

Sisal Board of Kenya

ANNUAL REPORT 1989
AND
ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS.
1988/89 FINANCIAL YEAR

BOARD MEMBERSHIP- 1989

CHAIRMAN

Joseph Kimtai Borter

MEMBERS

Joseph Wathua Kigwe
Hon. Mwacharo Kubo, M.P.
Fritz Kaestli
Anthony George Combos
Constantine G. Emmanuel
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Agriculture
Permanent Secretary,
Ministry of Finance
Director of Agriculture

MANAGING DIRECTOR
(Board Member and Secretary)

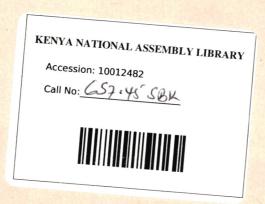
Eustace G. Karanja

REGISTERED HEAD OFFICE

Old Mutual Building, Kimathi Street, P.O. Box 41179, Nairobi.

INSPECTORATE

Sisal Board of Kenya Inspectorate Mozambique Road, P.O. Box 81764, Mombasa.



REVIEW OF THE SISAL INDUSTRY - JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1989

a) Sisal Fibre Production

Production of sisal fibre during 1989 fell slightly short of the projected figure of forty thousand (40,000) metric tons. A total of 37,720 metric tons of line fibre and tow was produced. There was therefore an increase in fibre production of 748 tons above the 1988 level. Output of small-holder sisal rose slowly during 1989 to a total of 2,634 tons. The figure for 1988 was 2,629 tons. The level of production was below the target of 5,000 tons of small-holder (U.H.D.S.) grade fibre expected for last year.

On a regional basis, production of all grades of sisal fibre and tow was as follows:-.

Province	Production in 1988 (Metric Tons)	Production in 1989 (Metric Tons)
Coast	13,460	15,197
Rift Valley	14,648	13,551
Central	3,375	2,696
Eastern	4,195	4,713
Nyanza	1,294	1,582
Total whole country	36,972	37,739

Although the rising fibre production trend is not as encouraging as originally projected by the Board, there is every indication that the country's production and export of sisal fibre will continue to rise, at least for the next three years. Production at the end of 1992 is expected to reach 48,000 metric tons.

b) Sisal Fibre Marketing

The "bull" sisal market of 1988 continued unabated throughout the whole of 1989. Current indications are that this upward trend in sisal prices will continue even into the 1990/91 season beginning next September.

With the world market sisal fibre prices continuing to rise and the end product market remaining steady, Kenya during 1989, held its position as the 2nd largest exporter of sisal fibre and tow, after Brazil. The country exported 32,223 metric tons of sisal fibre and tow in 1989. The fibre was shipped to thirty countries, with Egypt leading the list of ten largest importers of Kenya's sisal fibre. Other large importers were Japan, Spain, Belgium, United Kingdom, Ivory Coast, U.S.S.R., South Korea, and Portugal. There was marked decline in exports to U.S.S.R. and a dramatic rise in Kenya's sisal exports to Egypt.

Foreign exchange receipts from the sale of sisal fibre and tow was an amount equivalent to KSh. 318,460,343. This represented a substantial increase over 1988 when the country exported 30,701 metric tons of sisal fibre, fetching the equivalent of KSh.232,890,593 in foreign exchange.

The domestic sisal market expanded further inspite of the problems facing the Juja based sisal spinning factory. Sales of sisal fibre to the three local spinning factories totalled 7,930 metric tons. The value of this weight of sisal fibre was KSh.49,157,326. In 1988 a total of 6,017 tons of sisal fibre valued at KSh.45,539,555 was sold locally.

c) Sisal Board Operations

The Board's financial base has improved considerably since the writing of the last annual report. This welcome improvement followed the gazettment of a new source of revenue - the Inspection Service Charge - in September 1989. The Board expects to realize an average of K£75,000 annually from this additional revenue source.

The Baord was therefore able to undertake preliminary work with a view to implement the long suspended small-holder sisal rehabilitation and research projects. Recruitment of technical staff and procurement of the necessary support facilities has already started.

The small-holder sisal rehabilitation project will cover the establishment of sisal nurseries and sisal demonstration plots in Nyanza and Eastern provinces. In addition, the Board plans to promote the processing and marketing of small-holder produced sisal fibre. As regards research, two projects will initially be undertaken in conjunction with the Kenya Agricultural Research Institute (KARI). These are the re-establishment of a Gene Bank of Agaves and Clonal Selection of the Agave Sisalana and Hybrid 11 648; and Genetic Improvement of Hybrid 11 648.

