring there is reduced electricity bills through solarization.</li> <li>Increase revenue for the WSP.</li> <li>Increase hours of supply to the low-income areas.</li> <li>Reduce cases of waterborne diseases among people living in low-income areas.</li> <li>Increase water coverage</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
Achievement of strategic goals	<ul> <li>The project management aims to achieve the goals through the following means:</li> <li>1. Solarization of 11kW Showground borehole.</li> <li>2. 100% metering of all connections in the project area.</li> <li>3. Pipeline extension in the project area.</li> </ul>
Other important background information of the project	The project is expected to benefit 25,000 people/residents in the project area in Busia County
Current situation that the project was formed to	The project was formed to intervene in the following areas:(i)Reduction of Non -Revenue water

intervene	<ul><li>(ii) Increase water supply hours</li><li>(iii) Improve reliability of water supply</li></ul>
Project duration	The project started on 11 April 2022 and is expected to run until 30 <sup>th</sup> September ,2023.

# Project Information and Overall Performance (Continued)

#### 1.4 Bankers

,

The following are the bankers for the current year:

(i) Co-operative Bank of Kenya Busia Branch

#### 1.5 Auditors

#### 1.6 Roles and Responsibilities

The following is the List the different people who will be working on the project.

Names	Title designation	Key qualification	Responsibilities
Erick Nakitari	Managing	Masters'	Administration
	Director	degree	
Collins Oduori	Technical	Bachelors'	Project supervision,
	Manager	degree	oversee
			implementation of the
			project
Stephen	Project	Bachelor's	Supervise and oversee
Onyango	manager	degree	execution of project
			works, prepare
			monthly project
			reports, budget
			management
Duncan Kwena	Revenue	СРА	Facilitate the project
	Officer		team reporting and
			accounting in line
			with WSTF reporting.
Miriam Okumu	Accounts	Bachelor's	Facilitate the project

	Assistant	Degree	team reporting and
			accounting in line
			with WSTF reporting
			template, accounting
			for resources utilized,
			financial planning and
			analysis, budget
			management

#### 1.7 Funding summary

The Project duration is from April 2022 to September 2023 with an approved budget of Kshs.18,640,492.50 as highlighted in the table below:

-

-

- ,

Project information and overall performance (continued)

Below is the funding summary:

# A. Source of Funds

Source of funds	Donor Commitment-	imitment-	Amount r - (30 .	Amount received to date - (30 June 2023)	Undraw	Undrawn balance to date
	Donor currency	Kshs	Donor currency Kshs	Kshs	Donor currency Kshs	Kshs
	(Y)	(A')	(B)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A)-(B)
(i) Grant	Ksh	Ksh				
Water Sector Trust Fund	15,658,013.70	15,658,013.70	5,964,957.60	5,964,957.60	9,693,056.10	9,693,056.10
(ii)WSP (Busia Water and						
Sewerage Service Company Limited (VAT Contribution)	2,982,478.80	2,982,478.80	2,102,800	2,102,800	879,678.80	879,678.80
Total	18,640,492.5	18,640,492.5	8,067,757.6	8,067,757.6	10,572,734.9	10,572,734.9

-

•

**Project information and overall performance (continued)** 

•

-

.

# B. Application of Funds

Application of funds	Amount receive	Amount received to date – (30 <sup>th</sup>	Cumulative	Unutilised b:	Unutilised balance to date
	June 2023)	2023)	amount paid to	(30th Ju	(30th June 2023)
			date – (30 <sup>th</sup> June		
			2023)		
	Donor currency	Kshs	Kshs	Donor currency	Kshs
	(4)	(4)	(B')	(A)-(B)	(A')-(B')
(i) Grant					
Water Sector Trust Fund	5,964,957.60	5,964,957.60	5,826,155.95	138,801.65	138,801.65
<ul><li>(ii)WSP (Busia Water and Sewerage Service Company Limited (VAT Contribution)</li></ul>	2,102,800	2,102,800	96,554	2,006,246	2,006,246
Total	8,067,757.6	8,067,757.6	5,922,709.95	2,145,047.65	2,145,047.65

