

REPORT THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

PARLIAMENT OF KENYA LIBRARY

2 3 FEB 2024

OF

Hon Naomi Wage, mr Deputy majority whip

THE AUDITOR-GENERAL

ON

VETERINARY SERVICES
DEVELOPMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023



MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT

STATE DEPARTMENT FOR LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT VETERINARY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT FUND (VSDF)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIALYEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared in accordance with the Accrual Basis of Accounting Method under the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS)

1.	KEY ENTITY INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT
2.	STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS
3.	MANAGEMENT TEAM
4.	CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT
6.	REPORT OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATOR
7.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT
8.	REPORT OF THE VSDF FUND MANAGER
9.	STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENTS' RESPONSIBILITIES
10. VET	REPORT OF THE OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE ERINARY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT FUND (VSD
11.	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 202314
12.	STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023
14. 9	STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023
15. 5 18	STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023
	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS20
APP	ENDIX

1. KEY ENTITY INFORMATION AND MANAGEMENT

(a) Background information

The VSDF was created under the Exchequer and Audit Act Cap 412 through Legal Notice No. 109 of May 1996 with the Permanent Secretary in charge of the Ministry of Livestock being the accounting officer. An amount of K£1,000 was appropriated by Parliament and was provided during the Financial year 1996/97.

(b) Principal Activities

The VSDF is run under the State Department for Livestock at Kabete with a major aim of preventing and controlling animal diseases and pests to safeguard human health, improve animal welfare, increase livestock productivity, ensure high quality livestock and their products and facilitate domestic and international trade. It also hopes to provide and facilitate efficient veterinary services for production of safe and high-quality animals, animal products and by-products and promote trade and industrial growth in a sustainable environment.

In general, more that profit motive, it is driven by need to serve the general public by ensuring consumption of safe animal products in a hygienic environment while keeping and maintaining health animal in an effort to achieve self-sustainability and promotion of both internal and external trade in animal products.

(c) Key Management

The Veterinary Services Development Fund day-to-day management is under the following key organs:

Principal Secretary:

Director Veterinary Services:

Fund Manager:

Deputy Accountant General:

Finance Officer:

Procurement Officer:

- Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke

- Dr. Obadiah Njagi PhD

- Dr. Peter Mung'athia

- CPA Joseph Nyamora

- Mr. Patrick Ngicuru

- Mr. Kelvin Ndiuki

(d) Fiduciary Management

The key management personnel who held office during the financial year ended 30th June 2023 and who had direct fiduciary responsibility were:

No.	Designation	Name
1.	Principal Secretary	Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke
2.	Director Veterinary Services	Dr. Obadiah Njagi, PhD
3.	Fund Manager	Dr. Peter Mungathia
4	Accountant	CPA Joseph Nyamora
5	Finance officer	Mr. Patrick Ngicuru
6	Procurement officer	Mr. Kelvin Ndiuki

(e) Fiduciary Oversight Arrangements

Veterinary Services Development Fund (VSDF) operates under the VSDF Steering Committee only.

(f) Entity Headquarters

Private Bag Kangemi 00625 VetLabsKabete Off Waiyaki Way Nairobi, Kenya

Tel: 020-8043441

E-mail: infodvs@kilimo.go.ke

(g) EntityContacts

Private Bag Kangemi 00625 VetLabs Kabete Off Waiyaki Way Nairobi, Kenya

Tel: 020-8043441

E-mail: infodvs@kilimo.go.ke

(h) Entity Bankers

Kenya Commercial Bank Sarit Centre Branch P.O. Box 14959 Westlands 00800 Nairobi, Kenya

(i) Independent Auditors

Auditor General Office of the Auditor General Anniversary Towers, University Way P.O. Box 30084 GPO 00100 Nairobi, Kenya

(j) Principal Legal Adviser

The Attorney General State Law Office Harambee Avenue P.O. Box 40112 City Square 00200

2. STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS.

Ref	COMMITTEE MEMBERS	Details
1.	Dr. Joshua Chepchieng.	Secretary Administration State Department for Livestock Development; Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development.
		Director of Veterinary Services. He has served in the Directorate of veterinary services for over 30 years since graduating with a bachelor's degree in Veterinary Medicine in 1988. He holds a Master's Degree in Veterinary
2.	Dr. Obadiah Njagi, PhD.	Pathology and a PhD in Veterinary Immunology.
3.	Dr. Peter Mbatha	Senior Deputy Director of Veterinary Services BVM (UoN), MSc (UoN). State Department for Livestock Development; Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development.
	Mindle Control	VSDF (Fund) Manager Deputy Director of Veterinary Services BVM
4.	Dr. Peter Mung'athia.	(UoN), State Department for Livestock Development; Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development
5.	Norah Kandie.	Deputy Director – Leather development BSc (UoN) State Department for Livestock Development; Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development.



