2010-426 K342:036762 CON

# REPORT OF THE CONSTITUTION OF KENYA REVIEW COMMISSION

00	<u></u>	TTEE OF EX	<b>VPERTS</b>
		(COE) LIBRARY	* 24.5 * ******* ************ ************
¦CI	CC. N LASS ATE	0 No	

## VOLUME FOUR CONSTITUENCY CONSTITUTIONAL FORUM REPORTS

## Constituency No: 138 Molo

APPROVED FOR ISSUE AT THE 66<sup>TH</sup> MEETING OF THE COMMISSION HELD ON 20<sup>TH</sup> MARCH, 2003

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

L

	Prefa	ace	i
1.	Dist	rict Context	1
	1.1.	Demographic characteristics	1
	1.2.	Socio-economic Profile	1
2.	Con	stituency Profile	2
		Demographic characteristics	2
	2.2.	Socio-economic Profile	2
	2.3.	Electioneering and Political Information	2
		1992 Election Results	2
	2.5.	1997 Election Results	2
3.	Cons	stitution Making/Review Process	3
	3.1.	Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)	3
	3.2.	District Coordinators	5
4.	Civi	c Education	6
	4.1.	Phases covered in Civic Education	6
	4.2.	Issues and Areas Covered	6
5.	Con	stituency Public Hearings	7
	5.1.	Logistical Details	7
		Attendants Details	7
	5.3.		8
Aj	opend	lices	30

#### PREFACE

This report is the outcome of the Constitution of Kenya review activities at the constituency level. Its production is a requirement under section 26(2) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act (Cap 3A), which mandates the Commission to compile reports of the Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF). The Act identifies the CCF as one of the principle organs of the Constitution of Kenya review process (sec. 4(1)(b)). Section 5 of the Act notes as one of the guiding principles of the review process, that the organs shall provide the people of Kenya with an opportunity to actively, freely and meaningfully participate in generating and debating the proposals to alter the Constitution. That the organs shall ensure that the final outcome of the review process faithfully reflects the wishes of the people of Kenya.

The Constitution of Kenya Review Commission (CKRC) in an effort to realize the objectives of the review, held hearings in all the constituencies in Kenya during which all Kenyans were given an opportunity to present their proposals for the alteration of the Kenyan Constitution. In its guidelines for the formation of the CCF's (pursuant to sec. 20 of the review Act), CKRC indicated that all the constituents were deemed as members of the CCF. In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, Constituency Constitutional Committees (CCC) were established. The guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

This report therefore summarizes the views collected in the constituency, in five broad chapters. A brief background of the district in which the constituency is situated is presented in the first chapter followed by a similar background for the constituency, in the second chapter. The philosophy and organs of the review process at the constituency level are presented in chapter three while chapter four outlines civic education activities. The logistics of constituency public hearings and the proposals constituents presented chapter made bv the are in five. The recommendations were collated according to the list of issues and questions, which was issued by CKRC at the commencement of the public hearings. However, the twenty-two areas of concern identified in the issues and questions for public hearings mainly covered constitutional issues. Additional twenty-one categories of issues covering policy and other issues were added so as to ensure that all the concerns and recommendations made by the constituents were collated and used in the review process and also reflected in the CCF report.

The Commission trusts that this report fully reflects the views of the people of the constituency.

**Commissioners:** 

1.	Prof. Yash Pal Ghai	-Member and Chairman
2.	Prof. Ahmed I. Salim	-Member and First Vice Chairperson
3.	Prof. H.W.O. Okoth-Ogendo	-Member and Vice Chairperson
4.	Mrs. Abida Ali-Aroni	-Member and Vice Chairperson
5.	Dr. Abdirizak A. Nunow	-Member
6.	Mr. Abubakar Zein Abubakar	-Member
7.	Dr. Andronico O. Adede	-Member
8.	Mr. Ahmed I. Hassan	-Member
9.	Mrs. Alice Yano	-Member
10.	Bishop Bernard N. Kariuki	-Member
	Dr. Charles M. Bagwasi	-Member
	Mr. Domiziano M. Ratanya	-Member
13.	Dr. Githu Muigai	-Member
	Mr. Ibrahim A. Lethome	-Member
15.	Mr. Isaac Lenaola	-Member
16.	Dr. K. Mosonik arap Korir	-Member
	Ms. Kavetsa Adagala	-Member
18.	Mr. Keriako Tobiko	-Member
19.	Dr. Mohamed A. Swazuri	-Member
20.	Mr. J. Mutakha Kangu	-Member
21.	Ms. Nancy M. Baraza	-Member
22.	Pastor Zablon F. Ayonga	-Member
23.	Mr. Musili P. Wambua	-Member
<b>24</b> .	Mrs. Phoebe M. Asiyo	-Member
25.	Prof. Wanjiku Kabira	-Member
26.	Mr. Riunga L. Raiji	-Member
	Ms. Salome W. Muigai	-Member
	The Attorney-General	-Ex-officio Member
00		O

29. Patrick L. O. Lumumba

-Secretary and Ex-officio Member

#### **1. DISTRICT CONTEXT.**

Molo Constituency is a constituency in Nakuru District. Nakuru District is one of 18 districts of the Rift Valley Province of Kenya.

#### **1.1. Demographic Characteristics**

District Population by Sex			
Total District Population Aged 18 years & Below	315,254	311,648	626,902
Total District Population Aged Above 18 years	283,449	276,688	560,137
Population Density (persons/Km <sup>2</sup> )		164	

#### 1.2. Socio-Economic Profile

Nakuru District:

- Is the 7<sup>th</sup> most densely populated district in the province;
- Has a primary school enrolment rate of 73.5%, being ranked 8<sup>th</sup> in the province and 30<sup>th</sup> nationally;
- Has a secondary school enrolment rate of 20.3%, being ranked  $7^{th}$  in the province and  $31^{st}$  nationally;
- Experiences the following main diseases: Malaria, respiratory tract infections, diarrhoea diseases, skin diseases and infections, and eye infections;
- Has a 22.8% malnourishment rate of children under 5 years of age, being ranked 21<sup>st</sup> of 42 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has 46 of 1000 of its live babies dying before the 1<sup>st</sup> birthday, being ranked 13<sup>th</sup> of 44 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has a life expectancy of 57.4 years, being ranked 19<sup>th</sup> of 45 of the nationally ranked districts;
- Has an absolute poverty level of 45.08%;
- Has a 42.26% food poverty level being ranked 4<sup>th</sup> in the province;
- Has the 5<sup>th</sup> highest monthly mean household income in the province at Ksh. 6,826;
- Has 57.6% of its residents accessing clean water; and
- 92.3% of its residents having safe sanitation.

Nakuru district has 6 constituencies: Naivasha, Nakuru Town, Kuresoi, Molo, Rongai, and Subukia Constituencies. The district's 6 MPs, each cover on average an area of 1,207 Km<sup>2</sup> to reach 197,840 constituents (a large average constituent per MP, being ranked 6<sup>th</sup> nationally). This is an opposition stronghold. In the 1997 general elections, two of the six parliamentary seats were won by KANU while the others by DP.

#### 2. CONSTITUENCY PROFILE

#### 2.1. Demographic Characteristics

Constituency Population	Total	Area Km <sup>2</sup>	Density Km²)	(persons	per
Population	235,289	1,198.20		196.4	

#### 2.2. Socio-Economic Characteristics

The main economic activities of the residents are:

- Pyrethrum production. This is a leading pyrethrum producing are in the country; and
- Saw-milling. This is concentrated around Elburgon.

#### 2.3. Electioneering and Political Information

In the 1992 and 1997 general elections, FORD-A and DP won the seats with 60.21% and 73.17% valid votes respectively. In 2002, the National Rainbow Coalition took the seat.

#### 2.4. 1992 General Election Results

and and sold of the second sold			
and the second se		ANY MORESHER	
Njenga Mungai	FORD-A	57,637	60.21
Joseph Kebenei	KANU	33,016	34.49
Samuel Kihiu	DP	5,081	5.31
Total Valid Votes		95,734	100.00
Rejected Votes			
Total Votes Cast		95,734	
% Turnout		79.31	
% Rejected/Cast		0.00	

#### 2.5. 1997 General Election Results

1997 TOTAL REGISTERED VOTERS 75,942 CANDIDATE PARTY VOTES % VALID WOTES Dickson Kihika Kimani DP 42,397 73.17 John Njenga Mungai 22.09 **KANU** 12,802<sup>-</sup> Njuguna G.G. Ngengi 3.52 SAFINA 2.041 George W. Nganga LPK 401 0.69 Anne Wangeci Murage FORD-P 0.52301 **Total Valid Votes** 57,942 100.00 **Rejected Votes** 1,729 **Total Votes Cast** 59.671 % Turnout 78.57 2.90 % Rejected

\*The reduction in voter registration figures can be attributed to the fact that the constituency was split to create Kuresoi.

#### 3. CONSTITUTION MAKING/REVIEW PROCESS

#### 3.1. Constituency Constitutional Forums (CCFs)

#### 3.1.1.Philosophy

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) plays a very significant role in the review of the constitution. It is designated as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec. 4(1) of the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, Cap.3A). The importance attached to the CCF arises from the recognition of the need to involve the people fully in the review of the constitution. Only through such participation of the public will the new constitution reflect the preferences, hopes and aspirations of the people. It would also increase people's knowledge of constitutional issues, and facilitate their familiarity with the provisions of the new constitution. Additionally, the process, enhances the legitimacy of the constitution among Kenyans and their sense of ownership over it. In these ways the proper implementation and safeguarding of the constitution will be facilitated.

#### **3.1.2.Composition and Establishment**

The 1997 Review Act had provided for district forums 'to mobilize communities at the local level for the purpose of civic education in preparation for the Commission's work and to perform such other duties as the Commission may assign' - (sec. 12A (6). The District Forums were to consist of members elected to represent locations, religious organizations, and the disabled, in addition to MPs and members of every local authority in the district. The Act contained several provisions prescribing minimum qualifications for membership and regulating the operations of the District Forums.