#### Project information and overall performance (continued)

#### 1.8 Summary of Overall Project Performance:

- *i)* Excavation for trenches -7.5 km
- *ii)* Supply and installation of solar panel, inverter and related fitting done at 99%
- *iii)* As at June 30, 2023, the overall progress of the project was 60%.
- *iv)* The value-for-money for the project had been achieved as expected.
- *v)* As at June 30, 2023, about 32% of the project budget had been absorbed.
- vi) Some of the challenges faced during implementation include delay in VAT Contribution led to the pipeline and tank and meters contractors to delay their works, that is now sorted.

#### 1.9 Summary of Project Compliance:

*i)* The project was fully compliant with the applicable laws and regulations and the terms and conditions in the financing agreement with the financing agency.

# **3.** Statement of Performance against Project's Predetermined Objectives Introduction

Section 149 (2) (K) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 requires that, at the end of each financial year, the Accounting Officer shall not later than three months after the end of each financial year, prepare annual financial statements for that financial year and submit them to the Auditor-General for audit, with a copy to the County Treasury in accordance with the standards and formats prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Standards Board includes a statement of the County government entity's performance against predetermined objectives.

The key development objectives of the *project's agreement/* plan are to:

- i. Provision of clean and safe water to the target urban poor population
- ii. Improve metering ratio.
- iii. Reduction of non-revenue water (NRW).
- iv. Cost reduction strategy i.e., ensuring there is reduced electricity bills through solarization.
- v. Increase revenue for the WSP.
- vi. Increase hours of supply to the low-income areas.
- vii. Reduce cases of waterborne diseases among people living in low-income areas.
- viii. Increase water coverage

#### Progress on attainment of strategic development objectives

For purposes of implementing and cascading the above development objectives to specific sectors, all the development objectives were made specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bund (SMART) and converted into development outcomes. Attendant indicators were identified for reasons of tracking progress and performance measurement:

•

Below we provide the progress on attaining the stated objectives:

Project	Objective	Outcome	Indicator	Performance
Nambale -Mjini-Provision of clean andMayenje Water Projectsafe water to the targeturban noor nonulation	Provision of clean and safe water to the target urban noor nonulation	Supply of clean water to the target beneficiaries	Target population now have access to clean water	Improved access to clean water
	Tommadad tood man			
	Improve metering ratio	Increase number of	Number of metred	Reduction of non-
		metered customers	customers increased	revenue water
	Reduction of non-	Reduced non-revenue	Percentage of non-	Overall deduction in
	revenue water	water	revenue reduced	non-revenue water
	Reduce cases of water	Improved hygiene and	Reduced incidence of	Cases of water borne
	borne diseases among	importance of safe	water borne related	related diseases reduced.
	people living in low-	drinking water	diseases	
	income areas			

#### 4. Environmental and Sustainability reporting

BUWASSCO exists to transform lives. This is our purpose; the driving force behind everything we do. It's what guides us to deliver our strategy. Below is a brief highlight of our activities that drive towards sustainability.

#### 1. Sustainability strategy and profile

The project articulates to sustains itself through operational sustainability in the following key areas of the project. First, Water Kiosk and Yard Taps. We ensure maintenance schedule of water kiosks are maintained, training the water operators to maintain quality service delivery, monthly inspection of the water kiosks.

Line patrols, inspection and community sensitization and stakeholder involvement in water service delivery will be enhanced

Busia Water and Sewerage Service Company Limited will also work closely with the National and County Government administration structures in dealing with unauthorised water vendors.

#### 2. Environmental performance

Through the project, the borehole has been solarised. Solar is a renewable source of energy with near zero carbon emission to the environment. This plays a key role towards environmental protection.