CPA Joseph Nyamora.

Deputy Accountant General

CPA(K), Head of Accounting Unit State Department for Livestock Development; Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development

3. MANAGEMENT TEAM

6.

Ref	Management	Details
1.	Dr. Obadiah Njagi, PhD.	Director of Veterinary Services He is the cheque signatory to the fund and also payments Approver.
2.	Dr. Peter Mungathia.	VSDF (Fund) Manager Deputy Director of Veterinary Services
		Deputy Accountant General Head of Accounting Unit State Department for Livestock Development. He is the cheque signatory.
3.	CPA Joseph Nyamora.	

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

The Accounting officer who is the Fund Administrator has the responsibility of appointing the steering committee which is under the control of the chairman.

The Chairman provides leadership and governance of the Fund and creates conditions for overall committee and individual member's effectiveness by ensuring that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the committee in a timely manner. The chairman ensures that the committee plays a full and constructive part in the development and determination of the Fund's strategies and policies. He also ensures that the Fund is supplied with timely and sufficient information to enable it discharges

Some of the key Fund's achievements during the financial year under review included the following:-

- Preparation of the FY 2023/2024 Annual Budget and Work plan and presenting it to the steering committee for discussion and further forwarding to the National Treasury for Approval.
- Approved and continually monitored the implementation of the Fund's annual operating Plans
- Implemented strict Revenue Collection measures which necessitated correction of the same to a tune of over Kenya shillings One hundred thirty eight million (138,000,000) against the set target of Kshs. 130,000,000.
- Facilitated procurement of goods and services for provision of national veterinary services
- Promotion of food safety by monitoring of veterinary drugs/ chemical residues in honey, meat and milk as per residue monitoring plans and inspection, licensing and approval of facilities dealing with animals, animal products, animal genetics and feeds.
- Accreditation of veterinary laboratories to ISO/IEC 17025
- Capacity building of stakeholders and counties in a wide range of livestock matters including regulations and supervisions. The fund was also used in monitoring, evaluation, supervision and reporting of levels of implementation of various capital projects under the directorate of

Dr. Joshua Chepchieng

VSDF Steering Committee Chair.

5. STATEMENT OF VETERINARY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT FUND PERFORMANCE AGAINST PREDETERMINED OBJECTIVES FOR FY 2022/2023

The mandate of the VSDF is to provide funds for the development and delivery of veterinary services

The vision for the VSDF is to be the most efficient and formidable Fund to steer delivery of quality veterinary services.

The Mission of the Fund is to raise revenues for efficient and sustainable delivery of veterinary services.

Directorate specific objectives

- a) Development and review of national policies for the animal resource industry.
- b) Disease investigation, surveillance, diagnosis, reporting and notification.
- c) Sanitary control for imports and exports of animals, animal products, feedstuffs and veterinary products.
- d) Management of ports of entry veterinary services.
- e) Export and import quality control, inspection and certification of animals, animal products, feedstuffs and veterinary products.
- f) Development of national disease management strategies and trans-boundary animal disease control programmes.
- g) The World Trade Organization (WTO) enquiry point on animal health measures.
- h) Integration of regional and international animal health measures, inputs and standards under agreements, conventions and treaties ratified by Kenya. Such treaties include the EAC treaty, COMESA treaty, the WTO Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Standards, the OIE treaty and the Codex Alimentarius Commission standards.
- i) Development and review of national animal disaster management strategies.
- j) Capacity building and technical assistance to counties.
- k) National Veterinary Service providers shall collaborate with the Kenya Fisheries Service and Kenya Wildlife Service in matters of fish and wildlife health respectively.
- 1) National Veterinary Service providers shall collaborate with the Ministry responsible for health services in matters of zoonoses and the 'One Health approach'.

ACHIEVEMENTS WITHIN THE FINANCIAL YEAR

During this financial year, the Directorate of Veterinary Services continued to provide accessible and effective veterinary services for production of safe and high-quality animal and animal products in a sustainable environment while promoting trade, industrial growth and food security for Kenya. The Directorate continued to enhance consultation and cooperation as the basis of mutual relations between national and county governments in the delivery of veterinary services.