The Select Committee of the National Assembly, which reviewed the Act in early 2000, decided to replace the District Forums with Constituency Forums to get views ' directly from the people in the constituency without necessarily going through the rigours of an election to determine the members of the forum'. It thought that this would provide for a more popular form of participation. It recommended on the simplification of the forum to avoid elections. The Select Committee envisaged the constituency forum as and 'open forum with no specific structures', which should be flexible and easy to manage'. Its opinion was that the 'existing leadership Members of Parliament, councilors, community comprising based organizations, religious groups and individuals should be able to present views and opinions directly from the grassroots' ( The Report of the Parliamentary Select Committee Reviewing the Constitution of Kenya Review Act, 1997, April 2000). It removed the regulatory powers of the Commission over the forum, its role being confined to the 'facilitation' of the forum. It also changed the function of the forum from the facilitation of civic education to also include facilitation and the collection of the views of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In view of the limited role of the CKRC in the establishment of the CCF's, the CKRC prepared and gazetted Guidelines for the operationalization of the constituency constitutional forums. The Guidelines stipulated that all the residents of a constituency would constitute the CCF. The CCF is described as one of the organs ' through which the review process shall be conducted' - (sec.4(1)). The CCF was thus one of the principal ways in which the views of the public were to be obtained.

In order to coordinate and facilitate the activities of the CCF, a Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) was to be established. The Guidelines proposed its membership to consist of 10 persons, of which three would be ex-officio: the local MP, the chair of the County Council in which the constituency is located, and the District Coordinator. The Guidelines stated that the membership would be as broad and representative of the people of the constituency as possible and recommended that at least a third of the committee should be women.

#### **3.1.3.Functions of CCF**

- Facilitation of collection of the views of the public at the constituency level on proposals to alter the constitution; and
- Debate and discussion of the views of the members of the public on proposals to alter the constitution.

In performance of these functions, the CKRC was required to visit all constituencies (Sec.18 (1)(a)).

#### **3.1.4.Functions of CCC**

- The functions of the CCC were mainly facilitative and advisory, the primary aim being to enhance the effective participation in the ownership of the constitution review process by the people at the constituency level;
- The CCC was also mandated to promote, facilitate and monitor civic education at the constituency level in collaboration with the District Coordinator and civic education providers;
- Additionally, the CCC had to ensure that the constituency had access to all information relevant to the review process in coordination with District Documentation centers; and
- Finally, the CCC was also mandated with the task of dissemination of the report of the CKRC. It was to be assisted in this by the District Coordinator, who was also its accounting officer, in relation to funds that were made available to it by CKRC.

It is important to emphasize that the Guidelines were advisory, and the local community was free to modify them to suit local circumstances. For example, the size of the CCC could be increased when and if adequate representation and diversity required it.

#### **3.1.5.Date of Commencement of Work**

The Constituency Constitutional Forum (CCF) was to run for an initial period commencing November 2001 up to September 2002. Accordingly, each Constituency Constitutional Committee (CCC) should have been constituted at the very latest by the end of November 2001. The Constituency Constitutional Forum was to be operational by that time.

#### **3.2.** District Coordinators

#### 3.2.1.Mandate/Terms of Reference

- Be the local grass root representative;
- Perform the generalization activities in the district;
- Be in charge of the documentation center/s in the district, facilitate its/their respective management, ensuring they are stocked and are easily accessible to the public and also organize their safety and security;
- Gathering any relevant local information and materials for the purpose of constitution making;
- Facilitate the identification, classification and organization of the physical and electronic retrieval and dissemination of information and materials for constitution making;
- Supply such information needed by local constituency forums and committees;
- Liaise with other documentation centers nearby and others for information;
- In collaboration with constituency committees, identify and arrange venues for public hearing whenever the CKRC visits the constituencies in their area;
- Facilitate regular meetings of the constituency committees and involve local people as much as possible in discussing constitutional issues;
- Source and identify other key personnel that the CKRC may wish to consult or engage in its work;
- Identify and arrange for simultaneous local translations, sign language users, procurement and hiring of public address systems, transport and communication facilities for CKRC's meetings in the district;
- Monitor the implementation of civic education by civic education providers in the district;
- Facilitate the formation of constituency committees with guidance and assistance of CKRC; and
- Perform any other tasks as directed by CKRC.

#### **3.2.2.Criteria for Appointment**

• Diversity in the composition, taking into account ethnicity, age, religion and professional or occupational background; and

• Appointees had at least attained Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education or its equivalent.

#### 4. CIVIC EDUCATION.

Civic education in the constitution was carried out between  $15^{\rm th}$  March 2002 and 30th May 2002

#### 4.1. Phases in civic education

Stage 1 is the only phase that has been covered. This is the stage preceding collection of views. This stage dealt with information, knowledge, skills and virtues that enabled Kenyans have an informed choice and present their views on constitutional review.

#### 4.2. Issues and areas covered

- Citizenship and democracy
- Constitutionalism and constitution making
- State democracy and democratization
- Judiciary and the judicial process
- Meaning and levels of governance
- Management and use of national resources
- Nation and state
- Decentralization and devolution of power
- Meaning nature and functions of the constitution
- Citizenship and democracy
- Human rights
- Nationhood and nation building

#### 5. CONSTITUENCY PUBLIC HEARINGS

#### 5.1. Logistical Details

#### Date and Number of Days for Public Hearings 1.

- Date(s) 12<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> July, 2002 a)
- Total Number of Days: 2 b)

#### Venue 2.

- Number of Venues: two (2) a)
- Venue(s): b)
  - a) Kihingo Catholic Church
  - B) Molo Town Hall

#### 3. **Panels**

- a) Commissioners
  - 1. Com. Prof. H.W.O Okoth-Ogendo
  - 2. Com. Alice Yano
  - 3. Com. Isaac Lenaola
- b) Secretariat
  - Secretariat1. Pauline Nyamweya- Prog. Officer2. Sarah Muriithi- Prog. Officer3. Michael Koome- Asst. Prog. Officer. Willen Kanyora- Verbatim Recorder

- Verbatim Recorder

	<b>5.2</b> .	Attendance	Details
--	--------------	------------	---------

Category	Details	Number		
Number of				
People Who		192		
Presented				
	Male	175		
Sex	Female	17		
	Not Stated	0		
	Individual	125		
<b>Presenter Type</b>	Institutions	67		
	Not Stated	0		
	Primary Level	45		
	Secondary/High School Level	91		
	College	16		
Educational	University	30		
Background	None	0		
Dackground	Not Stated	9		
	Other (Adult			
	Education/Vernacular/Madrasa/Informal	1		
	Education)			
	Memoranda	9		
	Oral	49		
Form of	Written	37		
Presentation	Oral + Memoranda	31		
	Oral + Written	69		
	Not Stated	0		

#### 5.3. Concerns and Recommendations

The following are the recommendations made by the presenters in Molo Constituency. The recommendations were collated around 43 areas of concern, from the Preamble to National integrity/identity. Only areas where recommendations were made in the constituency are covered. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of times the recommendation (bulleted) was made, either orally or through written memoranda. Each count on a specific recommendation was picked from an individual, a group or an organization. Where a presenter made different recommendations on the same area of concern, each recommendation was counted separately. Where no number appears in parentheses, the recommendation was made only once.

#### 5.3.1 PREAMBLE

- The preamble should state when the constitution was made and by whom
- The preamble should state national values, emphasize unity, and espouse the philosophy of Kenyans and their mission and vision.
- The constitution should enshrine the preamble. (14)
- The preamble should reflect the common experience of Kenyans during the colonial era.

#### **5.3.2 DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES OF STATE POLICY**

- The constitution should provide for the independence of the three arms of government. (2)
- The constitution should reflect mission, goal, aspiration, supremacy and God as the guiding star.

#### 5.3.3 CONSTITUTIONAL SUPREMACY

- The constitution should retain the 65% majority required for the amendment of the constitution. (3)
- The constitution should provide that any amendment of the constitution should be done through a referendum. (8)
- The constitution should provide that amendments to the constitution should be done by parliament after a public poll.
- The constitution should provide that no one should be above the law.

#### 5.3.4 CITIZENSHIP

- The constitution should provide equality for both men and women in citizenship issues.
- The constitution should confer automatic citizenship to persons whose both parents are Kenyans. (5)

- The constitution should provide that Kenyan citizenship should be acquired through naturalization.
- The constitution should provide that any person who has lived in Kenya for more than 10 years should be conferred automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide that any child who is less than 18 years adopted by a Kenyan parent should be conferred automatic citizenship.
- The constitution should provide spouses of Kenyan citizens regardless of gender should be entitled to automatic citizenship. (6)
- The constitution should provide that a child born to Kenyan parent, regardless of gender should be entitled to automatic citizenship. (4)
- The constitution should provide that driving licenses and voter cards shall be recognized as identification documents
- The constitution should abolish dual citizenship
- The constitution should allow dual citizenship. (2)
- The constitution should guarantee automatic citizenship for children born of Kenyan parents regardless of the place one is born in.
- The constitution should provide for all Kenya citizens to vote during the general elections as their obligation.
- The constitution should provide for the use of ID cards as a proof of citizenship. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the use of Kenyan passports as proof of citizenship. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the use of birth certificates as proof of citizenship. (2)

#### **5.3.5 DEFENSE AND NATIONAL SECURITY**

- The constitution should provide that security shall be guaranteed and police brutality curbed.
- The constitution should establish guidelines on the discipline of the armed forces.
- The constitution should establish disciplined forces. (2)
- The constitution should abolish flying squad.
- The constitution should provide for the armed forces to be disciplined through court martial and criminal courts.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be the commander in chief of the armed forces. (3)
- The constitution should not provide for the president should not be the commander in chief of the armed forces. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the executive to have exclusive powers to declare war. (3)
- The constitution should allow use of extraordinary powers in times of emergencies. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the armed forces shall engage in public / community work when not in combat
- The constitution should provide that the youth should undergo a compulsory service in the armed forces.

- The constitution should empower the parliament to invoke emergency powers.
- The constitution should provide that a minimum of 1/3 of the parliamentarians should have the authority to invoke emergency powers.
- The constitution should empower the parliament to declare war.