The Company also seek to participate and contribute to a cleaner environment as per The National Environment Act of 2019 and ensure strict adherence to affluent discharge standards as prescribed by WASREB. This has since increased the Company's involvement in community welfare which includes clean up exercises especially in towns within its areas of jurisdiction and by so doing reduces impact on the environmental pollution. The company also actively gets involved in tree planting in its various Stations.

#### 3. Employee welfare

The success of the company is based on its people. The Company seek to recruit, retain, reward and develop the best talent in the company. It recognises the need to inculcate among our employees the culture of being sensitive to safety, security, society and the environment. This ensures that employees act with integrity and responsibility with the

people they deal with and the environment they interact with. It trains employees to value each other, provide necessary support systems for people with different needs and have a system in place that encourages acceptance of cultural diversity. Further, it continually seeks to improve its employees through structured programs for personal and professional development.

Regarding Occupational Health and Safety, The Company aim to ensure a safe and healthy working environment for all our employees and customers. The Company aims to comply with all relevant legislation, regulations and best practice guidelines recommended by national health and safety authorities. It also liaises with staff regarding policies and practices so that it can continue to maintain a healthy, safe and enjoyable work

#### 4. Market place practices-

#### a) Responsible Supply chain and supplier relations-

The Company has always ensured that its suppliers are paid as quickly as possible to prevent lack of service delivery when goods and services are required urgently. The Company has also ensured that it enhances its transport section as a stop gap measure whenever its suppliers cannot deliver goods at its procurement stores

#### b) Responsible ethical practices

Busia Water and Sewerage Company ensures that there is strict adherence to the Public Procurement and Assets Disposals Act of 2015 and The Competitions Act of 2012 is all its business transactions.

#### c) Regulatory impact assessment

Being a County Government entity, the Company only utilized public Barraza's and clinics to advertise its services to the public. However further efforts are being developed to ensure that branded tents, seats and chairs are used as a marketing strategy during these events

#### 5. Community Engagements

In this project, the target beneficiary and other stakeholder have been effectively been engaged throughout the project lounge and subsequent Community barazas have been organized to facilitate proper community engagement.

#### Statement of Project Management responsibilities

5.

**The** *Managing Director Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited* and the *Project Coordinator* for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water *project* are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Project's financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Project for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on June 30, 2023.

This responsibility includes (i) Maintaining adequate financial management arrangement and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period, (ii)Maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the project, (iii)Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud,(iv) safeguarding the assets of the project, (v)Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and (v)Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Managing Director for Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and the *Project Coordinator* for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water project accept responsibility for the Project's financial statements, which have been prepared on the Accrual Basis Method of Financial Reporting, using appropriate accounting policies in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards.

The Managing Director for Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and the *Project Coordinator* for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water project are of the opinion that the Project's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Project's transactions during the financial year/period ended June 30, 2023, and of the Project's financial position as at that date. The Managing Director for Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and the *Project Coordinator* for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water project further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Project, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Project financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

The Managing Director for Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and the *Project Coordinator* for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water project confirm that the Project has

complied fully with applicable Government Regulations and the terms of external financing covenants, and that Project funds received during the financial year/period under audit were used for the eligible purposes for which they were intended and were properly accounted for.

#### **Approval of the Project Financial Statements**

The Project financial statements were approved by the Managing Director for Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and the Project Coordinator for Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water project.

HA TE

Name Thomas Quambo Name Tophen Orgango Managing Director Project Coordinator

Name **Project Accountant** 

## **REPUBLIC OF KENYA**

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS Anniversary Towers Monrovia Street P.O. Box 30084-00100 NAIROBI

#### REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON NAMBALE-MJINI-MAYENJE WATER PROJECT GRANT/CREDIT NUMBER 08W/BUSIA/BUSIA/97 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023

#### PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Qualified Opinion**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project set out on pages 1 to 17, which comprise the statement of financial assets as at

30 June, 2023, and the statement of receipts and payments, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project as at 30 June, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Financing Contract between Busia Water and Sewerage Company Limited and Water Sector Trust Fund on 6 April, 2022.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

#### **Unsupported Expenditure**

The statement of receipts and payments reflects an amount of Kshs.1,094,498 in respect of purchase of goods and services as disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements. However, out of the amount, expenditure totalling Kshs.733,000 was not supported by payment vouchers and related documents.

