REPUBLIC OF KENYA



Enhancing Accountability

REPORT

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ON

ADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2023







ADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)



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1. Acronyms and Glossary of Terms

LLP Limited Liability Partnership

ADC Agricultural Development Corporation

AFC Agricultural Finance Corporation

Covid-19 Coronavirus Disease 2019

GDP Gross Domestic Product

CSR Corporate Social Responsibility

IFRS International Financial Reporting Standards

PPE Property, Plant, and Equipment

ROI Return on Investment

KPI Key Performance Indicator

COGS Cost of Goods Sold

OSHA Occupational Safety and Healthy Occupation

2. Key Entity Information

a) Background Information

The ADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LLP is a Partnership between the Agricultural Development Corporation (ADC) & Agricultural Finance Corporation (AFC). The Partnership, previously christened Development House Management Committee (DHMC), was established to manage the Development House owned by the two state Corporations which occupy part of the building and leases out the extra space.

The DHMC was formed following a directive from the Office of the President in 1988 and, to enable it comply with the Income Tax Act, the LLP was registered in 2017.

b) Principal Activities

The partnership is engaged in property management on behalf of the partners.

c) Committee Membership

The members of the committee who served the Partnership during the year/period were as follows:-

S/No	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment
1	Dr. Winnie Macharia	Chairperson	27th May,2022
2	Mr. Nicholas Njeru	Secretary	15th December,2022
3	Mr. Bernard Mwangangi	Treasurer	27th June,2017
4	Mr. Cornelius Onsongo	Member	7 th March,2016
5	Mr. Philip Odoyo	Member	22 nd February,2023
6	Mr. Eurry Mabonga	Legal Officer	8th November,2022

d) Partnership Legal Officer

Eurry Mabonga
Development House,
Moi Avenue,
P.O Box 30367 – 00100 GPO
Nairobi.

Key Entity Information (continued)

e) Registered Office

Development House, Moi Avenue, P.O Box 47101 – 00100 Nairobi.

f) Partnership Contacts

Telephone: (254) 724 253521

E-mail: procurement.developmenthouse@gmail.com

g) Corporate Bankers

National Bank of Kenya Ltd, P.O Box 41862 – 00100 GPO Nairobi. Harambee Avenue Branch, National Bank Building, Nairobi.

h) Independent Auditor

The Auditor General,
Office of the Auditor General,
P.O Box 30084 - 00100 GPO
Nairobi.

i) Principal Legal Advisers

The Attorney General, State Law Office, Harambee Avenue, P.O. Box 40112 – 00200 City Square Nairobi.

3. Members of the Committee

The Management Committee of the partnership is appointed by the Chief Executive Officers to oversee the management of Development House Building. The Partners have assigned the committee the task of ensuring proper running of the building as a business entity through rent collection and advising the Partners on how to maximize the returns from the building. The committee has a supervisory role over members of staff hired to carry out its mandate.

The members of the committee who served the Partnership during the year/period were as follows:-



Winnie Macharia (Dr.)

Dr. Winnie Macharia is the Chairman of the committee and is charged with spearheading the business agenda of the partnership.

Dr. Macharia is the Head of Corporate Planning and Administration in Agricultural Development Corporation. She holds a Doctor of Philosophy in Business Administration from the University of Nairobi as well as a Master of Business Administration from Kenyatta University. She also holds a Bachelor of Education Degree from the same University as well as a Higher Diploma in Information Technology among other professional qualifications. She is a member of the Kenya Institute of Management and Kenya Association of Public Administration professional bodies

She is a professional and accomplished administrator and manager with over 20 years of experience in senior management, administration, and leadership in a diverse work environment. Dr. Macharia has four years of of Corporate Planning and experience as Head Administration in ADC, three years' experience as Provincial Director Youth Development Nairobi under the Ministry of Youth Affairs and sports and Head of Department for four years at Parklands Boys High School as well as a teacher for nine years. She has attended many management courses and seminars including the Senior Strategic Leadership program as well as leading with impact from Kenya School of Government, Corporate governance training for Directors, senior internal Auditor training.



Mr. Bernard Mwangangi is the Treasurer to the committee and is charged with overseeing the management staff with regard to financial matters.

Mr. Mwangangi holds a Diploma in Internal Audit from KCA University and has served as Internal Auditor of Agricultural Development Corporation from 2004-2019. Currently he holds the Office of Credit Controller in Agricultural Development Corporation.

Bernard N Mwangangi



Mr. Nicholas Njeru

Mr. Nicholas Njeru is the Secretary to the committee.

Mr. Njeru is a seasoned practitioner in Procurement with practical experience of over 16 years, 10 of which have

Mr. Njeru is a seasoned practitioner in Procurement with practical experience of over 16 years, 10 of which have been in senior management. He previously worked for Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA), Kenya Vision 2030 Delivery Secretariat, BOC Gases Kenya, Africa Online Holdings Ltd, Safaricom Ltd and the National Treasury (Ministry of Finance).

Njeru holds a Master's Degree in Economics and Bachelors of Arts Degree in Economics from the University of Nairobi. He also has a post graduate Diploma in Procurement & Supply (CIPS) and is a certified Strategic Supply Chain Practitioner and CPA Finalist.



Mr. Eurry S. Mabonga

Mr. Eurry S. Mabonga is an Advocate of the High court of Kenya charged with providing legal advice and legal services to the partnership and has extensive experience in Environmental matters, litigation, Conveyance and Commercial transactions. He has a solid track record in drafting of environment legal related documents, success advising and representing clients in court, and achieving positive outcomes. Mr. Mabonga has worked as a Progaramme Assistant at Foundation for Women Rights in Kenya, Associate at Gichana BwÓmwando and Lecturer Kenya Institute Advocates at Management.

Mr Mabonga is a holder of a Master's Degree in Environmental Studies (Climate Change and Sustainability), Higher Diploma in Advocates Training Programme (ATP) and Bachelor Degree in Law. He is currently a PHD candidate pursuing Doctor of Philosophy in Environmental Studies (Sustainable Urban Development.