#### **5.3.6 POLITICAL PARTIES**

- The constitution should provide for political parties to be involved in development projects.
- The constitution should provide for the political parties to harmonize Kenyans.
- The constitution should regulate the formation, management and conduct of political parties.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to three. (5)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to four.
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to two. (2)
- The constitution should limit the number of political parties to five.
- The constitution should limit the number of parties up to a maximum of 10.
- The constitution should provide for parties to fund themselves from the members' contribution. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the political parties to be funded from the consolidated funds.
- The constitution should provide for the political parties to be funded from public coffers.
- The constitution should provide that only those parties represented in parliament shall be funded
- The constitution should provide that political parties shall have at least 50 % membership in every province so as to be registered

### 5.3.7 STRUCTURES AND SYSTEMS OF GOVERNANCE

- The constitution should retain the presidential system of government
- The constitution should provide for a parliamentary system of government.
- The constitution should provide for the president to appoint the prime minister.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister to be answerable to the parliament. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the prime minister to be in charge of the government.
- The constitution should provide that the prime minister to be appointed by majority party.
- The constitution should provide for a monarchical system of government.
- The constitution should adopt a unitary system of government. (7)

- The constitution should adopt federal system of government. (12)
- The constitution should provide for a prime minister who shall be the winning party
- The constitution should provide for a deputy premier.
- The constitution should provide for the vice president to be the presidents' running mate.
- The constitution should provide for the election of the vice president who should neither be an MP nor a member of a political party
- The constitution should provide that the vice president shall be an MP
- The constitution should provide that the people should elect the vice president. (12)
- The constitution should provide that the parliament should appoint the vice president.
- The constitution should provide for the AG serve as the chief legal advisor to the government.
- The constitution should provide for the AG to take over and terminate privately prosecuted cases.
- The constitution should abolish the *nolle prosequi* powers vested in the attorney general (AG)
- The constitution should provide that the AG shall have no job tenure security and is impeachable
- The constitution should provide that power shall be devolved to local levels

### **5.3.8 THE LEGISLATURE**

- The constitution should provide that parliament shall vet all presidential appointments.
- The constitution should provide for the appointment of parastatals heads to be vetted by the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the appointment of the auditor general to be vetted by the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the appointment of attorney general to be vetted by the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the presidential appointees to be vetted by the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to approve the presidents' salary.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to control its own calendar.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to control its own budget.
- The constitution should provide that being a member of parliament should be a part time occupation.
- The constitution should provide that MPs shall be over 45 years old
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be above 35 years.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be above 30 years.
- The constitution should provide that presidential candidate should be above 35 years but below 75 years.

- The constitution should provide that presidential candidate should be between 50 and 70 years. (2)
- The constitution should provide that presidential candidate should be above 30 years of age.
- The constitution should provide that MPs should be graduates from recognized university. (5)
- The constitution should provide that Mps should have form four level of education. (6)
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of moral and ethical qualifications for the MPs.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a code of discipline for MPs
- The constitution should provide that MPs should not have been convicted of any offence.
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of MPs by a 60 % vote of councilors in their constituencies
- The constitution should provide for the electorate to have the right to recall their MP in the event of failure to deliver. (11)
- The constitution should provide for the electorate to have the right to recall their MP by 65% majority vote of no confidence. (2)
- The constitution should provide that senior government officers like the attorney general; chief justices etc. are appointed by parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the MPs to act on the basis of conscience and conviction or instruction from their constituents.
- The constitution should provide for MPs to earn 60% of the presidents' salary.
- The constitution should provide for an independent commission to determine the salaries and benefits of MPs. (3)
- The constitution should provide for an independent civil service remuneration committee to determine the salaries and benefits of MPs.
- The constitution should provide for a special team of learned to determine the salaries and benefits of MPs.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nomination of MPs.
- The constitution should abolish nominations to parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the nominated MPs should be competent people.
- The constitution should provide that nomination seat in parliament should be reserved to the interest groups.
- The constitution should provide that nomination seat in parliament should be reserved to the marginalized groups.
- The constitution should provide that nomination seat in parliament should be reserved for the vulnerable groups.
- The constitution should provide that 1/3 of the parliamentary seats should reserved for women. (2)
- The constitution should provide that at least 33% of seats in parliament should be reserved for women.
- The constitution should provide that failure to attend parliament should in automatically lead to declaring seats vacant.

- The constitution should provide that honorable members missing sitting of the house should not be given allowances.
- The constitution should provide that the government of unity should be established with executives coming from all political parties.
- The constitution should allow for the coalition government
- The constitutions should provide that MPs have power to set up commissions.
- The constitution should retain multipartism.
- The constitution should provide for the president to have veto power over the legislation.
- The constitution should not provide for the president to dissolve the parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the parliament should not be dissolved before its full course.
- The constitution should provide for MPs to have offices in their constituencies. (4)
- The constitution should provide for a bi-cameral legislature, having a house of representatives and a senate

#### 5.3.9 THE EXECUTIVE

- The constitution should provide that the president should be a university graduate. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the president to be a holder of a secondary school certificate.
- The constitution should provide that the president should be a person of sound mind and high integrity.
- The constitution should provide that the president shall be a graduate and shall be impeachable by parliament
- The constitution should provide that the president shall be monogamous and shall serve for one term of 5 years.
- The constitution should provide for the president to serve two terms of five years. (11)
- The constitution should define the functions of the president.
- The constitution should provide that the president should not to be above the law. (17)
- The constitution should provide for the powers of the president to be limited. (6)
- The constitution should provide for the president not to appoint the chief justice
- The constitution should provide for the reduction of the powers of the president.
- The constitution should provide for the impeachment of the president due to misconduct. (8)
- The constitution should provide that the president should not be a member of the legislature. (10)
- The constitution should provide that the president should be an exofficial member of the legislature.
- The constitution should provide for the provincial administration to be replaced with local authorities. (7)

- The constitution should abolish the provincial administration. (10)
- The constitution should provide that the people should elect chiefs and their assistants. (12)
- The constitution should provide for the provincial administration to be overhauled.
- The constitution should provide that locations shall be administered by village elders and not chiefs
- The constitution should provide that chiefs should have a minimum of form four educations.
- The constitution should provide that the number of ministries should be reduced. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the number of ministries should not exceed 22.
- The constitution should provide that ministries should be established and appointed by parliament.

#### **5.3.10 THE JUDICIARY**

- The constitution should provide for legal services by the state.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a jury assisting judges.
- The constitution should provide that courts should decide on cases promptly.
- The constitution should guarantee the independence of the judiciary. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of Supreme Court in Kenya. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to appoint judges. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the judicial service commission to appoint judicial officers. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the public service commission to appoint judicial officers.
- The constitution should provide for the law society of Kenya to appoint judicial officers.
- The constitution should provide that judges should a master's degree in law.
- The constitution should provide that the chief justice shall be elected by judges and magistrates and he/ she should have powers to prosecute
- The constitution should provide for the judicial tenure to be five years.
- The constitution should provide for the judicial tenure to be two terms of three years each.
- The constitution should provide that corrupt judges should be prosecuted.
- The constitution should provide for the power of the judiciary to be exclusively vested in the courts.
- The constitution should provide for the government to ensure that there are mobile courts.

- The constitution should provide for the establishment of high courts in every division.
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide free legal aid to the disadvantaged. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide free legal aid to the suspects.
- The constitution should provide that suspects shall not be kept for long in police custody / remand
- The constitution should provide that swearing with a bible and bowing in court shall not be mandatory.
- The constitution should empower the council of elders to arbitrate in customary and cultural affairs and some other disputes. (7)
- The constitution should provide for council of elders to be of the same number as the tribes in Kenya.

#### 5.3.11 LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- The constitution should provide that the people should elect mayors and council chairpersons. (14)
- The constitution should provide that mayors and councils should serve for a period of 2 terms of five years each.
- The constitution should provide that councilors serve for two years only and can be impeached.
- The constitution should provide that councilors should be graduates from recognized university.
- The constitution should provide that councilors should be holders of secondary school certificate. (14)
- The constitution should provide for the introduction of moral and ethical qualifications for councilors.
- The constitution should provide for people to have a right to recall their councilors should they fail to perform. (3)
- The constitution should provide for people to have a right to recall their councilors through a vote of no confidence.
- The constitution should provide for people to have a right to recall their councilors through a 65% vote of no confidence.
- The constitution should provide for the civil service remuneration committee to determine the remuneration of councilors.
- The constitution should provide that all nominated councilors should be women.
- The constitution should abolish the concept of nominated councilors.
- The constitution should retain the concept of nominated councilors.
- The constitution should provide that all nominated councilors should be the disabled.
- The constitution should provide for the president or the Minster in charge to dissolve the councils. (4).
- The constitution should not provide n for the president or the Minster in charge to dissolve the councils.
- The constitution should guarantee the autonomy of the local government

#### **5.3.12 THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM AND PROCESS**

- The constitution should provide for a continuous voter registration exercise.
- The constitution should provide for the presidential candidate to garner 51% of the votes caste to be declared a winner. (6)
- The constitution should provide for the presidential candidate to garner 50% of the vote caste to be declared a winner. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the presidential candidate to garner 40% of the vote caste to be declared a winner.
- The constitution should provide for those who defected from one party to seek fresh elections.
- The constitution should provide for those who failed in nomination in one party not to seek nomination from another party.
- The constitution should provide for those who defected from one party to loose their seats automatically.
- The constitution should retain the rule on 25% representation in the 5 provinces for presidential elections. (6)
- The constitution should provide that seats be reserved in parliament for the vulnerable groups like the disabled. (2)
- The constitution should provide that seats be reserved in parliament for interest groups like KNUT and COTU.
- •
- The constitution should provide that transparent ballot boxes shall be used
- The constitution should guarantee the independence of the electoral commission
- The constitution should provide that constituencies and wards should be demarcated according to the demographic criterion. (8)
- The constitution should provide that constituencies should be reduced to 172.
- The constitution should provide that presidential, parliamentary and civic elections should be held on different days. (6)
- The constitution should provide that parliamentary and presidential election shall be held after 8 years
- The constitution should provide for vote counting to be done at the polling stations. (2)
- The constitution should provide for voter registration to be a continuous process. (2)
- The constitution should provide counting of votes to be computerized. (3)
- The constitution should make provisions for independent candidates.
- The constitution should check election campaign expenditure of MPs.
- The constitution should
- The constitution should provide that electoral commissioners shall be appointed by the Public Service Commission
- The constitution should provide that the date for elections should be specified. (7)
- The constitution should provide that the electoral symbol shall be from "cross" to a "tick".