The following activities were carried out;

- Development and review of national policies and strategies which included development of leather development strategy, Development of animal genetics trade standards, and Development of key bills; - Animal Health bill, Animal Welfare and Protection bill and Veterinary Public Health bill.
- Facilitation of domestic and international trade in livestock and livestock products.
- Monitoring and evaluation of revenue collection in Veterinary investigation Laboratories (VILs), Veterinary Farms and at Export Slaughter houses.
- Disease and pest surveillance undertaken in Kenya in sentinel herds and apiaries
- Capacity building of stakeholders in the disease control strategies, veterinary public health, animal breeding and value addition of hides and skins.
- Enhancement of food safety through inspection and licensing of premises processing food of animal origin.
- Laboratory test to support disease detection, Antimicrobial resistance surveillance and residues detection in animal products commodity trade.

6. REPORT OF THE FUND ADMINISTRATOR.

The Accounting officer who is the Fund Administrator Responsibilities' are clearly articulated as per the Legal Notice No. 109 of the Exchequer and audit Act Cap. 412. He is the officer charged with the responsibility of administering the Fund with the following duties: -

- Supervise and control the administration of the fund.
- Consult with the Cabinet Secretary for the time being responsible for matters relating to Veterinary services as may from time be required.
- ➤ If he thinks fit, impose Conditions on the use of any Expenditure Authorized by him or on his behalf and may impose any responsible Prohibition, Restriction or other Requirement Concerning such use of Expenditure.
- Cause to be kept all proper Books of Accounts and other Books and Records relating to the Fund and to all the various Activities and undertakings Financed by the Fund.
- ➤ Prepare, sign and transmit to the Auditor-General, in respect of each Financial year and within four months after the fund in such form as the treasury may from time to time direct in accordance with section 18 (2) of the Act.

The Fund Administrator accept responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the Legal Notice No. 109 of the Exchequer and audit Act Cap. 412. The Fund Administrator is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2023, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date. The Fund Administrator further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Management to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Sign....

Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke

Accounting Officer

Date 27/11/2023

Veterina	ary Services	Developm	ent Fund
Annual	Reports and	l Financial	Statements
For the	year ended	June 30, 20	23.

7. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Veterinary Services Development Fund is under the Management of a steering committee appointed by the fund Administrator who is the Principal Secretary and has the role of Overseeing the approval and review of all overall strategies for the utilization of the fund, initiate policy, legal review and VSDF management structure. The steering committee is composed of the following:

i. Principal Secretary.

The Principal Secretary or his Representative is the fund administrator and the Chair to the steering committee. He can attend in person or can appoint his representative. During the financial ended the PS representative was Dr. Joshua Chepchieng

ii. Director Veterinary Services/His Representative

The Director Veterinary Services is a member to the committee. He can attend in person or can appoint his representative. Dr. Obadiah Njagi, PhD, was the DVS during the year.

iii. VSDF Manager

The VSDF Manager is the Secretary to the fund and is responsible for the day to day operations of the fund on behalf of the DVS. During the year under review Dr. Peter Mung'athia was the VSDF Manager in charge.

iv. Head Accounting Unit

The Head Accounting Unit is a member to the committee. CPA. Joseph Nyamora represented the Head Accounting Unit for the year under review.

y. Head Budget and Finance

Head Budget and Finance is a member to the committee. Dr. Peter Mbatha represented the Budget and Finance for the year under review.

vi. Head Leather Development

Head Leather Development Unit is a member to the committee. Norah Kandie represented the Head Leather Development Unit for the year under review.

Steering Committee meetings

The Steering Committeemeets at least once every quarter depending on the exigencies of the business. During the FY 2022/2023, three steering committee meeting were held.

8. REPORT OF THE VSDF FUND MANAGER.

The Steering Committee submit their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 which show the state of the Veterinary Services Development Fund affairs.

i) Principal activities

The principal activities of the Veterinary Services Development Fund are and continue to be prevention and control of animal diseases and pests to safeguard human health, improve animal welfare, increase livestock productivity, ensure high quality livestock and their products and facilitate domestic and international trade. It also hopes to provide and facilitate efficient veterinary services for production of safe and high-quality animals, animal products and by-products and promote trade and industrial growth in a sustainable environment.

In general, more that profit motive, it is driven by need to serve the general public by ensuring consumption of safe animal products in a hygienic environment while keeping and maintaining health animal in an effort to achieve self-sustainability and promotion of both internal and external trade in animal products.

ii) Results

The results of the entity for the year ended June 30, 2023, are set out on pages 1-5.

iii) Surplus remission

In accordance with Regulation 219 (2) of the Public Financial Management (National Government) Regulations, regulatory entities shall remit into Consolidated Fund, ninety per centum of its surplus funds reported in the audited financial statements after the end of each financial year. There was no any remittance made by the fund to the Consolidated Fund.

iv) Auditors

The Auditor General is responsible for the statutory audit of the Veterinary Services Development Fund in accordance with Article229 of the Constitution of Kenya and the Public Audit Act 2015.