Mr. Philip Odoyo Odindo

Mr. Philip Odoyo Odindo is a member of the committee and is charged with advising the committee on all procurement matters.

He has served in various positions in State Corporations such as Postbank, Agrochemical & Food Company Limited and currently holds the position of Head of Procurement in Agricultural Development Corporation. He has over ten years' experience as a procurement professional.

He is a holder of a Bachelor's Degree in Procurement from Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture & Technology (JKUAT). He is a member of Chartered Institute of Purchasing & Supplies(CIPS) & Kenya Institute of Supplies Management(KISM)



Cpa Cornelius Getita

CPA Cornelius Getita is a member of the committee and is charged with advising the committee on financial and accounting matters.

CPA Getita is an accomplished finance specialist with extensive financial management experience in the financial services sector. His practical and professional experience spans over thirteen (13) years, part of which is in audit, operations, accounting and administrative functions in both the private and the public sector. Previously, he worked with Kenya Women Finance Trust and RSM Ashvir Audit, Tax and Consulting.

He has led initiatives meant to automate the financial reporting framework, key cash handling controls and spearheaded the implementation of various operational systems. In addition, through various partnerships and engagements, he has instrumentally supported in resource mobilization to tunes exceeding \$5 Million.

CPA Getita holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration specializing in Strategic Management, a Bachelor of Commerce Degree in accounting and a Certification in Public Accountancy with the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK).

4. Key Management Team



Rose Kinyua

Rose Kinyua is the Property Manager and is responsible for the efficient management of Development House.

Some of her responsibilities include establishing systems and procedures for better management of the property, letting of the administration ofleases. facility, administration of service 8 maintenance contracts, rent collection, tenant liaison and procurement of works & services.

She is a holder of a Bachelor's Degree in Land Economics from the University of Nairobi. She has over twenty years' experience in property management gained while working for various organizations like Kiambu Murutani Company, Naccico Sacco, Valuewise Management and DHMC.



Danson Mutiso

Mr. Danson Mutiso is the building Caretaker and is charged with supervising the day to day operations of the facility.

Some of his responsibilities include rent collection, supervision of service providers like cleaning and security, regular inspection of the facility and attending to emergency breakdowns/call backs.

He is a holder of O Level Certificate. He has attended training in safety and health of building facilities.



Sarah Ongayo

Miss Sarah Ongayo is the Accountant. She has extensive experience in Commercial Property Management finances. She has worked as an accountant for ADCAFC Development LLP for over 7 years with a proven track record of meeting deadlines.

Some of her responsibilities include posting daily financial transactions, maintaining books of accounts, bank reconciliations, and preparation of monthly tenant financial reports and proper maintenance of records relating to Development House.

Sarah is a holder of Bcom from K.U & CPA (K) with full membership in ICPAK & AWAK.

5. Chairman's Statement

ADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LLP has faced significant challenges amidst the complex economic landscape, marked not only by the spillover effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the aftermath of the Russia-Ukraine conflict but also by the transition to a new government in August 2022.

In 2023, there was a high turnover of tenants arising from the harsh economic situation sited globally with many businesses unable to meet their rental obligations with others opting to surrender their leases or reduce the spaces they occupy. The occupancy rate has also decreased due to the existing oversupply of office spaces in the market and some of the businesses are still embracing the working from home initiative or the hybrid business model. The adverse working and business environment created by stationing of matatus and hawkers around the perimeter of the building has also led to some tenants of good standing vacating the building. The twin problems make the facility noisy, insecure, and dirty along the pavements and accessibility for both pedestrians and vehicles is hindered.

Performance Overview

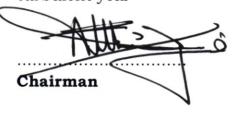
A profit of Kshs.114,941,576 was recorded during the year representing a 7.6% increase compared to the previous period. The underlying trends of the income statement remained strong with total revenues growing to Kshs.174,814,550 (2022: Kshs.160,663,872). The operating costs remained low against the approved budget limits. In the period 2023, the total expenditure stood at Kshs. 59,872,974 against the budgeted amount of Kshs. 79,057,136.

Looking Forward

Our positioning remains a great focus for our brand. We have plans to expand our footprint, offer seamless and exceptional service. The outlook beyond the economic conditions remains optimistic, while the timing remains fluid. We are well positioned to weather this period and grow further.

Conclusion

I wish to thank my management team for contributing their business expertise and industry knowledge. In particular, I extend my entire appreciation to the members of the committee for their invaluable contributions and advice in a turbulent year



6. Report of the Property Manager

As the PM of ADCAFC Development LLP, responsible for property management at Development House, I appreciate insights on the challenges facing the real estate sector. Allow me to provide a concise report that addresses our performance in 2023 and outlines our strategic priorities moving forward.

Financial Review

ADCAFC Development LLP achieved a commendable profit of Kshs.114,941,576 in 2023, marking a 7.6% increase from the previous year's profit of Kshs.106,838,177.Our total revenue rose to Kshs. 174,814,550 Kshs.160,663,872 in 2022, reflecting strong underlying income trends. We maintained stringent cost controls, with cost of sales at Kshs.35,819,480 and operating expenses managed at Kshs.2,897,987, Kshs.3,179,150 in the prior year. Administrative expenses were Kshs. 21,155,507, slightly higher than the previous year's Kshs.17,646,951

- 1. **Facility Management Enhancement**: We recognize the need to improve our facility management practices. This includes maintaining and upgrading our property to enhance tenant satisfaction and operational efficiency.
- 2. **Performance Optimization**: Our focus is on delivering consistent performance across our portfolio. We aim to maximize returns for our partners while ensuring sustainable growth.
- 3. **Building Trust**: Trust is essential in our sector. We will prioritize transparent communication with tenants, addressing their needs promptly, and fostering positive relationships.

Outlook and Expansion

Despite economic uncertainties, we remain optimistic about our outlook. Our brand positioning emphasizes expansion, exceptional service, and seamless experiences. While the timing remains fluid, we are well-prepared to weather challenges and continue growing.

Acknowledgement

I take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to our tenants for their loyalty and continued support. My appreciation also goes out to the committee members whose leadership and guidance have continued to inspire and challenge us.