In the circumstances, accuracy, completeness and propriety of expenditure of Kshs.733,000 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

#### **Other Matter**

#### **Budgetary Control and Performance**

The statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts reflects budgeted receipts of Kshs.18,640,493 against actual income of Kshs.8,067,759 resulting to an undercollection of Kshs.10,572,734 or 57% of the budget. The statement further reflects

budgeted expenditure of Kshs.18,640,493 against actual expenditure of Kshs.5,922,711 resulting to an under-expenditure of Kshs.12,717,782 or 68% of the budget.

The under-funding and under-expenditure may have affected the planned activities and impacted negatively on service delivery to the public.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

#### Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

#### **Basis for Conclusion**

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

#### Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter described in the Basis for Conclusion on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance section of my report, I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

#### Basis for Conclusion

#### Lack of Internal Audit Function

During the year under review, the Project did not have an internal audit function, contrary to Section 155(1) of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 which states that, a County Government Entity shall make appropriate arrangements for conducting internal audit according to the guidelines issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

As a result, internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether effective processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were

operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Cash Basis) and for maintaining effective internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control, risk management and governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Project's ability to sustain services, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to terminate the Project or to cease its operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

#### Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities,

Report of the Auditor-General on Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project Grant/Credit Number 08W/Busia/Busia/97 for the year ended 30 June, 2023

financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal control in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the Project's policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Project's ability to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Project to cease to sustain its services.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Project to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

03 November, 2023

.

7. Statement of Receipts and Payments for the year ended 30th June 2023.

					Receipt	Paym		
	Note	Receipts and payments controlled by the entity	rayme nts made by third parties	Total	s and paymen t controll ed by the entity	ents made by third partie s	Total	Cumulative to-date (From inception)
		2	2022-2023			2021-2022		
Receipts		Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs.
Grant from WSTF	1	5,964,957.60	0	5,964,958.6				
VAT Contribution-BUWASSCO	1	2,102,800	0	2,102,800				
Total receipts		8,067,757.6	0	8,067,758.6				
Payments								
Purchase of goods and services	5	1094,498	0	1094,498				
Acquisition of non-financial assets	3	4,826,040.15	0	4,826,040.15				
Bank Charges	4	2172.80	0	2172.80				
Total payments		5,922,710.95		5,922,710.95				
Surplus/ (deficit)		2,145,046.65		2,145,046.65				

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

	Name	Project Accountant
	Name	<b>Project Coordinator</b>
		<b>Managing Director</b>

#### Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023

# 8. Statement of Financial Assets as at 30<sup>th</sup> June 2023

Description	Note	2022-2023	2021-2022
		Kshs	Kshs
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash equivalents			
Bank Balances	5	2,145,046.65	
Cash Balances			
Cash equivalents (Short-term deposits)			
Total Cash and Cash equivalents		2,145,046.65	
Imprests and Advances			
Total Financial Assets		2,145,046.65	
Financial Liabilities			
Net Assets		2,145,046.65	
Represented By			
Fund Balance B/fwd.		0	
Prior Year adjustments		0	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year		2,145,046.65	
Net Financial Position		2,145,046.65	

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The financial statements were approved on  $\underline{915}$  2022 and signed by:

Æ

A Constant of the second secon

top mele Name Codae Mille **Project Accountant** 

Name Thomas Quanto Name Stephen Onsango Managing Director Project Coordinator

2

# 9. Statement of Cashflow for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June 2023

Description	Notes	2022-2023	2021-2022
		Kshs	Kshs
Cashflow from operating activities			
Receipts			
Proceeds from domestic grants	1	5,964,957.60	
Miscellaneous receipts	1	2,102,800	
Total receipts		8,067,757.60	
Payments			
Purchase of goods and services	2	1,094,498	
Bank charges	4	2172.80	
Total Payments		1,096,670.80	
Net receipts/(payments)		6,971,086.80	
Adjustments during the year			
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable			
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable:			
Net cash flow from operating activities		6,971,086.80	
Cashflow from investing activities			
Acquisition of non-financial assets		(4,826,040.15)	
Net cash flows from investing activities		(4,826,040.15)	
Cash flow from financing activities			
Net cash flow from financing activities			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,145,046.65	
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the year		0	
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the year	5	2,145,046.65	