Sign. Tutues

Dr. Peter Mung'athia VSDF Fund Manager.

Date 20/11/2023

9.

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENTS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Management's Responsibilities are clearly articulated as per the Legal Notice No. 109 of the Exchequer and audit Act Cap. 412. He is the officer charged with the responsibility of administering the Fund with the following duties: -

- Supervise and control the administration of the fund.
- Consult with the Cabinet Secretary for the time being responsible for matters relating to Veterinary services as May from time be required.
- If he thinks fit, impose Conditions on the use of any Expenditure Authorized by him or on his behalf and may impose any responsible Prohibition, Restriction or other Requirement Concerning such use of Expenditure.
- Cause to be kept all proper Books of Accounts and other Books and Records relating to the Fund and to all the various Activities and undertakings Financed by the Fund.
- Prepare, sign and transmit to the Auditor-General, in respect of each Financial year and within four months after the fund in such form as the treasury may from time to time direct in accordance with section 18 (2) of the Act.

The steering committee accept responsibility for the Fund's financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS), and in the manner required by the Legal Notice No. 109 of the Exchequer and audit Act Cap. 412. The steering committee is of the opinion that the Fund's financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of Fund's transactions during the financial year ended June 30, 2023, and of the Fund's financial position as at that date. The steering committee further confirm the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the Fund, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the Fund's financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Management to indicate that the Fund will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Approval of the financial statements

The Veterinary Services Development Fund	VSDF) financial statements were approved on
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27/11/2023 2023 and signed by:

Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke

Accounting Officer

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

Telephone: +254-(20) 3214000 E-mail: info@oagkenya.go.ke Website: www.oagkenya.go.ke



HEADQUARTERS Anniversary Towers

Monrovia Street P.O. Box 30084-00100 NAIROBI

Enhancing Accountability

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL ON VETERINARY SERVICES DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2023

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Qualified Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Veterinary Services Development Fund set out on pages 14 to 33, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 30 June, 2023, and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, statement of cash flows and the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of my report, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Veterinary Services Development Fund as at 30 June, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and comply with the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Outstanding Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

The statement of financial position and as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements reflects receivables from non-exchange transactions balance of Kshs.781,144 which comprises of outstanding imprest of Kshs.634,844 and rent arrears of Kshs.146,300 due from staff. However, the balances has been outstanding for more than one year and no provision has been made for the outstanding debts. Further, no meaningful progress has been reported towards recovery of these debts.

In the circumstances, the accuracy, completeness, and recoverability of the receivables from non-exchange transactions balance of Kshs.781,144 could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the Veterinary Services Development Fund Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my Qualified Opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

Other Matter

Unresolved Prior Year Matters

In the audit report of the previous years, a number of audit issues were raised. However, Management has not resolved the issues.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether processes and systems of internal control, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue to sustain its services disclosing, as applicable, matters related to sustainability of services and using the applicable basis of accounting unless Management is aware of intention to terminate the Fund or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal controls that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may

occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the applicable basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability of to continue to sustain its services. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue to sustain its services.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Fund to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

13 December, 2023

11. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

TO THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF			
	Notes	2022-2023	2021-2022
		Kshs	
Revenue from non-exchange transactions	-	-	
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Rendering of services	4	138,606,464	101,317,038
Other income			
Total revenue		138,606,464	101,317,038
Expenses			
Opening Inventory			
Use of goods and services	5	72,348,307	44,691,722
Employee costs	6	39,376,757	29,778,704
Depreciation and amortization expense	12	15,292,656	4,402,275
Repairs and maintenance	8	5,153,817	6,428,010
Closing Inventory			
Total expenses		132,171,537	85,300,711
Other gains/(losses)			
Impairment loss			
Surplus before tax		6,434,927	16,016,327
Taxation			
Surplus/(deficit)for the period/year		6,434,927	16,016,327
Remission to National Treasury			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Surplus for the year		6,434,927	16,016,327

CPA Joseph Nyamora

Dr. Peter Mung'athia

Fund Manager

Sign:....

Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke **Accounting Officer**

Sign:....