Property Manager

7. Statement of Performance against Predetermined Objectives

ADCAFC Development LLP has three strategic themes/issues and objectives within the current Strategic Plan. These strategic themes/issues focus on Real Estate Development, Financial Performance, and Customer Satisfaction.

The Partnership develops its annual work plans based on these three themes. Assessment of the entity's performance against its annual work plan is done on a quarterly basis.

In the area of Real Estate Development, the objective is to expand and optimize the property portfolio. Activities towards achieving this objective involve development projects, renovations, and facility upgrades such as rehabilitating washrooms, installing security equipment at the parking entrance and main entrance, and rehabilitating floors from wood parquet to tiles.

As regards, Financial Performance, the objective is to increase revenue and profitability. Key performance indicators included revenue growth and profit margins. The activities under this strategic intervention involve implementing cost control measures and enhancing revenue streams through strategic leasing and diversified income sources. The achievements in this area are notable, with revenue increasing by 15% and profit margins improving by 10%.

In the theme of Customer Satisfaction, the objective is to enhance tenant satisfaction and retention. Key performance indicators include tenant satisfaction scores and retention rates. Activities towards achieving this objective include tenant engagement initiatives and service improvements such as maintenance and facility upgrades. The achievements in this area are impressive, with an 85% tenant satisfaction score achieved and the retention rate increased to 80%.

The achievements detailed above are closely tied to the performance contracts at all levels of the organization. Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) were established for each strategic objective, ensuring accountability and continuous monitoring of progress. Quarterly reviews were conducted to assess performance against targets, and corrective actions were taken where necessary to stay on course. The strategic alignment of ADCAFC Development LLP's initiatives with its core objectives has led to significant advancements in real estate development, financial performance, and customer satisfaction. These achievements underscore ADCAFC Development LLP's commitment to delivering value to its stakeholders, aligning with its mission to provide quality commercial real estate solutions.

8. Corporate Governance Statement

The Management Committee considers that good governance will be achieved through an ethical culture, competitive performance, effective control and legitimacy to create sustainable value and enhance long-term equity performance. The Committee applies good governance practices to promote strategic decision making for the Partnership to balance short, medium and long-term outcomes to reconcile interests of the ADCAFC as a whole together with its stakeholders and the society to create sustainable shared value. To that end, sound governance practices, based on accountability, transparency, ethical management and fairness, are entrenched across the business. management has a statutory duty to promote the success of the Partnership for the benefit of its stakeholders. In promoting the success of the Partnership, the management must have due regard to the long-term consequences of their decisions, the legitimate interests of employees, the need to foster effective business relationships with suppliers, customers and various stakeholders, the impact of the Partnership operations on the community and the environment, and the desire to maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct.

The Management Committee is committed to ensuring that the Partnership complies with the laws, regulations and standards applicable to it. The management ensures high standards and practices in Corporate Governance, and more specifically, the principles, practices and recommendations set out under the regulatory framework.

The Management Committee also regularly reviews its corporate governance arrangements and practices and ensures that the same reflects the developments in regulation, best market practice and stakeholder expectations. Our corporate governance framework enables the Management Committee to oversee the strategic direction of the partnership, financial goals, resource allocation, risk appetite and to hold the management accountable for execution.

The Partnership operates within a clearly defined governance framework which provides for delegated authority and clear lines of responsibility without abdicating the responsibility of the accounting officers. Through the framework, the Committee sets out the strategic direction of the Partnership while entrusting the day-to-day running of the organization to the property management team led by the Property Manager, with their performance against set objectives and policies closely monitored. The Management Committee Charter, which has been approved and is regularly reviewed, provides for a clear definition of the roles and responsibilities of the Management Committee.

Role & Responsibilities of the Management Committee

The scope of authority, responsibility and functioning of the management committee is contained in a formal charter which is regularly reviewed. This sets out the strategic objectives of the Partnership with input from management, and oversees management, performance, remuneration and governance frameworks of the Partnership. The Management Committee's role and responsibilities include:-

- a) Take over the responsibilities of the management agent and ensuring continuity in service provision as per the directive ref; OP.9/12A/V/(118) dated 15th December, 1988.
- b) Oversee rent and arrears collection from the tenants.
- c) Oversee procurement of tenants and ensure lettable space is occupied.
- d) Advising the partners on matters relating to the management of the property.
- e) Oversee the management of tenant relationships and act as the link between the partners and the property management.
- f) Oversee preparation of financial statements and other reports for both internal and external use.
- g) Oversee the budget preparation and make necessary recommendations to the joint Financial Controllers of the two Corporations.
- h) Provide strategic leadership and assume ultimate accountability and responsibility for the performance of the partnership.
- i) Ensure that the necessary corporate and management structures and resources are in place so as to enable the partnership achieve its objectives.
- j) Formulation of policy guidelines on the management of the property.

9. Management Discussion & Analysis

The committee is mandated to review and make recommendations on the Partnership's financial and accounting policies, the Partnership's annual budget, annual financial statements and the annual procurement plan. The committee also reviews the implementation of its Strategies and monitors the performance regularly.

The committee is mandated to formulate staff policies and procedures and ensure an adequately staffed and professionally managed human resource. The committee assists the accounting officers in discharging its corporate governance role by reviewing staffing needs of the Partnership and reviews training needs and undertakes disciplinary measures as per the staff policies.

Sustainable growth in profitability involves selectively taking and managing risks. The Partnership's goal is to earn, on behalf of the Government, an optimal, stable and sustainable rate of return for every shilling of risk it takes, while continually investing in our business to meet our future growth objectives. The risk management resources and processes are designed to identify, understand, measure and report risks that the business is exposed to, and develop governance, controls, and risk management frameworks necessary to mitigate these risks as appropriate. These resources and processes are strengthened by the partnership culture which emphasizes transparency, accountability and responsibility for managing the risks we are exposed to.

Risk is defined as an event or events of uncertainty which can be caused by internal or external factors resulting in the possibility of losses (downside risk). However, the business appreciates that some risk events may result into opportunities (upside risk) and should therefore be actively sought and exploited.