- The constitution should provide for the president to be elected directly by the people. (8)
- The constitution should provide for the president to be elected through Electoral College.
- The constitution should provide for the ballot boxes to be transparent. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commissions to have a degree in law and administration.
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commission to be non-partisan.
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commissioners to be appointed by the parliament. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commissioners to be appointed by the president.
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commissioners to be appointed by the judicial service commission.
- The constitution should provide that political parties should appoint electoral commissioners.
- The constitution should provide for electoral commissioners to enjoy security.
- The constitution should provide for electoral commissioners to serve for two terms of five years each. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commission to be funded from consolidated funds.
- The constitution should provide for electoral commissioners not to exceed 10.
- The constitution should provide for ballot votes to be counted at the polling stations.
- The constitution should provide for electoral commission to nullify the election results in the event of election offences.
- The constitution should empower the electoral commission to prosecute election offenders.
- The constitution should provide that election petitions shall be heard within 90 days

### **5.3.13 BASIC RIGHTS**

- The constitution should guarantee free and compulsory education for all up to form four.
- The constitution should strongly uphold the fundamental right according to the united nation conventions.
- The constitution should guarantee freedom of worship. (5)
- The constitution should recognize that the SDAs right to worship and rest on Saturdays.
- The constitution should provide for every Kenyan to enjoy freedom of movement.
- The constitution should provide for the abolition of death penalty. (6)
- The constitution should provide for death penalty to be replaced with life imprisonment. (2)

- The constitution should guarantee fundamental human rights including gender equality.
- The constitution should protect security, health care, water, education, shelter, food and employment as basic rights for all Kenyans. (4)
- The constitution should provide for every Kenyan to have equal basic rights. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the government to ensure that there is maximum security countrywide to Kenyans and their properties. (3)
- The constitution should provide that health facilities should be available and free to all. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide free medication at the government hospitals.
- The constitution should provide that there should be free medical care to everyone. (6)
- The constitution should provide that measures to control drug abuse are enshrined
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide water for all citizens.
- The constitution should provide for the government to ensure free education to every citizen. (8)
- The constitution should provide that there should be free basic education to every Kenyan child. (3)
- The constitution should provide that there should be automatic free basic education girls.
- The constitution should provide for the government to rehabilitate slums.
- The constitution should provide for the government to build cheap and affordable houses for Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide food for the hunger stricken people.
- The constitution should provide for foreigners who have lived in Kenya for more than one year to be issued with work permit.
- The constitution should uphold one-man one job policy. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the government to strive to create employment opportunities. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the national wages and salaries regulation board to be established.
- The constitution should provide for employment to be done at the district level.
- The constitution should provide that employment should be on merit basis. (4)
- The constitution should provide for women to be given six months maternity leave.
- The constitution should provide for senior citizens of 70 years and above to be given social welfare.
- The constitution should provide for retirees to be given their benefits and allowances immediately. (2)

- The constitution should provide for the retirees to be provided with free medical care since they saved with hospital insurance fund.
- The constitution should provide for the aged to earn pension from the government.
- The constitution should provide that there should be free education from primary to secondary level. (5)
- The constitution should provide for free education up to primary level. (8)
- The constitution should provide that inquiry commissions' reports should be made public.
- The constitution should provide for Kenyans to have the right to access to information in the possession of the state.
- (2)
- The constitution should be translated to all Kenyan languages. (2)
- The constitution should provide that civil servants shall have their own trade union and are not politically aligned to any party
- The constitution should provide for workers to have the right to form trade unions. (2)
- The constitution should restrict freedom of worship.

#### 5.3.14 THE RIGHTS OF VULNERABLE GROUPS

- The constitution should guarantee that the aged and disabled shall be provided with medical services by the government.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be well represented in the parliament. (3)
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be well represented in the EAC parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be able to access free education.
- The constitution should provide for the government to rehabilitate street orphans. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide basic social amenities for the disabled people.
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be provided with special means of transport.
- The constitution should provide that there should be an interpreter in courts for the disabled.
- The constitution should provide that children should be given education
- The constitution should provide that the disabled should be nominated to parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the orphaned children to be protected.
- The constitution should provide for both parents to take care of children until they attain the age of 18 years.
- The constitution should provide that irresponsible parents should be punished.
- The constitution should provide that girl-child education should be promoted.

- The constitution should provide that the government should educate children from poor families freely.
- The constitution should provide for the government to build homes for the aged.
- The constitution should provide that homes should be built in every district for the orphans.
- The constitution should provide that those who are 65 years should be considered vulnerable.
- The constitution should make provision for affirmative action for women in all institutions.
- The constitution should provide that widows shall continue to benefit form deceased husband emoluments
- The constitution should provide for equal representation of the marginalized groups in parliament
- The constitution should provide that disabled facilities shall be exempted from taxation
- The constitution should provide that sign-language interpreters should be employed in public offices and also in the media.
- The constitution should provide for the prisoners to be allowed to meet their spouses.
- The constitution should provide for the prisoners to be train in artisan skills.
- The constitution should provide for the prisoners not to be in cell for more than 48 hours.
- The constitution should provide that no one should be remanded for more than six months.
- The constitution should provide for prisoners to have a right to vote.
- The constitution should provide for the living conditions of prisoners be improved.
- The constitution should provide for prisoners to nave their basic rights.

#### 5.3.15 LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

- The constitution should guarantee that all Kenyans should own land anywhere in the country.
- The constitution should abolish communal land ownership.
- The constitution should provide for the state to have ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide for the individuals to have ultimate land ownership. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the government to have ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide for the local community to have ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide for the government and the local community and individual to have ultimate land ownership.
- The constitution should provide for the government and individual to have ultimate land ownership.

- The constitution should provide for the government to have the power to compulsorily acquire private land. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the government to have the power to compulsorily acquire private land from those who cannot pay tax.
- The constitution should provide for the government to have the power to compulsorily acquire private land and distribute to the landless. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the government to impose tax on the land under the private possession
- The constitution should provide for the government to impose tax on the idle land.
- The constitution should empower the government to control use of land for the good of the public. (2)
- The constitution should provide for female offspring regardless of marital status to have the right to inherit property.
- The constitution should provide for all landowners to have title deeds.
- The constitution should provide one person should own one plot.
- The constitution should guarantee equitable distribution of land
- The constitution should provide that all land acquired illegally shall be repossessed
- The constitution should provide that land shall be redistributed,  $\frac{1}{4}$  acre per Kenyan by birth
- The constitution should limit individual land ownership not to exceed 50 acres. (3)
- The constitution should provide that no one person should own more than 1000 acres land.
- The constitution should provide that no one person should own more than 100 acres land. (5)
- The constitution should provide that no one person should own more than 500 acres land.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a ceiling on land owned by individuals. (2)
- The constitution should provide that there should be no ceiling on land owned by individuals.
- The constitution should provide that land transfer process should be rigorous to avoid loopholes.
- The constitution should provide that land registrar should be decentralized.
- The constitution should provide that acquiring land title deeds should be prompt. (3)
- The constitution should provide that title deeds should be issued freely.
- The constitution should provide for men and women to have equal access to land. (3)
- The constitution should provide for men and women not to have equal access to land.
- The constitution should abolish the pre-independent land treaties that involve the Maasai, Mazrui and the coastal strip. (2)
- The constitution should retain the pre-independent land treaties.
- The constitution should provide for Kenyans to own land anywhere in the country. (11)

- The constitution should guarantee access top land for every Kenyan. (11)
- The constitution should provide that Trust land should not be

under the local government but a land commission.

- The constitution should abolish the trust land Act as it denies basic right to land. (2)
- The constitution should provide that title deeds shall be in family name in case of a polygamous marriage / family.
- The constitution should provide that land disputes shall be settled according to customary law

# 5.3.16 CULTURAL, ETHNIC AND REGIONAL DIVERSITY AND COMMUNAL RIGHTS

- The constitution should provide that cultural values shall be upheld by censoring grotesque material / literature.
- The constitution should protect individual from the discriminatory aspect of culture and prejudice.
- The constitution should provide for pastoralists to move freely in the event of searching for pasture and water.
- The constitution should provide that the traditional forms of marriages should be issued with a marriage certificate.
- The constitution should provide that polygamous marriage should be documented to minimize wrangles after the husbands' death.
- The constitution should provide for the government to adopt one national language. (2)

#### 5.3.17 MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL RESOURCES

- The constitution should provide that civil servants who commit economic crimes, and incite tribal hatred, should be sacked and prosecuted. The prerogative of mercy power should not apply.
- The constitution should provide that the prison industries should be extensive to generate more income to the government.
- The constitution should guarantee equitable distribution of resources. (3)
- The constitution should provide that public officers should declare their wealth.
- The constitution should provide for the government to apportion benefits from resources between central government and communities where such resources are found.
- The constitution should empower the controller and auditor general to prosecute. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the office of controller and auditor general to have an absolute security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide for the president to appoint the controller and auditor general.

- The constitution should provide for minister to submit their budgets for approval.
- The constitution should provide that there should be an office custodian of public resources answerable to the public account committee that monitors use of public resources.
- The constitution should provide that qualified persons should be appointed to public service office.
- The constitution should provide that ministers should earn 80% of the presidents' salary.
- The constitution should provide for civil servants to have security of tenure.
- The constitution should provide that civil servants should not be laid off or transferred anyhow by the president.
- The constitution should provide that the PSC should submit their performance monthly to the parliament.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to appoint members of the public service commission. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the president to appoint members of the public service commission. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to approve the appointment of the members of the public service commission.
- The constitution should guarantee pensions for all Kenyans above 70 years and should be paid promptly.
- The constitution should provide that all public officials shall be guided by a code of discipline / conduct.
- The constitution should provide for the public servants to be free from political patronage. (2)
- The constitution should not set education limits to leadership positions
- The constitution should provide that the Public Accounts Committee should be capable of prosecution.
- The constitution should provide that retrenchment victims should be adequately compensated.
- The constitution should provide for public servants to declare their assets.