Date: 27/11/2013

12. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

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	Notes	2022-2023	2021-2022
A 1995 (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995) (1995)	经 社会系统	Kshs	Kshs
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	164,669,665	151,786,385
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	10	781,144	374,800
Inventories	11	9,282,980	9,689,324
Total Current Assets		174,733,789	161,850,509
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	23,147,981	29,596,333
Total Non- Current Assets		23,147,981	29,596,333
Total Assets		197,881,770	191,446,842
Liabilities	+		
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables			
Total Current Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Total Non- Current Liabilities			
Total Liabilities			
Net assets	+-+		
Reserves			
Accumulated surplus		197,861,770	191,426,843
Capital Fund		20,000	20,000
Total Net Assets		197,881,770	191,446,843
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		197,881,770	191,446,843

CPA Joseph Nyamora

Dr. Peter Mungathia

Signification

Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke

DAG ICPAK NO 7 770

Fund Manager

Accounting Officer

Date: 24 11 2023

Date: 24[11 2023

Date: 27/1/2023

13. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	notes	Ordinary share capital	Retained earnings	Accumulate d reserves	Proposed dividends	Capital/ Developme nt Grants/Fun d	Total
As at July 1, 2021		-	175,410,515			20,000	175,430,515
Surplus/ Deficit for the year		-	16,016,328				16,016,328
As at June 30, 2022		-	191,426,843			20,000	191,446,843
As at July 1, 2022		-	191,426,843			20,000	191,446,843
Surplus/ deficit for the year		-	6,434,927				6,434,927
As at June 30, 2023		-	197,861,770			20,000	197,881,770

14. STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

CONTRACTOR OF STREET			
三文的作品等的,其一对中国中央中央的国际企业的中央中 国		2022-2023	2021-2022
文学是"种的证法"的标准的证据是"数据种数"是"种	Notes	Kshs	Kshs
Cash flows from operating activities			17.0
Receipts			
Transfers from other governments entities			
Rendering of services	4	138,606,464	101,317,038
Total Receipts		138,606,464	101,317,038
Payments			
Use of goods and services	5	72,348,307	44,691,722
Employee costs	6	39,376,757	29,778,704
Repairs and maintenance	8	5,153,817	6,428,010
Total Payments		116,878,881	80,898,436
Decrease/(Increase) in Accounts receivables		406,344	520,940
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventory		-406,344	-520,941
Net cash flows from/(used in)operating activities	13	21,727,583	20,418,601
Cash flows from investing activities			-
Purchase of property, plant, equipment and other Assets	12	8,844,304	8,249,346
Sale of investments			
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		-8,844,304	-8,249,346
Cash flows from financing activities		0	0
Increase in capital funds		0	0
Net cash flows from /(used in) financing activities		0	0
Net increase/(decrease)in cash and cash equivalents		12,883,280	12,169,255
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 JULY 2022	9	151,786,385	139,617,130
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 JUNE 2023	9	164,669,665	151,786,385

Sign

CPA Joseph Nyamora

DAG

ICPAK NO. 9 + + + 10

Sign:

Dr. Peter Mungathia Fund Manager Sign:.:

Hon. Jonathan M. Mueke Accounting Officer

Date: 9 11 (1) 203

Date: 24/11/2023

Date: 27/11/2023

15. STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

	Originalbudget	Adjustments	Finalbudget	Actualon comparable basis	Performance difference	% of utilisation
	Kshs	Ksbs	Kshs	Kshs	Kshs	
	A	b	C=(a+b)	d	e=(c-d)	F=d/c
Revenue						
Animal Reproductive Services	12,000,000	0	12,000,000	10,386,358	-1,613,642	0.87
Veterinary Public Health	60,000,000	0	60,000,000	71,617,652	11,617,652	1.19
Hides and Skins	4,000,000	0	4,000,000	810,140	-3,189,860	0.20
Disease surveillance, Risk mgmt controls	40,000,000	0	40,000,000	49,014,211	9,014,211	1.23
Diagnostic Services	5,500,000	0	5,500,000	1,921,868	-3,578,132	0.35
Veterinary diagnostic & Efficacy Trial centres	8,500,000	0	8,500,000	4,856,235	-3,643,765	0.57
Total income	130,000,000.00		130,000,000.00	138,606,464	8,606,464	1.07
Expenses						
Use of Goods and Services	69,913,000	0	69,913,000	72,348,307	2,435,307	1.03
Employee Costs	40,847,500	0	40,847,500	39,376,757	-1,470,743	0.96
Repair and Maintenance	6,279,000	0	6,279,000	5,153,817	-1,125,183	0.82
Purchase of office furniture and equipment	12,960,500	0	12,960,500	8,844,304	-4,116,196	0.68
Depreciation and Amortisation						
Total expenditure	130,000,000	0	130,000,000	125,723,186	-4,276,814	0.97
Surplus for the period				12,883,278		

Budget notes

1. REVENUE

The explanation of material variance in revenue collection by the Directorate of Veterinary Services (DVS) is as follows: -

- The services offered by the Directorate of Veterinary Services are on demand and therefore the projections provided are only
 estimates based on the previous performance. This therefore makes it difficult to estimate the services to be offered and revenue
 generated.
- The Directorate increased the surveillance and monitoring of revenue collection at the point of collection. This was through frequent visits and provision to officers with requisite materials (stationeries, computers) for proper record keeping.
- Sensitization of the staff on prompt revenue collection and surrender

16. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. General Information

Veterinary Services Development Fund is established by and derives its authority and accountability from the Legal Notice No. 109 of the Exchequer and audit Act Cap. 412. The entity is wholly owned by the Government of Kenya and is domiciled in Kenya. The entity's principal activity to prevention and control of animal diseases and pests to safeguard human health.

2. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in Notes of these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the entity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act, and International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
- a) Revenue recognition
- i) Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Fees.

The entity recognizes revenues from fees, when the event occurs and the asset recognition criteria are met. To the extent that there is a related condition attached that would give rise to a liability to repay the amount, deferred income is recognized instead of revenue.

Rendering of services

The entity recognizes revenue from rendering of services by reference to the stage of completion when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably.

b) Budget information

The original budget for FY 2022-2023 was approved by the National Assembly and no Subsequent revisions or additional appropriations were made to the approved budget.

The entity's budget is prepared on a different basis to the actual income and expenditure disclosed in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis using a classification based on the nature of expenses in the statement of financial performance, whereas the budget is prepared on a cash basis. The amounts in the financial statements were recast from the accrual basis to the cash basis and reclassified by presentation to be on the same basis as the approved budget. A comparison of budget and actual amounts, prepared on a comparable basis to the approved budget, is then presented in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

In addition to the Basis difference, adjustments to amounts in the financial statements are also made for differences in the formats and classification schemes adopted for the presentation of the financial statements and the approved budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

c) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the entity recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in surplus or deficit as incurred. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value.

d) Inventories

Inventory is measured at cost upon initial recognition. To the extent that inventory was received through non-exchange transactions (for no cost or for a nominal cost), the cost of the inventory is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and conditions are accounted for, as follows:

- i) Raw materials: purchase cost using the weighted average cost method.
- ii) Finished goods and work in progress: cost of direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.

After initial recognition, inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. However, to the extent that a class of inventory is distributed or deployed at no charge or for a nominal charge, that class of inventory is measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange, or distribution.

Inventories are recognized as an expense when deployed for utilization or consumption in the ordinary course of operations of the Entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

e) Nature and purpose of reserves

The Entity creates and maintains reserves in terms of specific requirements.

f) Accounting policy.

The Entity uses Reducing Balance Method of depreciation with the following depreciation rates for various Assets.

Motor Vehicles

25%

Furniture and Fittings

12.5%

Computers

30%

Plant and Equipment

12.5%

g) Related parties

The Entity regards a related party as a person or an entity with the ability to exert control individually or jointly, or to exercise significant influence over the Entity, or vice versa. Members of key management are regarded as related parties.

h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and cash at bank. Bank account balances include amounts held at the Kenya Commercial Bank of Kenya at the end of the financial year. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents also include short term cash imprests and advances to authorised public officers and/or institutions which were not surrendered or accounted for at the end of the financial year.

i) Comparative figures

Where necessary comparative figures for the previous financial year have been amended or reconfigured to conform to the required changes in presentation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

j) Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the financial year end with a significant impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023.

4. Revenue from Rendering of Services

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
	KShs	KShs
Animal Reproductive Services	10,386,358	6,977,513
Veterinary Public Health	71,617,652	45,485,441
Hides and Skins	810,140	942,694
Disease surveillance, Risk mgt controls	49,014,211	
Diagnostic Services	1,921,868	37,418,835
Veterinary diagnostic & Efficacy Trial centres		6,829,506
Other income- Farm produce	1,179,494	3,663,049
Other income - Sale of milk	1,187,266	
Other income - Rent	484,750	
	2,004,725	
Total revenue from the rendering of services	138,606,464	101,317,038

5. Use of Goods and Services

Description		AUDITED
	2022-2023	2021-2022
Advertising and printing		KShs
	1,846,982	802,230
Hospitality Supplies	2,294,571	1,951,313
Fuel and oil	9,252,561	4,333,241
Office and General Supplies	2,618,490	3,429,015
Other operating expenses	2,456,273	
Bank Charges		6,960,048
Telecommunication	17,487	29,121
Training	2,817,500	1,398,344
	25,884,222	8,428,010
Specialized materials	25,160,221	17,360,400
Total Use of Goods and Services	72,348,307	44,691,722