Market risk is the risk that the values of assets and liabilities or revenues will be adversely affected by changes in market conditions or market movements. The objective of market risk management programs is to manage and control market risk exposures in order to optimize return on risk taken while maintaining a good market profile as a provider of commercial business premises.

The Partnership objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the business reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity. The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to the management committee.

(ADCAFC Development Limited Liability Partnership)

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2023

This responsibility is supported by the development of overall standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:-

- Requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorization of transactions.
- Requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions.
- Compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements.
- · Documentation of controls and procedures.
- Requirements for the yearly assessment of operational risks faced and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified.
- Requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action.
- Development of contingency plans.
- Training and professional development.
- · Ethical and business standards.
- Risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

10. Environmental and Sustainability Reporting

The primary aim of the Committee managing the building is to ensure it operates as a high-performing commercial facility, maximizing returns for our partners, the Agricultural Development Corporation (ADC) and the Agricultural Finance Corporation (AFC). This report outlines our commitment to environmental sustainability and health and safety practices, reflecting our dedication to creating a safe, efficient, and environmentally responsible workspace.

Our Health and Safety Policy includes the engagement of licensed professionals who prepare comprehensive guidelines. Registered Safety and Health Auditors conduct audits every three years, encompassing occupational safety and health risk assessments, fire and safety audits, with reports submitted to the Directorate of Occupational Health and Safety Services. The Management is committed to enabling safe work activities by removing or reducing risks to health, safety, and welfare, ensuring compliance with relevant health and safety laws, and maintaining an ongoing commitment to improving safety management while consulting with workers on health and safety matters.

In terms of sustainability initiatives, we focus on energy efficiency, waste management, and water conservation. Regular inspections of energy-consuming appliances and systems are conducted and new technologies and practices are implemented to reduce energy consumption. Proper waste segregation and disposal practices are encouraged, along with recycling and reduction of waste generation. Water conservation measures include the installation of water-saving devices and regular monitoring of water usage. Additionally, green building practices are incorporated in maintenance and renovations, such as using ecofriendly materials and designs, and promoting natural lighting and ventilation to reduce reliance on artificial sources.

In conclusion, the Partnership is committed to maintaining high standards of health, safety, and environmental sustainability. Our policies and practices are designed to protect our tenants, employees, and the environment while maximizing returns for our partners. We continuously strive to improve our performance and uphold our responsibility towards creating a safe, efficient, and sustainable working environment, thereby ensuring that the building remains a desirable and responsible commercial facility for all stakeholders.

11. Report of the Members of the Committee

The Partners through its Management submit their report together with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with provisions, of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2011 as amended in 2012.

(i) Incorporation

The partnership is domiciled in Kenya where it is incorporated as a limited liability partnership under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2011. The address of the registered office is set out on page iv.

(ii) Principal activity

The principal activity of the partnership is to manage Development House, a rental property in Nairobi. There have been no material changes to the nature of the partnership's business from the prior year.

(iii) Review of financial results and activities

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2011. The accounting policies have also been applied consistently.

The partnership recorded a net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023 of Kshs.114,941,576. This represented an increase of 7.6% from the net profit of year 2022 of Kshs.106,838, 177.00

(iv) Directorate

The Committee Members representing the Partners who held office during the year are set out in page v.

(v) Events after the reporting period

The partners are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

Approval of financial statements

The financial statements set out on pages 1 to 17, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Management Committee on **28/03/2024** and were signed on its behalf by:

Chairman

12. Statement of Committee Responsibilities

The committee is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the *ADCADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LLP* financial statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the *Partnership* for and as at the end of the financial year (period) ended on December 31, 2023. These responsibilities include:

- (i) maintaining adequate financial management arrangements and ensuring that these continue to be effective throughout the reporting period;
- (ii) maintaining proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership;
- (iii) designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, and ensuring that they are free from material misstatements, whether due to error or fraud;
- (iv) safeguarding the assets of the Partnership;
- (v) selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and
- (vi) Making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Management Committee accepts responsibility for the *Partnership's* financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and in the manner required by the PFM Act. The Directors are of the opinion that the *Partnership's* financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of *Partnership's* transactions during the financial year ended December 31, 2023, and of the *Partnership's* financial position as at that date. The committee further confirms the completeness of the accounting records maintained for the *Partnership*, which have been relied upon in the preparation of the *Partnership's* financial statements as well as the adequacy of the systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the committee to indicate that the *Partnership* will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Statement of Committee Responsibilities (continued)

Approval of the financial statements

The *Partnership's* financial statements were approved by the committee on **28/03/2024** and signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Shadrack Jirma

Chairperson of the

Committee

Rose Kinyua

Accounting officer

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

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NAIROBI

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL ON ADCAFC DEVELOPMENT LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER, 2023

PREAMBLE

I draw your attention to the contents of my report which is in three parts:

- A. Report on the Financial Statements that considers whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, accounting standards and the relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.
- B. Report on Lawfulness and Effectiveness in Use of Public Resources which considers compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, gazette notices, circulars, guidelines and manuals and whether public resources are applied in a prudent, efficient, economic, transparent and accountable manner to ensure Government achieves value for money and that such funds are applied for the intended purpose.
- C. Report on Effectiveness of Internal Controls, Risk Management and Governance which considers how the entity has instituted checks and balances to guide internal operations. This responds to the effectiveness of the governance structure, the risk management environment and the internal controls, developed and implemented by those charged with governance for orderly, efficient and effective operations of the entity.

An unmodified opinion does not necessarily mean that an entity has complied with all relevant laws and regulations and that its internal controls, risk management and governance systems are properly designed and were working effectively in the financial year under review.

The three parts of the report are aimed at addressing the statutory roles and responsibilities of the Auditor-General as provided by Article 229 of the Constitution, the Public Finance Management Act, 2012 and the Public Audit Act, 2015. The three parts of the report, when read together constitute the report of the Auditor-General.