### **5.3.18 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

- The constitution should provide that forestland shall be managed and protected by the local community and the environment is protected.
- The constitution should criminalize deforestation.
- The constitution should provide that policies affecting the environment should be discussed with the local communities.
- The constitution should allow afforestation. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to draft an Act on waste management.
- The constitution should provide that the forest grabbers should be prosecuted.
- The constitution should provide that the forestland should be gazette for the poor.

- The constitution should provide that there should be a law that will force all farmers to plant a certain number of trees and bring back green nature.
- The constitution should prohibit the manufacture of elastic bags.
- The constitution should provide for the government to have the power to enforce laws on the protection of the environment.
- The constitution should provide that there should be a law that will force every person to plant trees so that forests are restored. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the government to own natural resources.
- The constitution should provide for the local communities and local council to protect the natural resources.
- The constitution should provide for the protection of the environment through controlling pollution, reforestation etc. through a board of village elders.
- The constitution should provide that the communities should desist from cutting trees.
- The constitution should provide for the government to finance agroforestry.
- The constitution should provide for the communities living in the areas where mineral is discovered should be fully compensated by the government.
- The constitution should guarantee the participation of the locals in the natural resource management.
- The constitution should protect forests, water and wildlife. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the local communities, ministry of environment and natural resources, provincial environmental committee and law enforcers to protect the environment.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to appoint the agents to protect the environment.
- The constitution should provide for the government to be responsible for the management and protection of environment and natural resources. (2)
- The constitution should provide that the people should be educated on the needs to protect the environment.

#### **5.3.19 PARTICIPATORY GOVERNANCE**

- The constitution should provide that village elders should be incorporated in governance.
- The constitution should recognize NGOs and donors.
- The constitution should provide for the civil society organizations to be neutral when discharging their duties.
- The constitution should provide that seats should be reserved in parliament for women.
- The constitution should provide that youths should be represented in the parliament.
- The constitution should provide that the minority groups e.g. Elmoll should be represented in the parliament and other posts.

#### **5.3.20 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

- The constitution should provide for the parliament to conduct foreign affairs.
- The constitution should provide for the parliament to formulate policies.

#### 5.3.21 CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSIONS, INSTITUTIONS AND OFFICES

- The constitution should provide for the establishment of an ombudsman office. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of Anticorruption commission. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of land commission. (4)
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of a commission to collect annual opinions from people.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of national commission to look into fair distribution national resources.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of permanent constitution review commission.
- The constitution should empower the Anti corruption to arrest the corrupt.
- The constitution should provide for the review commission to amend any part of the constitution when need arises
- The constitution should provide for the creation of a land commission to settle land disputes
- The constitution should establish a human rights' and constitutional courts
- The constitution should provide that commission reports shall be made public

### 5.3.22 SUCCESSION AND TRANSFER OF POWER

- The constitution should provide that the president-elect should assume office 21 days after election.
- The constitution should provide for the speaker to be in charge of the executive powers during presidential elections. (5)
- The constitution should provide for the electoral commission to announce the presidential results.
- The constitution should provide that the president-elect should assume office 30 days after election.
- The constitution should provide for the judge to swear in the in coming president.
- The constitution should provide that the outgoing president should not be immune against legal procedures.
- The constitution should provide for the president to be removed from office through a 2/3-majority vote of no confidence by parliament. (3)

#### **5.3.23 WOMEN'S RIGHTS**

- The constitution should provide for women to have a right to own property. (2)
- The constitution should provide for single mothers to be protected from social injustices.
- The constitution should provide for women to have a right to inheritance and succession. (3)
- The constitution should not allow divorce.
- The constitution should provide that in case of teenage pregnancy, the boy and girl should be responsible for bringing up of that child.

#### **5.3.24 NATIONAL POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that Kenyans should have a say in market prices.
- The constitution should provide for Kenya's infant and domestic industries to be protected. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the whole sellers not to trade in retailing.
- The constitution should provide that we should have liberalized market for all products.
- The constitution should provide for the government to enhance rural industrialization.
- The constitution should provide for poverty reduction by all means.

#### **5.3.25 OTHER NATIONAL POLICIES**

- The constitution should provide for the citizens to have the right to be protected in times of genocide.
- The constitution should provide that the police should commit extrajudicial killing on the basis that they are robbers.
- The constitution should provide that the police should provide security to the aspiring candidates.
- The constitution should provide for all Kenyan youths to serve in the national service to learn aspects of public policing.
- The constitution should provide that corruption should be punishable.
- The constitution should provide that all people who have swindled should be jailed for 10 years.
- The constitution should criminalize corruption.
- The constitution should provide for the eradication of corruption.
- The constitution should provide that there should be an independent body to fight corruption.

#### **5.3.26 SECTORAL POLICY**

- The constitution should provide that infrastructure shall be uplifted
- The constitution should provide that marketing of agricultural products should be liberalized.

- The constitution should provide that public service medics should not own private clinics.
- The constitution should provide for the government to store the cereals to be supplied during the hunger period.
- The constitution should provide for the government to give soft loans and credit facilities to farmers. (3)
- The constitution should provide for the government to provide ready market for the farm products.
- The constitution should provide for the government to ascertain that farmers have access to banks.
- The constitution should provide for the government to subsidize the farm input. (3)
- The constitution should provide for farmers to control the price of their commodities. (3)
- The constitution should provide that there should be boards to market farm produce.
- The constitution should provide for all agricultural produce not to be taxed.
- The constitution should guarantee farmers compensation for loss of crop due to bad weather or disease
- The constitution should provide for the government to ascertain that the farm produce is given first priority.
- The constitution should provide for the government to have department to assist farmers in marketing their produce
- The constitution should provide that there should be specific laws to govern the farmers and their benefits should be given out immediately.
- The constitution should prohibit the importation of agricultural products.
- The constitution should provide for the law syllabus to be introduced in secondary schools.
- The constitution should provide for the establishment of special schools for the pregnancy related cases.
- The constitution should provide for the revision of the system of education.
- The constitution should provide for the chancellor of universities to be elected by an education board. (3)
- The constitution should provide that universities choose their own Chancellors
- The constitution should be taught in schools.
- The constitution should provide civic education to be taught in primary and secondary schools.
- The constitution should provide that a different body, which does not include teachers, should not be responsible for setting exams.
- The constitution should provide for corporal punishment to be reinstated.
- The constitution should provide that 50 % of teachers salaries shall be paid by the government
- The constitution should provide that technical subjects be reviewed and made compulsory.

- The constitution should provide for the government to reduce tax rates on Kenyans.
- The constitution should provide for the coalition governor to be solely responsible for the fiscal policies.
- The constitution should provide that the tax collected by the government should be returned to the people at least 40%.
- The constitution should provide that the Kenyan currency should not have the features of anyone but that of mount Kenya.
- The constitution should provide that the Kenyan currency should not have the portrait of a person or even a president.
- The constitution should provide not for the government doctors and nurses to open their own private clinics or hospitals. (2)
- The constitution should provide for the government to ensure that the public have unlimited access to information. (4)
- The constitution should provide that private schools are entitled to bursary awards
- The constitution should provide a return to the old education system
- The constitution should provide for the communities living around the national parks and reserves to get benefits from the tourism. (2)
- The constitution should provide that small plots should be allocated to small-scale traders.
- The constitution should revert to using Kenyatta's portrait on our money
- The constitution should provide that there should be funds for the youth to start up businesses.

### 5.3.27 STATUTORY LAW

- The constitution should provide for the abolition of smoking in Kenya.
- The constitution should provide for laws to be enacted to prohibit anyone to posses illegal weapons.
- The constitution should criminalize the possession of guns.
- The constitution should provide for police officers to be banned from taking liquor.
- The constitution should provide for the affiliation Act to be repealed/reinstated.
- The constitution should criminalize cattle rustling
- The constitution should provide that rape culprits should get a harsher punishment.
- The constitution should make traditional brew illegal

#### **5.3.28 GENDER EQUITY**

• The constitution should provide for women to have equal job opportunities as their male counter parts. (3)

#### **5.3.29 ECONOMIC/SOCIAL JUSTICE**

- The constitution should provide for the victims of clashes to be compensated by the government of Kenya.
- The constitution should provide that tribal clashes victims shall be resettled and compensated

#### **APPENDICES:**

#### Appendix 1: Members of the Constituency Constitutional Committee

- 1. Hon. Kihika Kimani
- 2. Kipsang Arap Lang'at
- 3. Cllr. Charles Rono
- 4. John Kipkorir Koech
- 5. Erastus Githuku Njugima
- 6. Prof. Joseph Macharia
- 7. Peter Muthondu Kuria
- 8. FaithWaruguru Githimga
- 9. Magdalene Wambui Ndegwa
- 10. Charity Wanjiru Mugo
- 11. Danson Miangari
- 12. James Lesingo
- 13. Daniel Kungu
- 14. Michael Kimani Nyagah