The accounting policies and explanatory notes to these financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements. The entity financial statements were approved on \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2023 and signed by:

Name Thomas Giambo Managing Director Project Coordinator

nel Name Robe Project Accountant alle

Receipts/Payments Item	Original Budget Adjust	timents Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilization Difference	% Of Utilization
	a	b c=a+b	р	e=c-d	f=d/c %
Receipts					
WSTF	15,658,013.70	15,658,013.70	5,964,957.60	9693056.10	38%
BUWASSCO	2,982,478.80	2,982,478.80	2,102,800	879,678.80	71%
Total Receipts	18,640,492.5	18,640,492.5	8,067,757.6	10,572,734.9	
Payments					
Supervision Transport	195,000	195000	295000	-100000	151%
Printing papers	3000	3000	3000	0	100%
Tonners/Cartridges	30,000	30,000	30000	0	100%
Airtime-Project team	18,000	18,000	0006	9,000	50%
Project task team allowance	120,000	120,000	87000	33000	73%
Branding	40,000	40,000	0	40,000	0%0
ESIA Assessment	200,000	200,000	180,498	19502	90%
Bank charges	0	0	2172.80	-2172.80	
Project Lauch	80,000	80,000	80000	0	100%
Flyers, poster and brochures	40,000	40,000	40,000	0	100%
Drama and performance	20,000	20,000	20,000	0	100%
Baraza	90,000	90,000	90,000	0	100%
Stakeholder's workshop	200,000	200,000	200,000	0	100%
Mass media programme	50,000	50,000	0	50000	0%0
School/Public Clinic Hygiene	40,000	40,000	20000	20000	50%
Public notices using megaphones	10,000	10,000	10000	0	0%0
UPC Long banner	10,000	10,000	10000	0	100%
PPEs	20,000	20,000	20000	0	100%
Training of Kiosks	70,000	70,000	0	70000	%0

. .

S

Receipts/Payments Item	Original Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilization Difference	% Of Utilization
Project commissioning	100,000		100,000	0	100,000	%0
Metering-750-15mm	5,852,000		5,852,000	0	5,852,000	0%0
Pipeline extension	4,272,100		4,272,100	2,330,175.90	1,941,924.10	55%
Storage tank	620,000		620,000	0	620,000	0%0
Solarization	3,265,500		3,265,500	2,495,864.25	769,635.75	76%
Labour metering	307,250		307,250	0	307,250	0%0
Labour pipeline	2,050,000		2,050,000	0	2,050,000	%0
Labour tank	50,000		50,000	0	50,000	%0
contingency	887,642.50		887,642.50	0	887,642.50	%0
Total Payments	18,640,492.5		18,640,492.5	5,922,710.95	12,717,781.55	32%
Surplus or Deficit	0		0	2,145,046.65		

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023

Nambale-Miini-Mayenje Water Project

Note: The significant budget utilisation/performance differences in the last column are explained in Annex 1 to these financial statements.

Name Thomas I Quamba Managing Director

Name Ten Who Charache Project Coordinator .....

Name Rodger Mill

**Project Accountant** 

#### **11. Significant Accounting Policies**

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

#### **10.1** Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Cash-basis IPSAS financial reporting under the cash basis of accounting, as prescribed by the PSASB and set out in the accounting policy note below. This cash basis of accounting has been supplemented with accounting for; a) receivables that include imprests and salary advances and b) payables that include deposits and retentions. The financial statements comply with and conform to the form of presentation prescribed by the PSASB.