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of ADCAFC Development Limited Liability Partnership set out on pages 1 to 17, which comprise of the statement of financial

position as at 31 December, 2023, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in accordance with the provisions of Article 229 of the Constitution of Kenya and Section 35 of the Public Audit Act, 2015. I have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of the audit.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ADCAFC Development Limited Liability Partnership as at 31 December, 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and comply with the Limited Liability Partnership Deed dated 05 June, 2017 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012.

Basis for Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards of Supreme Audit Institutions (ISSAIs). I am independent of the ADCAFC Development Limited Liability Partnership Management in accordance with ISSAI 130 on the Code of Ethics. I have fulfilled other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ISSAI and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audit of financial statements in Kenya. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, are of most significance in the audit of the financial statements. There were no key audit matters to report in the year under review.

REPORT ON LAWFULNESS AND EFFECTIVENESS IN USE OF PUBLIC RESOURCES

Conclusion

As required by Article 229(6) of the Constitution, based on the audit procedures performed, I confirm that, nothing has come to my attention to cause me to believe that public resources have not been applied lawfully and in an effective way.

Basis for Conclusion

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 4000. The standard requires that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance, in all material respects, with the authorities that govern them. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

REPORT ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS, RISK MANAGEMENT AND GOVERNANCE

Conclusion

As required by Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015, based on the audit procedures performed, except for the matter described in the basis for conclusion section of my report. I confirm that, nothing else has come to my attention to cause me to believe that internal controls, risk management and overall governance were not effective.

Basis for Conclusion

Long Outstanding Trade and Other Receivables

The statement of financial position reflects trade and other receivables balance of Kshs.50,381,400 as disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements. The balance is net of provision for doubtful debts amount of Kshs.84,174,418 resulting to gross trade receivables balance of Kshs.130,728,966. However, and although the Management have explained that the debts referred to accumulated during the Covid-19 pandemic and were a consequence of Government-imposed measures to mitigate the spread of the virus and have instituted measures of recovery of outstanding debts, review of aging analysis revealed that an amount totalling Kshs.106,963,522 of total debt relates to debts that have been outstanding over 180 days and whose recoverability is doubtful.

In the circumstances, recoverability of the long outstanding receivables is doubtful and effectiveness of measures by Management for debt recovery could not be confirmed.

The audit was conducted in accordance with ISSAI 2315 and ISSAI 2330. The standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain assurance about whether processes and systems of internal controls, risk management and overall governance were operating effectively, in all material respects. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my conclusion.

Responsibilities of Management and the Management Committee

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (Accrual Basis) and for maintaining effective internal controls as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and overall governance.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management is aware of the intention to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations.

Management is also responsible for the submission of the financial statements to the Auditor-General in accordance with the provisions of Section 47 of the Public Audit Act, 2015.

In addition to the responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements described above, Management is also responsible for ensuring that the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities which govern them, and that public resources are applied in an effective way.

The Management Committee is responsible for overseeing the Partnership's financial reporting process, reviewing the effectiveness of how Management monitors compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, ensuring that effective processes and systems are in place to address key roles and responsibilities in relation to governance and risk management, and ensuring the adequacy and effectiveness of the control environment.

Auditor-General's Responsibilities for the Audit

The audit objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion in accordance with the provisions of Section 48 of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs will always detect a material misstatement and weakness when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

In addition to the audit of the financial statements, a compliance audit is planned and performed to express a conclusion about whether, in all material respects, the activities, financial transactions and information reflected in the financial statements are in compliance with the authorities that govern them and that public resources are applied in an effective way, in accordance with the provisions of Article 229(6) of the Constitution and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution.

Further, in planning and performing the audit of the financial statements and audit of compliance, I consider internal controls in order to give an assurance on the effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance processes and systems in accordance with the provisions of Section 7(1)(a) of the Public Audit Act, 2015 and submit the audit report in compliance with Article 229(7) of the Constitution. My consideration of the internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under the ISSAIs. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal controls may not prevent or detect misstatements and instances of non-compliance. Also, projections of any evaluation of

effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISSAIs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management's use of the going concern of
 accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the
 Partnership's ability to continue as going concern. If I conclude that a material
 uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related
 disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify
 my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date
 of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Partnership to
 cease to continue as going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information and business activities of the Partnership to express an opinion on the financial statements.
- Perform such other procedures as I consider necessary in the circumstances.

I communicate with the Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that are identified during the audit.

I also provide Management with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

FCPA Nancy Gathungu, CBS AUDITOR-GENERAL

Nairobi

25 July, 2024

14. Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income

Description	Note	2023	2022	
		Kshs	Kshs	
Revenue	1	174,814,550	160,663,872	
Cost of Sales	2	(35,819,480)	(32,999,595)	
Gross Profit		138,995,070	127,664,277	
Administrative Expenses	3	(21,155,507)	(17,646,951)	
Operating Expenses	4	(2,897,987)	(3,179,150)	
Profit		114,941,576	106,838,177	

15. Statement of Financial Position

Description	Note	2023	2022
		Kshs	Kshs
Non-current Assets			
Property and Equipment	5	42,155,726	25,625,354
		42,155,726	25,625,354
Current Assets			
Trade and Other Receivables	6	50,381,400	37,521,206
Bank and Cash Balances	7	104,050,750	99,173,630
		154,432,151	136,694,837
Total Assets		196,587,876	162,320,190
Equity and Liabilities			
Retained Earnings	8	122,168,671	122,168,671
Shareholders' Fund	•	122,168,671	122,168,671
Current Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	11	74,419,205	40,151,519
·		74,419,205	40,151,519
Total Equity and Liabilities		196,587,876	162,320,190

The financial statements were approved by the Committee on 28/03/2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Rose Kinyua

Cornelius Getita

Dr. Shadrack Jirma

Property Manager

Member

Chairperson

ICPAK M/NO: 13288

16. Appropriation Account

Particulars	Amount Kshs	Amount Kshs
Profit/loss		114,941,576
Less Rental WHT		(6,230,679)
		108,710,897
Share of the profit for the year		
ADC 50% AFC 50%	54,355,499 54,355,449	
Total		108,710,897
2023 Drawings		
ADC	36,600,000	
AFC Total	36,600,000 73,200,000	
2022 Advance Payment		
ADC	5,680,705	
AFC	680,705 6,361,410	
Total Share(Drawings + advance)		
ADC AFC	42,280,705 37,280,705	
0002 4 4-		79,561,410
2023 due to ADC	12,074,743.50	
AFC	17,074,743.50	29,149,487
		108,710,897