#### Appendix 2: Civic education providers (CEPs)

- 1. St. Mary youth group
- 2. Heritage childline care

# Appendix 3: Persons presenting memoranda and/or making oral submissions.

	Damaris Mwangi	СВО	Written	Foundation for Dialogue
·····		СВО	Written	
- · ·	¥	СВО	Written	Kapata Community
	M M	СВО	Written	Muguna Self Help group Molo Women Groups
	Faith Waruguru George Muiruri	СВО	<u> </u>	Kiambogo farmers Company
	M	СВО	Written Written	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Kenya Association of Retired
	0010	СВО	Written	Turi Community
		СВО	Written	Umoja Self Help Group
	John Kiprotich	СВО	Written	Ogiek People
	Joram Kariuki	СВО	Written	Elburgon Enviroment Action
	Joseph Wainaina	CBO	Written	Nyumba Self Help group
	Josephat K Kihura	СВО	Written	Kenya Nationa Small Scale
	Keneth Bii	СВО	Written	UDPK
	Martin Osok	СВО	Memorandum	Laikipia Peace Club
150048ONLRV		СВО	Written	Foundation for Dialogue
	Patrick Karengo	000		
1600280NLRV		СВО	Written	Wonder Selp Help group
1700200NLRV	Peter K Karanja	СВО	Written	Sachangan Location
	Raymond Omondi	СВО	Momorondum	Centre for Confict Resolutio
	Ligayi Ronald odhiambo	СВО	Memorandum	Centre for Conflict Resolutio
190043ONLRV	Ronald odniambo		Memorandum	Pyrethrum Growers
2000260NLRV	Samuel Kihiu	СВО	Written	Associatio
	Samuel Mugo	СВО	Written	Jua Kali Kihingo
2200310NLRV	÷	СВО	Written	catholic Women Association
2200010142114	Teresia Arwaiti		William	Lengatab Tinet Savings
2300440NLRV	William Kimeh Mau	СВО	Written	Coope
240015INLRV	Absolom W Waweru	Individual	Written	
	Alex Mwangi Maina	Individual	Oral - Public he	
	Alice Chelangat	Individual	Written	
270034INLRV	Anonymous	Individual	Written	
280075INLRV	B Githua Maragara	Individual	Written	
290123INLRV	Benson G Mwaniki	Individual	Oral - Public he	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Benson Kamau	Individual	Written	
	4 un mar -	Individual	Oral - Public he	
320129INLRV	······································	Individual	Oral - Public he	
330042INLRV		Individual	Oral - Public he	
340083INLRV	Daniel Laboso Tenet	Individual	Written	
350044INLRV	Daniel M Kungu	Individual	Written	
360105INLRV	Daniel Mukoko	Individual	Oral - Public he	
370023INLRV	Daniel Njoroge	Individual	Written	<b>+</b>
380062INLRV	Daudi Cheruiyot	Individual	Written	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
390116INLRV	David Kipsang Sigilai	Individual	Oral - Public he	
400089INLRV	····	Individual	Written	
410065INLRV	David Yegon	Individual	Written	
420117INLRV	Davidson Langat	Individual	Oral - Public he	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
430125INLRV	Dickson N Ngugi	Individual	Oral - Public he	
4401125INLRV	Dina Tallam	Individual	Oral - Public he	
			Written	
450009INLRV		Individual		
460030INLRV	Edward Mwangi kariuki		Written	
470037INLRV	Eliud K Ndegwa	Individual	Oral - Public he	
480003INLRV	Evans Njenga Nderi	Individual	Written	l

r - r	1		······································
		Individual	Oral - Public he
500056INLRV	1	Individual	Written
510091INLRV		Individual	Written
	· · · ·	Individual	Written
530106INLRV	4	Individual	Oral - Public he
540111INLRV	Fredrick K Mwaura	Individual	Oral - Public he
550101INLRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
560063INLRV		Individual	Written
	Geoffrey Gitonga	La alta dala a t	
570066INLRV	Wairim Geoffrey Maina	Individual	Written
580107INLRV	, ,	Individual	Oral - Public he
590035INLRV	George Ndungu	Individual	Oral - Public he
600052INLRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
610094INLRV	Grace Kimani	Individual	Oral - Public he
620014INLRV	Hassan Waweru	Individual	Written
630076INLRV	Hellen Wambui	Individual	Written
640090INLRV	Henry Githitho G	Individual	Written
650084INLRV	Henry K Langat	Individual	Written
660051INLRV	Ibrahim Kamau	Individual	Oral - Public he
670093INLRV	Ibrahim Kamau	Individual	Oral - Public he
680022INLRV	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Individual	Written
690120INLRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
700012INLRV	······································	Individual	Written
710100INLRV		Individual	Oral - Public he
720079INLRV	James Mar Birr	Individual	Written
	James Mugambi	<u></u>	
730113INLRV	-	Individual	Oral - Public he
740099INLRV	James Muriuki Njine	Individual	Oral - Public he
750078INLRV	Jeniffer Chepkirui	Individual	Written
760121INLRV	John Kariuki	Individual	Oral - Public he
770122INLRV	John Koech	Individual	Oral - Public he
780013INLRV	John Maina	Individual	Written
790043INLRV	John Mungai Njoroge	Individual	Written
800028INLRV		Individual	Written
810031INLRV		Individual	Written
820048INLRV	John Wachira Njoronge	Individual	Written
830061INLRV	Joram Mathenge	Individual	Written
840114INLRV	Joseph K Kinyanjui	Individual	Oral - Public he
850055INLRV		Individual	Written
	Joseph Kibii arap	Individual	Written
860074INLRV 870127INLRV		Individual Individual	Oral - Public he
870127INLRV 880131INLRV			Oral - Public he
890026INLRV	Joseph Marindany Joseph Mwangi	Individual Individual	Written
900033INLRV		Individual	Written
9100031NLRV	┥──── <sup></sup> ───── <sup></sup> ─────	Individual	Written
920069INLRV	Joseph Orato	Individual	Written
930118INLRV	Joseph Sang	Individual	Oral - Public he
940077INLRV	Josephat M Ngangah	Individual	Written
950080INLRV	Joshua Kitur	Individual	Written
960109INLRV	Kagima David	Individual	Oral - Public he
970054INLRV	Karuri Waithanji	Individual	Written
980040INLRV	Kennedy Kiago	Individual	Oral - Public he
			Oral - Public he
9900981NLRV	Ninutai Soi	Individual	

		1	har 110
		Individual	Written
	<u>-</u>	Individual	Written
1020019INLRV		Individual	Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
	<b>/ V</b>	Individual	Written
h		Individual	Oral - Public he
1090053INLRV	Mosop Maritim	Individual	Oral - Public he
	Mosop Maritim	Individual	Oral - Public he
1110057INLRV	Muturi Wanyoike	Individual	Written
1120008INLRV	Mwangi Jackson	Individual	Written
1130068INLRV	Nicholas Kelong	Individual	Written
1140058INLRV	Nickson Cheruiyot	Individual	Written
1150036INLRV	Njogu Mung'ai	Individual	Oral - Public he
1160103INLRV	Nyakundi Amota	Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Written
		Individual	Written
		Individual	Written
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Written
		Individual	Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
	<b>_</b>	Individual	Written
		Individual	Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Written
	Rev Solomon Mbugua		Written
	Robert Kamau Karanja		Written
			Written
			Oral - Public he
	···	Individual	Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	
	Simon Githinji Simon Njoroge kombai		Oral - Public he Oral - Public he
		Individual	Written
			Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		-	Written
	······································		Written
		Individual	Oral - Public he
		Individual	Written
			Written
		Individual	Written
1 1 1	Vincent Njoronge Evans	Individual	Written
			Written
			Written
h			
····		Individual	Oral - Public he
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Written
	Visionali M Neissanaali 🥬	lodividual	RA/withow
1520010INLRV	<b>/ ¥</b>	Individual Individual	Written Oral - Public he

1540050INLRV	Zachariah Njoroge	Individual	Oral - Public he	
		Individual	Written	
		NGO	Written	Elburgon HIV/AIDS Orphans/Ki
		NGO	Memorandum	United Disabled persons of K
		NGO	Written	Foundation for Dialogue
		Other Institutions	Written	Mau Summit Primary School
	ondiloo it initialigi			Mary Mount Secondary
16000010NLRV	Charles Mwai	Other Institutions	Written	School
1610002ONLRV	Charles Mwai	Other Institutions	Written	Machinda Secondary School
1620058ONLRV	Evans Chege	Other Institutions	Memorandum	Lare Division
		Other Institutions	Written	Nioro Location Leaders
1640008ONLRV	Jacob Kararu	Other Institutions	Written	Njenga Karume Secondary Scho
1650009ONLRV	Jacquiline Bosibori	Other Institutions	Written	Kambala girls Secondary Scho
16600100NLRV	Ombuna Machini Silas	Other Institutions	Written	Gusii university Students Or
1670034ONLRV	Philip Wanjohi	Other Institutions	Written	St Francis Private School
		Other Institutions	Written	Mauche Division
	Samuel Macharia			
			Written	St Francis Secondary School
		Politcal Party	Written	Democratic party
	Jacob Waweru	Dalitaal Dauta		Dama aratia Darta
1710004ONLRV	Macharia	Politcal Party	Memorandum	Democratic Party Saba Saba Asali - Molo
		Politcal Party	Memorandum	Branc
		Politcal Party	Written	Democratic Party
1740049ONLRV	John B Mureithi	Pressure Groups	Written	Kenya National Association o
				Education Centre for Women
	······································	Pressure Groups	Memorandum	
		Pressure Groups	Written	Elburgon Youths
			Memorandum	PCEA Molo Church
1780005ONLRV	Charles Mwai	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Catholic Justice and Peace C
		Religious Organisation		Christ Remnants Assembly tem
		Religious Organisation		St Joseph Catholic Church
1810040ONLRV	Franklin Njeru wariba	Religious Organisation	Written	SDA Church
		Religious Organisation		Catholic Justice & Peace Com
		Religious Organisation		PCEA Njoro Parish
		Religious Organisation	1	Mt. Zion SDA Church
		<u> </u>	Written	Molo SDA Church
		Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Justice Peace and Reconcilia
		Religious Organisation	Written	Crisco Church
	Rev George M Wepukhulu	Religious Organisation	Memorandum	Christian Pastors' Fellowshi
		Religious Organisation		PCEA Njoro
		Religious Organisation		Angilcan Church of Kenya
			Written	Larmudiac Catholic Parish
························				
1920013ONLRV	Saya Ndula Pascal	Religious Organisation	Written	New Testament Church