The Board also finished the year under review with a much improved situation in relation to settling of outstanding debts to creditors. By the end of the current financial year, most arrears of debts will have been cleared.

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1989

CONTENTS	PAGES
BALANCE SHEET	1
INCOME & EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT	2
NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS	3 - 9.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL (CORPORATIONS) ON THE ACCOUNTS OF THE KENYA SISAL BOARD FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 1989

I have examined the Balance Sheet and the Income and Expenditure Account of the Kenya Sisal Board in accordance with the provisions of the Sisal Industry Act, (Cap. 341) as amended by the Exchequer and Audit Act, (Cap. 412). I have obtained all the information and explanations that I have required for the purpose of the audit. Proper books of account have been kept and the accounts are in agreement therewith.

Except for the reservations set out here below, in my opinion, the Balance Sheet and the Income and Expenditure Account, when read together with the notes thereon, give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Board as at 30 June 1989 and of its deficit for the year ended on that date.

1. DISCREPANCIES IN DEBTORS' BALANCES

Discrepancies as detailed herebelow were noted between the individual ledgers and their respective control accounts:-

	Individual Ledger Balances K£	Control Account Balances K£	Difference K£
Cess and Rebalin	ng		
Debtors	21.299	18,481	2,818
Rent Debtors	3,464	2,828	636

No satisfactory explanation was given by the Board for the difference and in the absence of such explanation. I was unable to confirm the correctness or otherwise of the amounts of K£ 18.481 and K£ 2,828 appearing in the accounts as Cess Rebaling and Rent Debtors respectively.

2. SUSPENSE ACCOUNT

The Board's Trial Balance as at 30 June 1989 showed a debit balance difference of K£ 173. Accordingly, the Balance Sheet as at 30 June 1989 did not balance and it had only to be balanced through this suspense. Under the circumstances, I am unable to satisfy myself that the Trial Balance difference of K£ 173 is not a net result of a major error and, therefore, cannot confirm the effect, if any, that the difference may have on the accuracy of the Board's Accounts for the year 1988/89.

A.J. OKOTH AUDITOR-GENERAL (CORPORATIONS) 19th April, 1990

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30TH JUNE, 1989

	NOTES	1988/89	1987/88
		K£	K£
FIXED ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	(1 & 2)	529,822	173,036
Stock	(1)	773	826
Debtors	(8)	25,965	26,456,
Bank & Cash	(7)	1,732	262
Total Current Assets		28,470	27,544
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	(9)	_71,963	71,973
NET CURRENT ASSETS		(43,493)	(44,429)
Suspense A/C		173	(44,429)
NET TOTAL ASSETS		486,502	128,607
Financed by:		() 约克克克斯	
CAPITAL RESERVE	(2)	377,176	
GENERAL FUND	(3)	109,326	128,139
SUSPENSE ACCOUNT		_	468
TOTALS		486,502	128,607

.G. K	ARANJA		14	
MANA	GING D	IRECT	OR	

J.K. BORTER CHAIRMAN

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1989

INCOME	NOTES	1988/89 K£	1987/88 K£
Cess on Production Sundry Credit Rent Receivable	(1 & 4)	55.397 12.192 78.242 145.831	57.177 7.233 78.242 142.652
EXPENDITURE			1
Administration & General Expenses	(5)	104,984	108,818
Personal Emoluments	(5)	59,660 164,644	<u>57.319</u> <u>166.137</u>
TRANSFEREND TO GENERAL FUND	(3)	(18,813)	(23.485)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1989

NOTE NO. I ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) The Board prepares its Accounts on the historical basis of Accounting.

(b) **DEPRECIATION**

Depreciation is calculated to write off the assets on the reducing Balance method at the following rates:-

Godowns	3%
Godown Equipment	10%
Inspectorate Plant and	
Equipment	10%
Motor Vehicles	25%
Office Furniture and	
Fittings	10%

(c) CESS INCOME

Cess income is calculated on sisal production at the rate of KSh. 30/- per tonne of sisal fibre produced.

(d) Stocks are shown at cost.