17. Statement of Changes in Equity

	notes	Share capital	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
		Kshs		Kshs	Kshs
At 31st December, 2022				122,168,671	122,168,671
At 1st January, 2023 2022 Advance to		-	-	122,168,671	122,168,671
partners		-	-	(6,361,410)	(6,361,410)
2023 profit		-	-	114,941,576	114,941,576
2023 Partners drawings		-	-	(73,200,000)	(73,200,000)
2023 Rental WHT		-	-	(6,230,679)	(6,230,679
2023 Due to partners At 31st December,		_	_	(29,149,487)	(29,149,487)
2023		_	-	122,168,671	122,168,671

18. Statement of Cash Flows

Description	Note	2023 Kshs	2022 Kshs
Cash flow from operating activities: Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation Adjustments for:		114,941,576	106,838,177
Depreciation of Property & Equipment	5	4,725,235	2,141,289
Profit/loss on Disposal of Assets		5	761,731
Advance to partners		(6,361,410)	6,361,410
Interest on Short Term Deposits		(10,081,839)	(7,716,172)
Rental WHT		(6,230,679)	(4,999,587)
Increase/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables Increase/Decrease in Trade and Other	6	(12,860,194)	5,199,974
Payables	11	34,267,686	(24,880,892)
Due to partners		(29,149,487)	-
Net cash flows generated from operating activities		89,250,888	83,705,930
Cash flow from Investing activities:			
Purchase of Property & Equipment	5	(21,255,607)	(764,801)
Erroneous Adjustment Proceeds from disposal of Property & Equipment		-	54,120 2,136,000
Interest on Short Term Deposits		10,081,839	7,716,172
Drawings to Partners		(73,200,000)	(108,200,000)
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(84,373,768)	(99,058,509)
Cash flow from Financing activities:			
Prior Year adjustment Net cash flow used in financing activities	10	-	(3,389,465)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalent		4,877,120	(18,742,044)
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalent at the end of		99,173,630	117,915,674
the period	7	104,050,750	99,173,630

19. Statement of Comparison of Budget & Actual Amounts 2023 FY

Description	Original		多数据对外经 定	Actual as at	Performance	% of
Description	budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	31st December	The second secon	Utilization
Rent Income	133,331,750	- Aujusunents	133,331,750	130,651,516	2,680,234	98%
Service Charge Income	25,231,780	92-935/7·	25,231,780	25,103,816	127,964	99%
Car Park Income	7,344,000	-	7,344,000	7,488,002	(144,002)	102%
Resource Center Income	1,500,000	842822.	1,500,000	1,473,861	26,139	98%
Interest On Short Term Deposit	6,000,000	-	6,000,000	10,081,839	(4,081,839)	168%
Other Income	50,000	SUNTEREST :	50,000	15,516	34,484	31%
Total Income	173,457,530	-	173,457,530	174,814,550	(1,357,020)	101%
	(2505G) (1005)	25 or 520 m. 2	BANK DEPARTMENT	State	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	51509762776
Strategic Planning Expenses	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	0%
Water A/C 1115162 &1115172	3,800,000	400,000	4,200,000	3,222,618	977,382	77%
Electricity	16,000,000	4,000,000	20,000,000	18,739,457	1,260,543	94%
Security	5,000,000	- A	5,000,000	3,847,924	1,152,076	77%
Cleaning & Sanitary	4,300,000	-	4,300,000	3,580,766	719,234	83%
Repairs & Maint General	2,300,000	- 120	2,300,000	2,021,883	278,117	88%
Lift Repairs & Maintenance	2,935,000	437,000	3,372,000	2,349,327	1,022,673	70%
Repairs & Maint Electrical	1,000,000		1,000,000	524,306	475,695	52%
Generator Fuel & Gen Maintance	670,000	-	670,000	488,019	181,981	73%
Land Rates	1,150,140	1000000	1,150,140	1,150,000	140	100%
Land Rent	383,200	-	383,200	383,200	-	100%
Professional Fee	2,500,000	(2,000,000)	500,000	333,621	166,379	67%
Fumigation	140,000	23,000	163,000	162,400	600	100%
Total Cost of Sales	41,178,340	2,860,000	44,038,340	36,803,521	7,234,820	84%
Printing & Stationery	250,000		250,000	121,124	128,876	48%
Telephone & Postage	334,000	-	334,000	211,987	122,013	63%
Office Expenses	100,000	20,000	120,000	110,571	9,429	92%
Licenses	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	35,000	965,000	4%
Resource Center Expenses	695,824	10,000	695,824	425,495	270,329	61%
Consultancy Services	1,500,000	(1,500,000)	-	-	-	0%
Bank Charges	40,000	20,000	60,000	66,695	(6,695)	111%
Insurance	3,000,000	(1,400,000)	1,600,000	1,522,073	77,927	95%
Legal Fees	1,000,000	-	1,000,000		1,000,000	0%
Audit Fee	500,000	-	500,000	441,165	58,835	88%
Advertising	1,000,000		1,000,000	97,200	902,800	10%
Computer Repair & Gen Maintenance	220,000	-	220,000	146,752	73,248	67%
Provision For Depreciation	6,249,899	-	6,249,899	4,725,235	1,524,664	76%
Provision For Bad Debts	11,755,109	-	11,755,109	7,294,559	4,460,550	62%
Total Administrative Costs	27,644,832	(2,860,000)	24,784,832	15,197,856	9,586,976	61%
Salaries & Wages	6,138,984	-	6,138,984	5,176,985	961,999	84%
Gratuity Expense	685,070	-	685,070	685,070	-	100%
Committee Allowances	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	1,579,344	420,656	79%
Subsistence Allowance	110,000	-	110,000	30,000	80,000	27%
Training	1,000,000	(C. 1802115-01	1,000,000	100,200	899,800	10%
DHMC Welfare Expences	300,000	-	300,000	300,000	-	100%
Total Staff & DHMC Costs	10,234,054		10,234,054	7,871,599	2,362,455	77%
Total Expenditure	79,057,226	-	79,057,226	59,983,073	19,074,153	76%
Rental Withholding Tax	10,000,000	0 00 00 Sh -	10,000,000	6,230,679	3,769,321	62%
Surplus	84,400,304	-	84,400,304	108,710,897	(24,310,591)	129%
Partners Drawings	67,200,000		67,200,000	73,200,000	(6,000,000)	109%
		-		36,600,000	(36,600,000)	
		C		36,600,000	(36,600,000)	