## Appendix 4: Persons Attending Constituency Hearings

1 2 3 4	James Mbugua	Address: (Molo) P.O.Box 273			Address: (Molo)
2 3 4		P.U.BOX 273	222	Patrick O. Nyandisi	P.O.Box 438
3.4.	Alice Chelang`at K.	P.O.Box 59 Tulwet	223	Michael Gachie	P.O.Box 130
4		P.O.Box 612	224	George Kamau	P.O.Box 89
	Jacob Oyerro	P.O.Box 105	225	Penninah Mnyaka	P.O.Box 463
		P.O.Box 309	226	Josphat D. Maina	P.O.Box 89
		P.O.Box 244	227	Mr. Gaithu	P.O.Box 38
		P.O.Box 361	228	Philip Kiget	P.O.Box 592
8	Charles T. Wachira	P.O.Box 416	229	David Tonui	P.O.Box 592
	Cllr. Nyakundi	P.O.Box 485	230	Lazarus Kariuki	P.O.Box 244
		P.O.Box 219	231	Stephen Mwangi	P.O.Box 293
		P.O.Box 148	232	Evan Ngugi	P.O.Box 766
		P.O.Box 148	233	Haron Kamau	P.O.Box 140
		P.O.Box 105	234	James Kimani	P.O.Box 340
		P.O.Box 105	235	Florence Waithaka	P.O.Box 130
	Rev. Samwel Ndirangu		236	Mr. Macharia	P.O.Box 38
		P.O.Box 82	237	Peter C. Wanguru	P.O.Box 747
		P.O.Box 223	238	Cllr. Mwangi Njuguna	P.O.Box 60
		P.O.Box 309	239	Michael Kariuki	P.O.Box 799
-		P.O.Box 207	240	Joseph Wainaina	P.O.Box 44 Elburgon
		P.O.Box 251	241	Anne Gathoni	P.O.Box 367
	v	P.O.Box 292	242	Rebecca Wambui	P.O.Box 155
		P.O.Box 88	243	Elizabeth Wairimu	
		P.O.Box 53	244	Sstephen N. Gatimu	P.O.Box 270
		P.O.Box 53	245	Moses K. Nganga	P.O.Box 145
		P.O.Box 445	246	Nathan Ongeri	P.O.Box 220
		P.O.Box 487	247	Paul Ndungu	P.O.Box 128
		P.O.Box 105	248	Martin Nkari	P.O.Box 365
		P.O.Box 15252 Nakuru	249	Dominic Gitau	P.O.Box 128
		P.O.Box 13476	250	Ann Wanja	
+	Ann Ngendo Waweru		251	David W. Kagera	P.O.Box 354
+		P.O.Box 82	252	Njue M. Sullivan	P.O.Box 274 Embu
		P.O.Box 837	253	John E. Angweye	P.O.Box 600
		P.O.Box 270		S. Chava Ndirangu	P.O.Box 670
		P.O.Box 98	255	Patrick Wainaina	P.O.Box 343
		P.O.Box 91	256	John M. Kinuthia	P.O.Box 112
		P.O.Box 138	257	Teresia Akwaru	P.O.Box 105
		P.O.Box 399	258	Joel Maina	P.O.Box 219
		P.O.Box 292	259	Nicholas Kuria	P.O.Box 247
		P.O.Box 752	260	Penina Munyaka	P.O.Box 463
		P.O.Box 138	261	Stephen Njihia	P.O.Box 148
		P.O.Box 293	262	Francis Macharia	P.O.Box 148
		P.O.Box 72	263	Jackson Anguza	P.O.Box 420
		P.O.Box 244	264	Peter K. Njuguna	P.O.Box 358
		P.O.Box 105	265	Loyce Wambui	P.O.Box 81 Elburgon
		P.O.Box 105	266	Cecilia Wamaitha	P.O.Box 29 Elburgon
		P.O.Box 105	267	James Ngugi	P.O.Box 304
		P.O.Box 99	268	Lempaa E. Sarhone	P.O.Box 304
		P.O.Box 416	269	Kiarie N. Mutotho	P.O.Box 304
		P.O.Box 842	270	Kennedy Kiago	P.O.Box 660
		P.O.Box 3025 Nakuru	271	Ombui Murumbwa	P.O.Box 273
	· · · · · ·	P.O.Box 437	272	Desmon Mapili	P.O.Box 38

52 .	Wouece Maigwa	P.O.Box 372	273	Pr. Charles Njenga	P.O.Box 309
53	Joseph Muraya	P.O.Box 692	274	James Macharia	P.O.Box 50
54	Samwel Kihahu	P.O.Box 67	275	Ezekiel K. Rono	P.O.Box 273
55	Simon Rogi	P.O.Box 65 Elburgon	276	Evanson Ngugi	P.O.Box 350
56	James Kimachu	P.O.Box 11 Elburgon	277	Ruth Warui	P.O.Box 403
57	Njoroge Muchekehu	P.O.Box 22	278	Dorcas Kanyoro	P.O.Box 403
58	Gilbert G. Waititu	P.O.Box 490	279	Jim Miano	P.O.Box 72
59	Peter Karuma	P.O.Box 190	280	James Njega	P.O.Box 247
60	Samwel Maina	P.O.Box 179	281	Anne Kiarie	P.O.Box 304
61	Fredrick Karerere	P.O.Box 608	282	Paul Kimani	P.O.Box 219
62	Samuel Kihiu	P.O.Box 535	283	Geoffrey Chege	P.O.Box 98
	Justus Mochache				
63	Monda	P.O.Box 68	284	Daniel M. Ndegwa	P.O.Box 23 Elburgon
	Patrick Njuguna				
64	Karengo	P.O.Box 276	285	Raphael Obula	P.O.Box 26 Hakat
65	David Kimani Mbuga	P.O.Box 29	286	Alice Kiget	P.O.Box 262
66	George M. Mwangi	P.O.Box 105	287	Hassan Omar Waweru	Kibuya
67	Saya Ndula Pascal	P.O.Box 314	288	Joram Njoroge Githinji	P.O.Box 372
68	Isaac Mbugua Njau	P.O.Box 257	289	Eliud Kiboi Ndegwa	P.O.Box 361
69	T, Joseph Ndegwa	P.O.Box 141	290	Francis Njuguna Kihara	P.O.Box 138
70	Peter K. Mukera	P.O.Box 98	291	Evans Njenga Nderi	P.O.Box 14 Elburgon
71	Desmar Ayuma	P.O.Box 219	292	Paul Jambah	P.O.Box 519
72	Stephen K. Njuguna	P.O.Box 50	293	Joseph Muigai	P.O.Box 471
73	Jacqueline Bosibori	P.O.Box 403	294	Ombuna Silas	P.O.Box 72
74	Caroline Nginda N.	P.O.Box 403	295	Vincent Njoroge	P.O.Box 198
75	Mwangi Jackson	P.O.Box 277	296	Benard Methu	P.O.Box 90
76	George M. Muiruri	P.O.Box 443	297	Njogu Mungai	P.O.Box 426
77	Nyantino Joseck	P.O.Box 403	298	Isaac Kumwei	
78	Joshua Kangere	P.O.Box 403	299	George Njenga	P.O.Box 470 Elburgon
79	Peterson K. Githinji	P.O.Box 911	300	G.G. Njuguna Ngengi	P.O.Box 84
80	Joseph Karanja	P.O.Box 70	301	Jacob Waweru Macharia	P.O.Box 4924 Nairobi
81	Ruth Wanjiru Muriuki	P.O.Box 629	302	Mwai C. K.	P.O.Box 105
82	B.M. Kabugi	P.O.Box 105	303	George N. Miingi	P.O.Box 43 Elburgon
83	Josphat K. Kihura	P.O.Box 140 Elburgon	304	Njuguna Zachary	P.O.Box 440 Elburgon
84	C.K. Mwangi	P.O.Box 205	305	Jacob Karamu	P.O.Box 257
85	John Mugo	P.O.Box 128	306	Mathew Gachiri	P.O.Box 105
86	Dr. Francis Kiranga	P.O.Box 377	307	Thomas momanyi	P.O.Box 127
87	Peter K Karanja	P.O.Box 309	308	David Onchwari	P.O.Box 127
88	Yuvinalism Nyangechi	P.O.Box 833	309	George Ndugu	P.O.Box 130
89	Peter K. Maritim	P.O.Box 6	310	Joseph Koskei	P.O.Box 170 Mau Narok
90	Veronica W. Kariuki	P.O.Box 413	311	Ayub Kariuki	
91	Joseph Maridanya		312	Joseph Koech	P.O.Box 20 Bornet
92	Onesmus Mwangi		313	Benjamin Lomongin	P.O.Box 701
93	Joseph Macharia		314	Steven Njuguna	P.O.Box 39 Naishi
94	Zack Kinyanjui	P.O.Box 43 M. Narok	315	Zack Kinyanjui	P.O.Box 43 M. Narok
95	Samuel Kaino		316	George Mwangi	P.O.Box 413
96	Henry Langat	P.O.Box 259	317	Charles Wainaina	P.O.Box 54 Naishi
97	Simeon Githinji Myraya		318	Charles Magera	P.O.Box 303
98	Tabitha N. Kiarie	P.O.Box 303	319	Davidson Langat	P.O.Box 701
99	Alex Kinyanjui	P.O.Box 48138 Nairobi	320	George N. Miingi	P.O.Box 43 Elburgon
100	Solomon Mulonzia	P.O.Box 48138 Nairobi	321	Stephen K. Njenga	P.O.Box 413
101	C.O. Gecheo	P.O.Box 446	322	John Kariuki	P.O.Box 413
102	David Muchai	P.O.Box 8	323	Mugudhu Ndungu	P.O.Box 512
102	Paul Mwangi	P.O.Box 413	323	Jeniffer Chepkirui	P.O.Box 755
103	Francis Mburu Ngugi		325	John Koech	P.O.Box 755
104	Francis Mouru Ngugi	l	p25		F.U.DUX / 33