6. Employee Costs

2022-2023	2021-2022
KShs	KShs
-	-
39,376,757	29,778,704
	29,778,704.00
	KShs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
· 图1.00 (10.00) (10.00) (10.00) (10.00) (10.00) (10.00) (10.00) (10.00)	KShs	KShs
Property, plant and equipment	4,911,270	4,402,275
Intangible assets		
Adjustment depreciation	10,381,386	
Total depreciation and amortization	15,292,656	4,402,275

8. Repairs and Maintenance

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
REPRESENTATION OF THE PROPERTY	KShs	KShs
Property	709,833	250,000
Investment property – earning rentals		-
Equipment and machinery		215,928
Vehicles	3,429,284	5,310,882
Furniture and fittings		-
Computers and accessories		-
Others	1,014,700	651,200
Total repairs and maintenance	5,153,817	6,428,010

9. (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
CONTRACTOR PROPERTY.	KShs	KShs
Current account	164,669,664.54	151,786,385.34
Savings account	-	-
Others (specify)	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	164,669,664.54	151,786,385.34

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(b) Detailed Analysis of the Cash and Cash Equivalents

		2022-2023	2021-2022
Financial institution	Account number	KShs	KShs
a) Current account			
Kenya Commercial bank	1106972791	164,669,664.54	151,786,385.34
Sub- total		-	-
Sub- total		-	-
b) Others(specify)			
Cash in transit		-	-
cash in hand		-	-
Mobile money accounts		-	-
Sub- total		164,669,664.54	151,786,385.34
Grand total		164,669,664.54	151,786,385.34

10 . Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
	KShs	KShs
Advances/ Unsurrendered Imprests	781,144	374,800
Less: impairment allowance		
Total current receivables	781,144	374,800

11. Inventories

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
	KShs	KShs
Consumable stores	9,282,980	9,689,324
Less: Allowance for impairment		
Total inventories at the lower of cost and net	9,282,980	
realizable value		9,689,324

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

种的影片的	Motor vehicles (25%)	Furniture and fittings (12.5%)	Computers (30%)	Plant and Equipment(12.5%)	Total
Cost	Shs	Shs	Shs	Shs	Shs
As at 1July 2021	51,602,160	4,760,902	19,571,863	74,632,836	150,567,761
Additions	0	2,713,181	2,300,000	3,236,165	8,249,346
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
As at 30th June 2022	51,602,160	7,474,083	21,871,863	77,869,001	158,817,107
Additions	0	0	1,538,980	7,305,324	8,844,304
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers/ Adjustments					
As at 30th June 2023	51,602,160	7,474,083	23,410,843	85,174,325	167,661,411
Depreciation and					
impairment					
At 1July 2021	47,610,325	3,198,342	16,342,343	57,667,489	124,818,499
Depreciation	997,959	223,582	1,026,356	2,154,378	4,402,275
Transfers/ Adjustments	0	0	0		0
As at30 June 2022	48,608,284	3,421,924	17,368,699	59,821,867	129,220,774
Depreciation	748,469	753,553	1,740,722	1,668,526	4,911,270
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Adjustment	84,532	339,148	1,553,185	8,404,521	10,381,386
As at 30th June 2023	49,441,285	4,514,624	20,662,606	69,894,914	144,513,430
Net book values					
As at 30th June 2023	2,160,875	2,959,459	2,748,237	15,279,411	23,147,981
As at 30th June2022	2,993,876	4,052,159	4,503,164	18,047,134	29,596,333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. Cash Generated from Operations

国际发展的基本的基础的	2022-2023	2021-2022
是在其 的 是 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	KShs	KShs
Surplus for the year before tax	6,434,927	16,016,328
Adjusted for:		
Depreciation	4,911,270	4,402,275
Adjustments depreciation	10,381,386	
Non-cash grants received		
Working Capital adjustments		
Decrease in inventory	-406,344	520,941
Increase in receivables	406,344	520,940
Increase in payables		
Increase in payments received in advance		
Net cash flow from operating activities	21,727,583	20,418,603

14. Reserves

Description	2022-2023	2021-2022
"我们就是这个人的,我们们的一种,我们们的一个人的,我们们们们	KShs	KShs
Accumulated Surplus	191,446,843	175,430,515
Surplus for the Year	6,434,927	16,016,328
Totals	197,881,770	191,446,843

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. Financial Risk Management

The entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit and liquidity risks. The entity's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of changes in the business environment and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effect of such risks on its performance by setting acceptable levels of risk.