20. Notes to the Financial Statements

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principle accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

a) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the measurement at re-valued amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment, marketable securities and financial instruments at fair value, impaired assets at their estimated recoverable amounts and actuarially determined liabilities at their present value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) allows the use of estimates and assumptions. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the *Partnership's* accounting policies. The financial statements have been prepared and presented in Kenya Shillings, which is the functional and reporting currency of the *Partnership*.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the PFM Act, the State Corporations Act, and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

b) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the *Partnership* and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is recognized at the fair value of consideration received or expected to be received in the ordinary course of the *Partnership*'s activities, net of value-added tax (VAT), where applicable, and when specific criteria have been met for each of the *Partnership*'s activities as described below.

- Revenue from the sale of goods and services is recognized in the year in which the *Partnership* delivers products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.
- ii) **Finance income** comprises interest receivable from bank deposits and investment in securities, and is recognized in profit or loss on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method.

- iii) **Interest income** is recognized in the income statement in the year in which the right to receive the payment is established.
- iv) **Rental income** is recognized in the income statement as it accrues using the effective lease agreements.
- v) **Other income** is recognized as it accrues.

c) In-kind contributions

In-kind contributions are donations that are made to the *Partnership* in the form of actual goods and/or services rather than in money or cash terms. These donations may include vehicles, equipment or personnel services. Where the financial value received for in-kind contributions can be reliably determined, the *Partnership* includes such value in the statement of comprehensive income both as revenue and as an expense in equal and opposite amounts; otherwise, the contribution is not recorded.

d) Property, plant and equipment

All categories of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Certain categories of property, plant and equipment are subsequently carried at re-valued amounts, being their fair value at the date of re-valuation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Where re-measurement at re-valued amounts is desired, all items in an asset category are re-valued through periodic valuations carried out by independent external values. Increases in the carrying amounts of assets arising from re-valuation are credited to other comprehensive income. Decreases that offset previous increases in the carrying amount of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve account; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss in the income statement.

Gains and losses on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from the disposal with the net carrying amount of the items, and are recognized in profit or loss in the income statement.

e) Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment

Freehold land and capital work in progress are not depreciated. Capital work in progress relates mainly to the costs of ongoing but incomplete works on buildings and other civil works and installations.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is recognized in the income statement on reducing balance over its estimated useful life. The annual rates in use are:-

- 1. Buildings and civil works (25 years) or the unexpired lease period
- 2. Plant and machinery (12.5 years)
- 3. Motor vehicles, including motor cycles (4 years)
- 4. Computers and related equipment (3 years)
- 5. Office equipment, furniture and fittings (12.5 years)

A full year's depreciation charge is recognized both in the year of asset purchase and in the year of asset disposal.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Depreciation rate
Plant and machinery	Reducing balance	10%
Furniture and fixtures	Reducing balance	10%
Office equipment	Reducing balance	10%
IT equipment	Reducing balance	25%

Items of property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually for impairment. Where the carrying amount of an asset is assessed as greater than it's estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized so that the asset is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount.

f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise purchased computer software licenses, which are capitalized on the basis of costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over the estimated useful life of the intangible assets from the year that they are available for use, usually over three years.



Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) Amortization and impairment of intangible assets

Amortization is calculated on the reducing balance over the estimated useful life of computer software of three years. All computer software is reviewed annually for impairment. Where the carrying amount of an intangible asset is assessed as greater than its estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized so that the asset is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount. Investment property is carried at fair value, representing open market value determined periodically by independent external values. Changes in fair values are included in profit or loss in the income statement.

g) Fixed interest income

Fixed interest income refer to investment funds placed under National Bank of Kenya (NBK).

h) Inventories

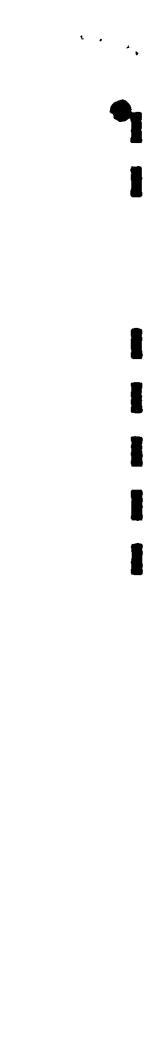
Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories comprises purchase price, import duties, transportation and handing charges, and is determined on the moving average price method.

i) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognized at fair values less allowances for any uncollectible amounts. These are assessed for impairment on a continuing basis. An estimate is made of doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. Bad debts are written off after all efforts at recovery have been exhausted.

j) Taxation

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted as at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the income statement. Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.