105	Veronica W. Kariuki	P.O.Box 413	326	James Maritim Birir	8370258
h	Njenga Njoroge	P.O.Box 501	327	Hellen Wambui	P.O.Box 227
	Peter Njane	P.O.Box 413	328	David K. Wamathingira	P.O.Box 48
	Ngige Ngugi Dickson	P.O.Box 89	329	Benedict K. Chepkwony	P.O.Box 701
109	Bill Mureithi	P.O.Box 198	330	Jesse Mariga	P.O.Box 14988 Nakuru
	Peter Maritim	P.O.Box 86 Mau Narok	331	Josephat N. Muigai	P.O.Box 36 Naishi
	Daniel Laboso		332	Damaris Mwangi	P.O.Box 440 Elburgon
	Julius Maritim		333	Joram Mathenge	P.O.Box 277
	Benadette Kinuthia	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	334	Elijah Kirui	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru
114	Joseph Kiumu K.	P.O.Box 54	335	Simeon Busienei	P.O.Box 6 Egerton
115	Joshua Kitur	P.O.Box 86 Mau Narok	336	Stanley Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 134
	Benson G. Mwaniki	P.O.Box 50 Naishi	337	Joseph Githinji	P.O.Box 22582 Nairobi
	Steven Bett	P.O.Box 701	338	David Ndivangu	P.O.Box 277
-	Paul Ng`eno	P.O.Box 6 Egerton	339	David Yegoln	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru
119	Frank Sigei	P.O.Box 6 Egerton	340	Cllr. Richard Langat	1.0.Dox 1404 Makuru
	Simeon Kamau	P.O.Box 6 Egerton	341	Ann Mukami Nderitu	P.O.Box 504
121	Reuben Ramwasula		342	Ruth Wanjiru Muriuki	P.O.Box 629
122	John Waweru	P.O.Box 2326 Nakuru	343	Michael Njenga	I .O.DOX 023
122	James Gitau	P.O.Box 22	344	peter Ngigi	P.O.Box 501
		P.O.Box 176	345		P.O.Box 413
	Peter Ndonga	P.O.Box 57 Naishi	346	Mburu Mbugua Richard Langat	
	Joseph Thimba		+		P.O.Box 134
	David Chepkwony	P.O.Box 701	347	Francis Mwangi	P.O.Box 230
127	David Langat	P.O.Box 1404	348	James Muiruri	P.O.Box 320
128	Martin Waigwa	P.O.Box 277	349	Kibii Towett	P.O.Box 134
129	Jesee Kinja	P.O.Box 277	350	Ezekiel Omboti	P.O.Box 42 Naishi
130	Joseph Sang		351	Samwel Karanja	
131	Meshack Sigilai		352	James Mugambi	P.O.Box 50
132	Elijah Lelgo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	353	Gerald Mwangi M.	P.O.Box 50
133	Philip Koech		354	David Njoroge	P.O.Box 277
134	Elija Kirui		355	Stanley Migwi	P.O.Box 197
135	Mwai Itune	P.O.Box 413	356	John Mutai	P.O.Box 6 Egerton
136	B. Githua Maragara	P.O.Box 42 Mau Narok	357	Cheriot Bii	P.O.Box 6 Egerton
137	Pharis Kibaki	P.O.Box 413	358	David Paul	P.O.Box 6 Egerton
	Antony Kariuki	P.O.Box 436	359	James Kariuki	P.O.Box 1232 Nakuru
	Samwel K. Kagai	P.O.Box 105 Egerton	360	Sospeter Muigai	P.O.Box 1461 Nakuru
	Eric Koskei	P.O.Box 6 Egerton	361	Leso Wanjiru	
	David Sigilai	P.O.Box 134	362	Ken Osinjo Opanga	P.O.Box 68
	Muthuri Wanyoike	P.O.Box 80 Elburgon	363	Evans Chege	P.O.Box 4 Naishi
143	Mrs. Rachel Rop	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru	364	Fredrick K, Mwaura	P.O.Box 58
	Wachira Mwangi	P.O.Box 13 Egerton	365	Evanson Kabogo	P.O.Box 38 Naishi
145	Reuben Kochir	P.O.Box 134	366	James Kinyanjui	P.O.Box 413
146	Peter Wanjoike	P.O.Box 413	367	Michael Njuguna	P.O.Box 413
147	Peter Maina	P.O.Box 40 Naishi	368	Patrick Mbure	
148	Fredrick Kiiru	P.O.Box 5080 Nakuru	369	Richard Koros	P.O.Box 640 Nakuru
149	Joseph Rabonyi	P.O.Box 36	370	Dinah Talam	P.O.Box 170 Mau Narok
150	Carlos M. Njogu	P.O.Box 533	371	Joseph Kamau Kanya	
151	Miriam Waruguru	·	372	Harrison Muiruri	P.O.Box 765 Nakuru
152	William Wanyeti	P.O.Box 95 Milimani	373	James Kinyua	P.O.Box 3762 Nakuru
153	Michael Kabugi	P.O.Box 413	374	Francis Kirui	P.O.Box 134
154	Joseph Ndirangu	P.O.Box 176	375	John Ruto	P.O.Box 134
155	Muya Barnaba		376	George M. Wephukulu	P.O.Box 6 Mau Narok
156	Nahashon Mugo	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru	377	Joseph Mwangi Gakuo	P.O.Box 413
157	Francis Mwangi	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru	378	James M. Kamau	P.O.Box 238
157					

159	Simon Njoroge	P.O.Box 320	380	Daniel Mjoroge Macharia	P.O.Box 216 Molo
	Simon Njoroge				
	Nkombani	P.O.Box 557	381	Francis Mwangi	
161	Peter Karuri	P.O.Box 42 Mau Narok	382	Steven Kiarie	P.O.Box 112
162	Issac Ngugi	P.O.Box 444 Molo	383_	Elijah Karanja	P.O.Box 113
163	Stanley Kimani	P.O.Box 13 Egerton	384	James Gakuo	P.O.Box 201
164	Benson Giathi	P.O.Box 10 Naishi	385	Jervasio Waweru	P.O.Box 632
165	David K. Kaggimah	P.O.Box 176	386	Nicholas Mwangi	P.O.Box 544
166	Mburu Francis Ngugi	P.O.Box 111	387	Ann Nyambura	P.O.Box 670
167	Winston Mbugua	P.O.Box 519	388	Caroline Nyambura	P.O.Box 167
168	Geoffrey Kimani	P.O.Box 297	389	Geoffrey Gitonga	P.O.Box 613
169	Stephen Muiga	P.O.Box 320	390	George Mwaura	P.O.Box 613
170	Paul Kemboyi	P.O.Box 68	391	Chege Kimani	P.O.Box 613
171	Samuel Chege	P.O.Box 413	392	Teresia Wairimu	
172	William Soi	P.O.Box 3152 Nakuru	393	Rev. Solomon Mbugua	P.O.Box 49 Mau Narok
173	Nicholas Kelong	P.O.Box 134	394	Rev. Daniel Maina	P.O.Box 49 Mau Narok
174	C. Wairimu Ndegwa	P.O.Box 303	395	Rev. George Muolongo	P.O.Box 49 Mau Narok
175	Joyce Njeri	P.O.Box 3471 Nakuru	396	Laban Wainaina	P.O.Box 43 Mau Narok
	Jane Wangui	P.O.Box 13915 Nakuru	397	Daniel Mukoko	P.O.Box 413
	Joseph Orato	P.O.Box 413	398	Francis Muthee	P.O.Box 79
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru	399	Joseph Kiratu	P.O.Box 8
	James James Maathei		400	Kathenge Gerishon	P.O.Box 171
		P.O.Box 134	401	Mbugua John	P.O.Box 8
	John K.Kiprotich	P.O.Box 640 Nakuru	402	Moses Babu	P.O.Box 75
	•	P.O.Box 125	403	Dunson Kamau	P.O.Box 501
		P.O.Box 125	404	Joshua Njunge	P.O.Box 8
		P.O.Box 767	405	John Gitau	P.O.Box 125
		P.O.Box 413	406	David Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru
	Mbugua Gathaku	1.0.000 410	407	Joram Mathenge	P.O.Box 277
		P.O.Box 413	408	James Njenga Njuguna	P.O.Box 83
		P.O.Box 413	409	Samuel Macharia	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
		P.O.Box 181	410	Stephen Kamau	P.O.Box 554
	Father Joseph N.N		110		
	Kiongo	P.O.Box 413	411	Gabriel Muthiora	P.O.Box 36 Mau Narok
		P.O.Box 554		John Ngau	P.O.Box 507
-	George Mukuna	P.O.Box 125		PCEA JPRC (Njoro)	P.O.Box 297
	James Macharia	P.O.Box 504	414	Kimutai Soi	P.O.Box 3182 Nakuru
	Geoffrey Bor	P.O.Box 134	415	Ronald Odhiambo	P.O.Box 15988 Nakuru
		P.O.Box 44 Elburgon	416	William Kimeli Moru	P.O.Box 134
		P.O.Box 303	417	Muthui Murethi	P.O.Box 413
	Raymond Ligayi		-	James Muriuki Njine	P.O.Box 413
	Godfrey Ngethe	P.O.Box 477	419	Karuri Waithanji	P.O.Box 59
	Joseph Kibaiko	P.O.Box 504	420	Lucy Njeri	
	Nyakundi Amotha			Ruth Njoki	
	Ibrahim Ndura Waruingi	P.O.Box 444 Molo	422	Edward Mwangi	P.O.Box 767
	Weldon Kirui	P.O.Box 3182 Nakuru	423	Francis Ndungu Njau	P.O.Box 303
<u> </u>	Eliud G. Gachuki	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru	424	Samuel Mugo	P.O.Box 257
		P.O.Box 208	425	James Mugo Kanyiri	P.O.Box 197
·		P.O.Box 214 Gilgil	426	Samuel Ng`ang`a	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
		P.O.Box 197	427	Kioprotich Ngerechi	P.O.Box 1987 Nakuru
		P.O.Box 3412 Nakuru	428	John Stephen Karanja	P.O.Box 71 Egerton
	Simon Njoroge				
1 1		D O Day FEZ	429	Pastor Wariba Franklin	P.O.Box 70
	Nkoombani	P.O.Box 557	429		1.0.Dox / 0
208	Nkoombani Stephen K. Kiara	P.O.Box 557 P.O.Box 405 Egerton	430	Benard Kamogo Karuri	P.O.Box 71

.

.

211	Nixon Cheruiyot	P.O.Box 134	432	Nahasion Kihoro	P.O.Box 501
212	Livingstone Bor	P.O.Box 701	433	John Mugai Njoroge	P.O.Box 554
213	Zachari Njuguna	P.O.Box 440 Elburgon	434	Daniel Kungu	P.O.Box 413
214	Cllr. Joham Kariuki	P.O.Box 90 Elburgon	435	Philip Wanjohi	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
215	Martin Osok	P.O.Box 16389 Nakuru	436	Zacharia Njoroge	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
216	Kenneth Bii	P.O.Box 270	437	Ibrahim Kamau	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
217	Joseph K. Nthimba	P.O.Box 601	438	Robert Kamotho Karanja	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
218	Grace W. Njuguna	P.O.Box 55721 Nairobi	439	Grace Kimani	P.O.Box 2748 Nakuru
219	John B. Murithi	P.O.Box 413	440	Salome Njeri Kariuki	P.O.Box 40 Mutukanio
220	James K. Kones	P.O.Box 1404 Nakuru	441	Maritim Mosop	P.O.Box 134
221	Stephen Rotich	P.O.Box 2484 Nakuru	442	Moses Kamau	P.O.Box 320

۰.