The entity's financial risk management objectives and policies are detailed below:

i) Credit risk

The entity has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks, as well as trade and other receivables and available-for-sale financial investments. Management assesses the credit quality of each customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external assessment in accordance with limits set by the directors. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables, estimated by the entity's management based on prior experience and their assessment of the current economic environment.

ii) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the entity's directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the entity's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The entity manages liquidity risk through continuous monitoring of forecasts and actual cash flows.

iii) Market risk

The entity has put in place an internal audit function to assist it in assessing the risk faced by the entity on an ongoing basis, evaluate and test the design and effectiveness of its internal accounting and operational controls.

a) Foreign currency risk

The entity has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises through purchases of goods and services that are done in currencies other than the local currency. Invoices denominated in foreign currencies are paid after 30 days from the date of the invoice and conversion at the time of payment is done using the prevailing exchange rate.

The entity manages foreign exchange risk form future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities by projecting for expected sales proceeds and matching the same with expected payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

iv) Capital Risk Management

The objective of the entity's capital risk management is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

16. Related Party Disclosures

Nature of related party relationships

Entities and other parties related to the entity include those parties who have ability to exercise control or exercise significant influence over its operating and financial decisions. Related parties include management personnel, their associates and close family members.

Government of Kenya

The Government of Kenya is the principal shareholder of the Veterinary Services Development Fund.

Other related parties include:

Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development.

17. Surplus Remission

In accordance with Section 219 (2) of the Public Financial Management Act regulations, regulatory entities shall remit into Consolidated Fund, ninety per centum of its surplus funds reported in the audited financial statements after the end of each financial year. During the year the fund didn't remit anything into the consolidated fund.

18. Events after the Reporting Period

There were no material adjusting and non-adjusting events after the reporting period.

19. Ultimate and Holding Entity

The entity is a Semi- Autonomous Government Agency under the Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Development. Its ultimate parent is the Government of Kenya.

20. Currency

The financial statements are presented in and to the nearest Kenya Shillings (Kshs).

APPENDIX

APPENDIX 1: PROGRESS ON FOLLOW UP OF AUDITOR RECOMMENDATIONS

The following is the summary of issues raised by the external auditor, and management comments that were provided to the auditor.

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe; (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
VSDF Audit 2021/2022	Unsupported property, plant and equipment	Asset register Compiled	DVS	Resolved
VSDF Audit 2021/2022	Outstanding receivable from non-exchange transcations	Progress made. Collection of the outstanding rent and outstanding imprest	DVS	Unresolved
VSDF Audit 2021/2022	Lack of enterprise wide risk management	The progress of implemented	DVS	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Lack of fixed Assets Register	The management is in process of compiling the Assets register	Accountant	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Internal control and governance issues	The management has allocated funds to solve part of issue reported while other issues will be sorted later by relevant authority	DVS	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Systems access rights and Joint inspections in border posts and production of inspection reports in the border posts which are not comprehensive	Kenya Trade Network Agency is yet to provide the cargo release module which will ease of doing business.	DVS	Not Resolved

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
	due to lack of system access.			
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Understaffing in the border posts.	Directorate of Veterinary Services through the office of Principal Secretary- SDL has so far recruited staffs and posted to various border posts on priority basis.	DVS	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Lack of equipment/working tools.	An AIE has been issued to the stations which they will use to acquire some equipment and tools. The fund has also procured some motor bikes which have been distributed to these stations.	Fund Manager	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	No Elaborate Enterprise wide Risk Management (ERM) in place	The management is in consultation on the way forward.	Fund Manager	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Lack of internal Audit Function	The fund it utilizes the services of internal audit function at the State Department of Livestock office.	Fund Manager	Resolved
VSDF/Audit 2019/2020	Systems access rights and Joint inspections	Kentrade is yet to provide the cargo release module for use at the border post. When this module is availed, the activities at the headquarters and border post will be linked and therefore the officers will have access to the system	DVS	Not Resolved

Reference No. on the external audit Report	Issue / Observations from Auditor	Management comments	Status: (Resolved / Not Resolved)	Timeframe: (Put a date when you expect the issue to be resolved)
VSDF/Audit 2018/2019	Border posts underfunding/Bu dget cuts/Lack of Equipment and tools.	An AIE has been allocated to the stations to boost their funding and acquisition of some tools and equipments. Also the fund has some motor bikes for ease of movement.	DVS	Resolved

Guidance Notes:

- (i) Use the same reference numbers as contained in the external audit report;
- (ii) Obtain the "Issue/Observation" and "management comments", required above, from final external audit report that is signed by Management;
- (iii) Before approving the report, discuss the timeframe with the appointed Focal Point persons within your entity responsible for implementation of each issue;
- (iv) Indicate the status of "Resolved" or "Not Resolved" by the date of submitting this report to National Treasury.

Sign.....

Dr. Peter Mung'athia Fund Manager.

Date 24/11/2027