3. Administrative Expenses

	2023	2022
Description	Kshs	Kshs
Depreciation	4,725,235	2,141,289
Salaries and Wages	5,176,985	5,347,880
Provision for bad and doubtful		
debts	7,294,559	6,443,819
Committee Allowances	1,579,344	1,383,282
Gratuity	685,071	685,071
Telephone & Postage	211,987	212,599
Audit Fee	441,165	500,000
Energy audit fee	-	300,000
Legal Fee	-	5,000
professional fee	333,621	16,000
Office expenses	110,571	78,267
Printing	121,124	168,827
Bank charges	66,695	30,395
Subsistence Allowances	30,000	45,650
Licenses	35,000	25,000
Advertising	97,200	128,772
Training	100,200	69,600
Computer & system main	146,752	65,500
Total Admin Expenses	21,155,507	17,646,951

4. Operating Expenses

	2023	2022
Insurance	1,522,073	1,466,403
Generator fuel	488,019	230,470
Resource Centre Expenses	425,495	285,546
DHMC Welfare Expenses	300,000	300,000
Fumigation	162,400	135,000
Loss on Disposal of generator	-	761,731
Total	2,897,987	3,179,150

5. Property Plant & Equipment

	Machines 10.00% Kshs	Furniture, Fittings & Equipment 10.00% Kshs	Office Equipment 10.00% Kshs	IT Equipment 25.00% Kshs	TOTAL Kshs
Year 2022					
As at 1st January, 2022	14,303,555	41,432,081	520,180	1,903,065	58,158,881
Disposal of the generator	-	(9,637,970)	-	-	(9,637,970)
Additions	-	696,801	-	68,000	764,801
As at 31st December, 2022	14,303,555	32,490,912	520,180	1,971,065	49,285,712
Year 2023					
Year 2023					
As at 1st January, 2023	14,303,555	32,490,912	520,180	1,971,065	49,285,712
Additions	-	21,201,257	-	54,350	21,255,607
As at 31st December, 2023	14,303,555	53,692,169	520,180	2,025,415	70,541,319
Depreciation					
As at 1st January, 2022	5,904,842	20,189,839	451,210	1,713,411	28,259,302,
Charge for the year	839,871	1,230,107	6,897	64,414	2,141,289
Disposal of the generator		(6,740,239)			(6,740,239)
Balance as at 31st December, 2022	6,744,714	14,679,707	458,107	1,777,824	23,660,352
As at 1st January, 2023	6,744,714	14,679,707	458,107	1,777,824	23,660,352
Charge for the year	755,884	3,901,246	6,207	61,898	4,725,235
Balance as at 31st December, 2023	7,500,598	18,580,954	464,314	1,839,722	28,385,588
Net Book Value					
As at 31st December, 2022	7,558,841	17,811,205	62,073	193,235	25,625,354
As at 31st December, 2023	6,802,957	35,111,216	55,860	185,693	42,155,726

6. Trade & Other Receivables

	2023	2022
Description	Kshs	Kshs
Trade Receivables	46,554,548	27,521,022
Deposit for generator fuel	100,000	-
Vat Recoverable	997,091	771,955
Prepayment	1,183,440	1,119,263
Deposit for Electricity	1,168,094	1,168,094
Advance to ADC & AFC	1-	6,361,410
Interest receivables	378,227	579,462
Total	50,381,400	37,521,206
Reconciliation of trade receivables		
Opening balance	27,521,022	36,596,179
Debtors during the year	183,776,376	197,874,264
Payments during the year	(171,546,179)	(186,407,714)
Provision for doubtful debt	(7,294,559)	(6,443,819)
Total	46,554,548	27,521,022
Reconciliation of doubtful debts/credit los	ses	
Accumulated provision for bad debts	76,879,859	70,436,040
Provision for doubtful debts/credit losses	7,294,559	6,443,819
Total	84,174,418	76,879,859

7. Cash & cash equivalent

Description		2023 Kshs	2022 Kshs
Short Term Deposit Cash at hand	s: NBK-01003004368400	100,000,000	92,329,096
Current account:	NBK-01003004368400	11,095 4,039,655	39,140 6,805,394
Total		104,050,750	99,173,630

8. Retained Earnings

Description	2023	2022
亚 基本人	Kshs	
January 1st	122,168,671	122,168,671
2022 advance to partners	(6,361,410)	-
2023 profit	114,941,576	
2023 partners drawings	(73,200,000)	-
2023 Rental Withholding Tax	(6,230,679)	-
2023 Due to partners	(29,149,487)	-
At 31st December	122,168,671	122,168,671

9. Loss on disposal of Generator

Description	2023	2022
	Kshs	Kshs
Accumulated Depreciation	-	(6,740,239)
Net Book Value	y -	2,897,731
Disposal Proceeds	-	(2,136,000)
Loss on Disposal	-	761,731

10. Prior Year Adjustments

Description	2023	2022
	Kshs	Kshs
2022 Rental Withholding Tax utilized	-	(4,311,086)
2022 Prepaid Rent (Posted as income)	-	921,621
Total	-	(3,389,465)

11. Trade & Other Payables

Description	2023	2022	
	Kshs	Kshs	
Tenants Deposits	32,883,519	31,601,552	
Trade Payables	2,424,554	970,108	
Prepaid Rent	3,124,526	2,300,374	
Accrued Gratuity	1,446,963	2,800,425	
Accrued PAYE	330,006	355,721	
Accruals(General)	4,560,149	1,623,339	
Accrued Audit Fee	500,000	500,000	
Dues to partners	29,149,487	,	
Total	74,419,205	40,151,519	

21. Progress on Follow up Of Auditor Recommendations

The partnership was issued with a qualified audit opinion and there were some pending issues in the auditor's report.

Reference No. on the external audit report	Issue/ Observati on from the auditor	Management Response	Responsibility	Status
2022 Audit certificate	Interest on Short Term Deposits	The partnership reports under IFRS framework in which income is recognized when earned but not when received. Management provided details of the term deposits and interest earned, supported by certificates of deposit.	Management	Resolved
	Lack of an Audit Committee and Internal Audit	A new internal audit committee has been established as per the amended Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual. Previous audit reports by external auditors and internal audit functions of the partners were provided.	Management	Implemented
	Lack of a Risk Manageme nt Policy	A Risk and Compliance policy was developed along with specific policies addressing identified risks. Standard Operating Procedures were also formulated to manage various aspects of the partnership's operations.	Management	Implemented
	Inaccuraci es in Financial Statements	The accountant acknowledged the inaccuracies and has reconciled and updated the financial statements to address these issues, including trade and other receivables, cash flows, and property plant and equipment.	Accountant	Resolved
	Unsupport ed Prior Year Adjustmen ts	The accountant acknowledged the error in including prior year adjustments without providing explanations or details. The accountant has adjusted the financial statements.	Accountant	Resolved