	NOTE NO. 2		FIXED A	SSETS SCH	EDULE	
	Godowns*	Godown Furniture & Fittings		Head Office Furniture, Fittings & Equipment	A.S.K. Stand	TOTAL
COST	K£	K£	K£	K£	K£	K£
At 30/6/88	229,937	18,232	30,835	14,947	7,345	301,296
Additions	292,284	_	_	152	1-1	292,436
At 30/6/89	522,221	18,232	30,835	15,099	7,345	593,732
DEPRECIATION						
At 30/6/88	89,124	14,800	16,508	6,144	1,664	128,240
Write Offs	84,892	_	- 7	-	_	84,892
Charge for		100				
the year	15,667	343	3,582	896	74	20,562
At 30/6/89	19,899	15,143	20,090	7,040	1,738	63,910
NET BOOK VALUE						
At 30/6/88	140,797	3,432	14,327	8,803	5,681	173,040
At 30/6/89	502,322	3,089	10,745	8,059	5,607	529,822

^{*} The Board of Directors, in their 177th Meeting, revalued all the Godowns in proportion to the value given by professional valuers (M/S Tysons & Habenga) on Godown No. I in 1986 so as to have them at more realistic values. Professional valuers could not be engaged for the exercise as the costs are prohibitive.

NOTE NO. 3	GENERAL FUND		
	1988/89 K£	1987/88 K£	
As at 30th June Transfer from Income & Expendit Prior year adjustments	128,139 (18,813)	143,454 (23,485) 8,170	
	109,326	128,139	
NOTE NO. 4 CESS O	NPRODUCTION 1988/89 K£	1987/88 K£	
38118 tonnes at Shs. 30/- per ton 36931 tonnes at Shs. 30/- per ton	55,397	57,177	
per ton	55,397	57,177	

NOTE NO. 5 ADMINISTRATION AND GENERAL EXPENSES

	1988/89	1987/88
	K£	K£
Electricity	640	275
Water & Security	1,674	1,890
Office Rent	_	7,456
Office & House Rent	15,256	_
Exhibitions & Fairs	790	711
Newspapers & Publications	595	377
Entertainment Allowance	.660	963
Accommodation & Travelling	8,123	6,763
Bank Charges	544	125
Conference Expenses	3,796	4,424
Repairs - A.S.K. stands	1,634	2,631
Office Equipment Maintenance	759	3,494
Repairs - Office Premises	28	270
Medical Expenses	1,923	2,225
Insurances	7,241	7,225
Salaries & Wages (Personal Emoluments)	56,660	57,319
Members fees (Allowances)	323	1,858
Printing, Stationery & Uniforms	3,795	4,757
Postage, Telephones	5,708	6,396
Rates	4,902	3,909
Subscriptions	417	352
Sundry Expenses	1,596	1,652
Motor Vehicles Running Expenses	6,405	5,703
Chairman's Honorarium (Personal Emoluments)	3,000	3,750
Advertising	1,357	2,449
Legal Expenses	479	254
Gratuity Retirement Benefits	1,049	7,018
R.B.S. Board's Contribution	2,879	3,240

	1988/89	1987/88
	K£	K£
	College & Transport	
Audit Fees	500	2,500
Donations	1,900	2,504
Loan Interest	2,376	4,584
Land Rent	807	737
Baling Machine Oil	188	451
Baling Materials	3,091	2.568
Transport	19	695
Repairs & Maintenance - Godown Premises	530	1,445
Godown Equipment Maintenance	442	782
Staff Welfare	347	534
N.S.S.F. Board's Contribution	1,116	1,287
Mileage Allowance	533	_
Depreciation		
Motor Vehicles	3,582	4,776
Godowns	15,667	4,355
Equipment, Furniture & Fittings	213	236
Tools & Equipment	24	27
Baling Press	106	118
Stand Premium	74	74
Heao Office Furniture & Fittings	896	978
	164,644	166,137

			K£
	Rebaling Receivable		1,374
	Rates Reimbursed		10,713
	Miscellaneous		105
			12,192
NOTE NO. 7	BANK & CASH BALANCES		
	Bank Balance - Nairobi		1,630
	Petty Cash Balance - Nairobi		96
	Petty Cash Balance - Mombasa		6
			1,732
NOTE NO. 8	DERTORS		
NOTE NO. 8	Cess & Rebaling Debtors		18,481
	Rent Debtors		2,828
	Prepayments		2,532
	Staff Debtors		2,124
			25,965
NOTE NO 0	CREDITORS		
NOTE NO. 9	CREDITORS Creditors Control A/C		52,051
	Bank Loan		6,907
	Payroll Creditors		0,707
	P.A.Y.E.	2.145	
	N.S.S.F.	3,145	
	N.H.I.F.	81	
	Service Charge	364	
	Ukulima Co-operative	3,332	
	Union	33	
	R.B.S.	5,243	
	Harambee Co-operative	40	13,005
			71,963