The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

#### **10.2 Reporting entity**

The financial statements are for Busia-Port Victoria Household Sanitation Project an entity of Busia County Under the ministry of Water, Irrigation ,Environment. The financial statements are for the reporting entity Busia-Port Victoria Household Sanitation Project as required by Section 81 of the PFM Act, 2012.

#### 10.3 Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Kshs), which is the functional and reporting currency of the Project and all values are rounded to the nearest Kenya Shilling.

#### **10.4 Recognition of receipts**

Busia-Port Victoria Household Sanitation Project recognises all receipts from the various sources when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been received.

#### i) Transfers from the Exchequer

Transfer from Exchequer is recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when payment instruction is issued to the bank and notified to the receiving entity.

#### ii) External Assistance

External assistance is monies received through grants and loans from multilateral and bilateral development partners.

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### iii) Other receipts

These include Appropriation-in-Aid and relates to receipts such as proceeds from disposal of assets and sale of tender documents. These are recognized in the financial statements at the time associated cash is received.

#### iv) Donations and grants

Grants and donations shall be recognized in the books of accounts when cash is received. Cash is considered as received when a payment advice is received by the recipient entity or by the beneficiary. In case of grant/donation in kind, such grants are recorded upon receipt of the grant item and upon determination of the value. The date of the transaction is the value date indicated on the payment advice.

#### v) Proceeds from borrowing

Borrowing includes external loans acquired by the Project or any other debt the Project may take and will be treated on cash basis and recognized as a receipt during the year they were received.

#### vi) Undrawn external assistance

These are loans and grants at reporting date as specified in a binding agreement and relate to funding for the Project currently under development where conditions have been satisfied or their ongoing satisfaction is highly likely and the project is anticipated to continue to completion. An analysis of the Project's undrawn external assistance is shown in the funding summary.

#### 10.5 Recognition of payments

The Project recognises all payments when the event occurs, and the related cash has actually been paid out by the Project.

#### i) Compensation to employees

Salaries and Wages, Allowances, Statutory Contribution for employees are recognized in the period when the compensation is paid.

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### ii) Use of goods and services

Goods and services are recognized as payments in the period when the goods/services are consumed and paid for. If not paid for during the period where goods/services are consumed, they shall be disclosed as pending bills.

#### iii) Interest on borrowing

Borrowing costs that include interest are recognized as payment in the period in which they incur and paid for.

#### iv) Repayment of borrowing (principal amount)

The repayment of principal amount of borrowing is recognized as payment in the period in which the repayment is made. The stock of debt is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

#### v) Acquisition of fixed assets

The payment on acquisition of property plant and equipment items is not capitalized. The cost of acquisition and proceeds from disposal of these items are treated as payments and receipts items respectively. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration and the fair value of the asset can be reliably established, a contra transaction is recorded as receipt and as a payment.

A fixed asset register is maintained by each public entity and a summary provided for purposes of consolidation. This summary is disclosed as an annexure to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 10.6 In-kind donations

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the Project in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the Project includes such value in the statement of receipts and payments both as receipts and as payments in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

## Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## 10.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank, short-term deposits on call and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Central Bank of Kenya and at various commercial banks at the end of the financial year.

For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

#### 10.8 Restriction on cash

Restricted cash represents amounts that are limited/restricted from being used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. This cash is limited for direct use as required by stipulation. Amounts maintained in deposit bank accounts are restricted for use in refunding third part deposits.

#### 10.9 Imprests and Advances

For the purposes of these financial statements, imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year is treated as receivables. This is in recognition of the government practice where the imprest payments are recognized as payments when fully accounted for by the imprest or AIE holders. This is an enhancement to the cash accounting policy. Other accounts receivables are disclosed in the financial statements.

#### 10.10 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is:

- a) A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity; or
- b) A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:

## Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

- i) It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; or
- ii) The amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Some of contingent liabilities may arise from: litigation in progress, guarantees, indemnities. Letters of comfort/ support, insurance, Public Private Partnerships,

The Entity does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses details of any contingencies in the notes to the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote.

Annex 5 of this financial statement is a register of the contingent liabilities in the year.

## 10.11 Contingent Assets

*Busia Water & Sewerage service company* does not recognize a contingent asset, but discloses details of a possible asset whose existence is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of *Busia Water & Sewerage service company* in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent assets are assessed continually to ensure that developments are appropriately reflected in the financial statements. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits or service potential will arise and the asset's value can be measured reliably, the asset and the related revenue are recognized in the financial statements of the period in which the change occurs.

#### 10.12 Pending bills

Pending bills consist of unpaid liabilities at the end of the financial year arising from contracted goods or services during the year or in past years. As pending bills do not involve the payment of cash in the reporting period, they recorded as 'memorandum' or 'off-balance' When the pending bills are finally settled, such payments are included in the statement of receipts and payments in the year in which the payments are made.

#### Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

#### 10.13 Budget

The budget is developed on a comparable accounting basis (cash basis), the same accounts classification basis (except for accounts receivable - outstanding imprest and clearance accounts and accounts payable - deposits, which are accounted for on an accrual basis), and for the same period as the financial statements. The Project's budget was approved as required by Law and National Treasury Regulations, as well as by the participating development partners, as detailed in the Government of Kenya Budget Printed Estimates for the year. The Development Projects are budgeted for under the MDAs but receive budgeted funds as transfers and account for them separately. These transfers are recognised as inter-entity transfers and are eliminated upon consolidation. A high-level assessment of the Project's actual performance against the comparable budget for the financial year/period under review has been *included in an annex to these financial statements*.

#### 10.14 Third party payments

The project had no third-party payment during this financial year reporting.

#### 10.15 Exchange rate differences

The accounting records are maintained in the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the Project operates, Kenya Shillings. Transactions in foreign currencies during the year/period are converted into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Any foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of receipts and payments.

## Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

## **10.16 Comparative figures**

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year/period have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in financial statement presentation.

## 10.17 Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year/period end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## 10.18 Prior period adjustments

There have been no Prior period adjustments noted this financial period.

Nambale-Mjini-Mayenje Water Project Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023

.

¥ 2

12. Notes to the Financial Statements

# 1. Proceeds From Domestic Grants

During the financial period to 30 June 2023, we received grants from donors as detailed in the table below:

Name of Donor	Date received	Amount received in donor currency	Grants received in cash	Grants received as direct payment*	Grants received in kind	Total amount in Kshs	t in Kshs
						2022-2023	2021-2022
			Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Grants Received							
(i)Grants Received from WSTF	26/4/2023		5,964,957.60	0	0	0 5,964,957.60	
Others							
(ii)VAT Contribution-BUWASSCO	15/4/2023		2,102,800	0	0	2,102,800	
Total			8,067,757.6	0	0	0 8,067,757.6	

# Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

# 2. Purchase of Goods and Services

		2022/20	23	2021/2022	
	Payments made in Cash	Payments made by third parties	Total payments	Total paym ents	Cumulative to- date
	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Supervision Transport	295,000	0	295,000		
Printing papers	3000	0	3000		
Tonners/Cartridges	30000	0	30000		
Airtime-Project team	9000	0	9000		
Project task team allowance	87000	0	87000		
ESIA Assessment	180498	0	180498		
Project Lauch	80000	0	80000		
Flyers, poster and brochures	40000	0	40000		
Drama and performance	20000	0	20000		
Baraza	90000	0	90000		
Stakeholders workshop	200000	0	200000		
School/Public Clinic Hygiene	20000	0	20000		
Public notices using megaphones	10000	0	10000		
UPC Long banner	10000	0	10000		
PPEs	20000	0	20000		
Total	<u>1,094,498</u>		1,094,498		

[Provide explanation as necessary]

## Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

## 3. Acquisition of Non-Financial Assets

	Payments made in Cash	Paymen ts made by third parties 2022-2023	Total payments	Total pay ment s 2021 - 2022	Cumul ative to- date
	Kshs.	Kshs.	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs
Pipeline extension by 10km	2,330,175.90	0	2,330,175.90		
Solarization 11 kw Borehole	2,495,864.25	0	2,495,864.25		
Total	<u>4,826,040.15</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,826,040.15</u>		

## 4. Bank Charges

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
	Kshs	Kshs
Bank Charges	2172.80	0
Total	2172.8	0
Cash equivalents (short-term deposits) (Note 8.13C)	0	0
Total	<u>2175.80</u>	

# 5. Cash And Cash equivalents

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
	Kshs	Kshs
Bank accounts (Note 5.A)	2,145,046.65	0
Cash in hand	0	0
Cash equivalents	0	0
Total	2,145,046.65	<u>0</u>

Nambale-Mjini Mayenje Water Project has ONE project account bank managed by Busia Water and Sewerage Services Company as listed below.

# . A Bank Accounts

# **Project Bank Accounts**

Details	2022-2023	2021-2022
	Kshs	Kshs
Local Currency Accounts		
CO-OPERATIVE Bank (A/C No 01141242584501)	2,145,046.65	0
Total local currency balances	2,145,046.65	
Total bank account balances	2,145,046.65	

Nambale-Mjini Mayenje Water Project Reports and Financial Statements For the financial year ended June 30, 2023

. .

13. Annexes

Annex1 - Variance explanations - Comparative Budget and Actual amounts for FY 2022-2023

	Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilization Difference	% Of Utilization	Comments on Variance (below 90% and over 100%
	а	q	c=a-b	d=b/a %	
Receipts					
					Other disbursement
Grant from Water Sector Trust Fund	15,658,013.70	5,964,957.60	9,693,056.10	38%	expected in the
					month of July 2023
					Other VAT
					payment
VAT Contribution-BUWASSCO	2,982,478.80	2,102,800	879,678.80	71%	pending to be
					created in the month of Inte
					2023
Total Receipts	18,640,492.5	8,067,757.6	10,572,734.9		
Payments					
Purchase of goods and services	1,336,000	1,094,498	241,502	81	Within budget
Acquisition of non-financial assets					Work still
					under progress
	16,416,850	4,826,040.15	11,590,809.85	29	and release of
					second
					disbursement

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023 Nambale-Mjini Mayenje Water Project

-

• • •

.

	Final Budget	Actual on Comparable Basis	Budget Utilization Difference	% Of Utilization	Comments on Variance (below 90% and over 100%
Finance Costs	0	2172.80			
Contingencies	887,642.50	0		%0	
TOTALS	18,640,492.5	5,922,710.95			

	tunual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023	ransfers
Nambale-Mjini Mayenje Water Project	Annual Report and Financial Statem	Annex 2: Reconciliation of inter-entity transfers

Project Name:	ame:			
Break do	Break down of transfers from the Water Sector Trust Fund	ector Trust Fund		
a. Governm	Government Counterpart funding			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
			0	
		Total	0	
B. Direct pa	Direct payments (WSTF)			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
		16-Apr-23	5,964,957.60	2022-2023
		Total	5,964,957.6	
C. Others (B	Others (BUWASSCO VAT Contribution)			
		Bank Statement Date	Amount (Kshs)	Indicate the FY to which the amounts relate
		27-Jul-22	2000	2022-2023
		19-Dec-22	1000	2022-2023
		20-Jan-23	100,000	2022-2023
		13-Apr-23	00.006,999	2022-2023
		13-Apr-23	00.006,999	2022-2023
		Total	2,102,800	
		Total (A+B+C)	8,067,757.60	

¥ , ,					
	ed June 30, 2023 he Water Sector Trust Fund.	Head of Accounting Unit WSTF Sign			
	Nambale-Mjini Mayenje Water Project Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2023 The above amounts have been communicated to and reconciled with the Water Sector Trust Fund.	Project Coordinator Busia Water and Sewerage Service Company LTD. Sign			